

AD-A066 400

DEFENSE DOCUMENTATION CENTER ALEXANDRIA VA  
FIBER OPTICS.(U)  
MAR 79

F/G 17/2

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC/BIB-78/08

NL

1 OF 2  
ADA  
066400



UNCLASSIFIED

38  
B.S.

14  
DDC/BIB-78/08

LEVEL

AD-A066 400

6  
FIBER OPTICS.

9 Report  
A DDC BIBLIOGRAPHY

Aug 62 - Aug 78.

DDC-TOS  
Cameron Station  
Alexandria, Va. 22314

12 186p.

11  
MARCH 1979

Approved for public release;  
distribution unlimited.

DDC

MAR 21 1979

A

DDC FILE COPY

DEFENSE DOCUMENTATION CENTER  
DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY  
Cameron Station  
Alexandria, Va. 22314

UNCLASSIFIED

107 200  
LB



Unclassified

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE		READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER DDC - TOS	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO. AD-	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
4. TITLE (and Subtitle)  FIBER OPTICS AD - 344 257		5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED Bibliography Aug 1962 - Aug 1978
		6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(s)		8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s)
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS Defense Documentation Center Cameron Station Alexandria, Virginia 22314		10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS  65801S
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS		12. REPORT DATE March 1979
		13. NUMBER OF PAGES 184 pages
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS (if different from Controlling Office)		15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)  Unclassified
		15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)  Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.		
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)		
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES		
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) * Bibliographies Lasers * Optical Communications Cathode Ray Tubes * Fiber Optics Transmission Lines Infrared Optical Materials * Fiber Optics Television Equipment		
20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) This bibliography contains unclassified and unlimited citations dealing specifically with Fiber Optics. Four computer generated indexes are provided.		

DD FORM 1473  
1 JAN 73

EDITION OF 1 NOV 65 IS OBSOLETE

Unclassified

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

Unclassified

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Data Entered)

19. Key Words

Facsimile Equipment  
Indexes  
Optical Waveguides  
Recording Systems  
Television Display Systems  
Photography  
Optical Communications

Unclassified

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Data Entered)

## FOREWORD

This bibliography contains 242 selective unclassified and unlimited citations on *Fiber Optics*.

These citations are studies and analyses emphasizing the use of Fiber Optics in infrared optical materials, television equipment, facsimile equipment, optical communications, recording techniques, optical images, and waveguides.

Citations are arranged in numerical descending sequence. Computer generated indexes of Corporate Author/Monitoring Agency, Subject, Title and Personal Author are provided.

BY ORDER OF THE DIRECTOR, DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY

OFFICIAL

*Hubert E. Sauter*

HUBERT E. SAUTER  
Administrator  
Defense Documentation Center

ACCESSION for	
DTIC	White Section <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DDC	Buff Section <input type="checkbox"/>
UNANNOUNCED	<input type="checkbox"/>
JUSTIFICATION	
BY	
DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY CODES	
Dist.	AVAIL. and/or SPECIAL
A	



## C O N T E N T S

FOREWORD ..... iii

AD BIBLIOGRAPHIC REFERENCES ..... 1

### INDEXES

CORPORATE AUTHOR/MONITORING AGENCY ..... 0-1

SUBJECT ..... D-1

TITLE ..... T-1

PERSONAL AUTHOR ..... P-1



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-8025 099 20/6 19/5 1/3  
NAVAL WEAPONS CENTER CHINA LAKE CALIF

ALOFT Flight Test Report.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Summary rept. Jan-Oct 76.

OCT 77 113P Ross, James D.; Johnson, L.

M.;

REPT. NO. NWC-TP-5954

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Fire control computers, \*Attack aircraft, Flight testing, Operational test and evaluation, Signal processing, Weapon delivery, Navigational aids, Bundles, Installation, Electromagnetic interference, Maintainability, Reliability(Electronics)

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: A-7 aircraft, ALOFT(Airborne Light Optical Fiber Technology), NWDS(Navigation and Weapon Delivery System), Airborne light optical fiber technology, Navigation and weapon delivery system, LPN-A360-360G/003-C/4W4-1X1-001

(U)

This report documents the results of a test and evaluation program to verify the operational utilization of fiber optic technology in an operational attack aircraft. The program involved configuring an A-7 aircraft with an airborne light optical fiber technology (ALOFT) system consisting of special signal conditioning hardware and fiber optic bundles. In the ALOFT system configuration, fiber optic bundles replaced conventional copper wires as a means of transmitting signals between the A-7 aircraft tactical computer and various components of the Navigation and Weapons Delivery System (NWDS). The flight test and evaluation of the ALOFT system at the Naval Weapons Center (NWC), China Lake, CA, was the first demonstration of the feasibility of using fiber optic technology in a full system application in an operational environment. Qualitative analysis of the test program results indicated that the performance of the ALOFT-configured A-7 aircraft was comparable to that of a fleet-configured A-7 aircraft in both navigation and weapons delivery modes.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-8000 108 20/6 17/2  
ARMY ELECTRONICS COMMAND FORT MONMOUTH N J

Application of Fiber Optic Technology to Army Aircraft Systems.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept.;

NOV 74 61P Parent, Richard D.;

REPT. NO. ECOM-4271

PROJ: DA-1-F-264201-DC-97

TASK: 1-F-264201-DC-9714

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*Fiber optics, \*Avionics), (\*Optical communications, Fiber optics), Airborne, Army aircraft, Aircraft equipment, Fiber optics transmission lines, Light, Interfaces, Costs, Survival(General), Maintainability

(U)

This report examines the use of fiber optic technology in Army aircraft systems. Descriptions of the various components (such as sources, detectors, and fiber optic cable) are followed by paragraphs dealing with system applications, survivability, cost, and maintainability. The study utilizes the data base in fiber optic technology established by other Electronics Command Laboratories, Navy and Air Force Laboratories, and Industry. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A059 241 17/1 17/8  
TRN DEFENSE AND SPACE SYSTEMS GROUP REDONDO BEACH  
CALIF

Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic  
Detection of Low Frequency Sound.

(u)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 28 Feb 77-31 Jun 78 on  
Phase 2.

JUL 78 35P Cole, James M.; Johnson,  
Robert L.; Bhuta, Pravin G.;  
REPT. NO. AT-ATD-TR-78-3  
CONTRACT: M00014-76-C-0490

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Acoustic detection, \*Sonar arrays,  
\*Fiber optics, \*Photodetection, \*Optical  
interferometers, \*Acoustooptics, Laser beams,  
Argon lasers, Acoustic waves, Superlow frequency,  
Ultralow frequency, Feasibility studies,  
Underwater sound, Self noise  
IDENTIFIERS: Differential interferometers,  
MUNRO89117

(u)

(u)

A scale-up of the single sensor interferometer  
previously employed was completed. The expected  
improvement in acoustic sensitivity was not obtained.  
Experiments were performed to demonstrate that  
system noise would not allow attainment of the  
theoretical sensitivity threshold. Alternate  
differential interferometer configurations  
demonstrated reduced system noise and acoustic  
detection from 100 Hz to 1 kHz was achieved.  
(Author)

(u)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

2

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A059 016 14/2 20/6  
BOEING AEROSPACE CO SEATTLE WA NAVY SYSTEMS AND ADVANCED  
PROJECTS DIV

Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic  
Digital Status Monitoring Devices.

(u)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final engineering rept. Jan 77-Mar

78, MAR 78 137P Miller, Glen E.; Lindsey,  
Thomas A.;  
REPT. NO. D296-10048-1  
CONTRACT: N00019-77-C-0039  
PROJ: F54582  
TASK: WF54582603

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Monitors, \*Digital  
systems, \*Instrumentation, Liquid level gages,  
Pressure gages, Strain gages, Temperature  
measuring instruments, Transducers, Flow rate,  
Displacement, Fuel gages, Radiation hardening  
IDENTIFIERS: Displacement gages, Event counters,  
PE62762N

(u)

(u)

This report covers the development and testing of  
feasibility models of a family of inherently digital  
fiber optic status-monitoring sensors which sense  
liquid level, linear displacement, fluid flow rate,  
strain, pressure and temperature as well as count  
physical events. In all cases, the sensors are  
electrically passive. All excitation is in the form  
of optical power supplied via fiber optics. All  
response signals are in the form of optical power  
transmitted via fiber optics. All response signals  
are inherently digital, i.e. they do not employ  
analog/digital conversion. Design considerations,  
performance data and recommendations for further  
investigation are included. Optical fibers, because  
of their very small geometry, offer a whole new  
approach to the precise sensing of small changes in  
various physical parameters. Sensors employing  
fiber optics enjoy the many inherent advantages of  
fiber optics, which include interference immunity,  
resistance to environmental conditions, small  
physical size and light weight. Digital fiber optic  
sensors are a natural adjunct to digital data systems  
for the above reasons and because no analog/digital  
conversion is required. (Author)

(u)

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A058 954 20/6 9/1 1/3  
NAVAL OCEAN SYSTEMS CENTER SAN DIEGO CA

Manufacturing Technology for Fiber Optic  
Bundle Cabling.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept. Dec 75-Feb 78,  
JUL 78 58P Holma,G. M. ;Greenwell,R.

A. :  
REPT. NO. NOSC/TR-274

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Electric cables,  
\*Aircraft equipment, Bundles, Manufacturing,  
Specifications, Ruggedized equipment, Industrial  
production, Cost analysis, Military aircraft,  
Glass fibers

(U)

A manufacturing process was developed for the  
cabling of bundle optical fibers for use on aircraft.  
The process produces ruggedized optical fiber in  
large quantities, achieves production cost reduction,  
and meets the environmental requirements for military  
aircraft. Specifications for the process are given.  
(Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A058 694 20/6 17/1  
JOHN CARROLL UNIV CLEVELAND OHIO DEPT OF PHYSICS

Acoustically Induced Phase and Intensity  
Modulation in Optical Fibers.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.,  
AUG 78 45P Carome,E. F. ;Satyshur,M.

P. :  
REPT. NO. PH-78-2  
CONTRACT: N00014-75-C-0247

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Acoustic signals,  
Acoustooptics, Phase modulation, Intensity,  
Sonar equipment, Data transmission systems,  
Electromagnetic fields, Fiber optics transmission  
lines

IDENTIFIERS: WUNR384309  
(U)  
(U)

Studies have been made on the use of long length,  
low-loss optical fiber coils as direct acoustic  
sensors. The theory of optical mode propagation in  
step index fibers is briefly presented. Phase  
modulation theory is considered and then applied to a  
fiber that propagates only the first four optical  
modes. The results of this theory are then  
compared to experimental data obtained using such a  
fiber. When a fiber coil is exposed to a  
sinusoidal pressure variation in water two phase  
modulation processes are easily detected. The  
first is due to interference between directly  
transmitted and back and forth reflected beams. The  
second arises because of interference between two  
propagating modes in the fiber. Data obtained on  
these two processes are discussed in detail.  
Experimental data is also presented on intensity  
modulation effects detected in several different  
multimode step index fibers. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A058 359 17/2.1 20/6 13/10.1  
NAVAL RESEARCH LAB WASHINGTON D CFeasibility of a Fiber-Optic Communications  
Link between a Submarine and a Towed Buoy.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim rept..

JAN 78 24P Althouse, Edwin L. ;

REPT. NO. NRL-8182

PROJ: F21222, D000458

TASK: XF21222092, D000458

MONITOR: SBIE AD-E000 189

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Radio links, \*Communication buoys,  
\*Towed bodies, \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
Underwater communications, High frequency, Very  
high frequency, Ultrahigh frequency, Submarines,  
Intermediate frequencies, Voice communications,  
Light emitting diodes, Pin diodes, Glass fibers,  
Thermal stability

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: DES221N, PE64363N,

WUR0196201, AUR0109207

(U)

The possibility of replacing the conventional  
conductive transmission line between a submarine and  
a towed communications buoy with a fiber-optic  
transmission line is explored. The general  
attributes of fiber-optic systems are put into proper  
perspective for this application. Specific emphasis  
is placed on the transfer to the submarine of the  
signals received at the buoy in the HF, VHF, and  
UHF bands. A system has been proposed that will  
permit wideband transfer of HF signals at RF and  
narrowband transfer of VHF/UHF signals at IFs  
of 70 MHz and below. The necessity of  
transferring VHF/UHF signals at a reduced  
frequency results from amplifier gain-stability  
considerations in the buoy electronics. The major  
advantages of an optical information-transfer system  
are wide-bandwidth transfer at HF, simultaneous  
transfer of HF voice, NAVSAT, SATCOM, and UHF  
voice, a wideband nonresonant transmission line, less  
frequency jitter in the coherent-frequency  
conversions at VHF/UHF, the potential for support  
of additional buoy functions, and the removal of the  
presently required frequency synthesizer in the buoy.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

4

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A058 236 20/6 17/2  
HARRIS CORP MELBOURNE FLA ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS DIVAN/TTC-38 Fiber-Opt.c Verification  
Study.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Nov 76-30 Jun 77,

AUG 77 111P Bruce, J. W. ; Cotten, W.

W. ; Patissaul, C. R. ; Wyatt, J. C. ;

CONTRACT: DAAB07-77-C-1777

MONITOR: ECOM 77-1777-F

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Telephone equipment,  
Frequency division multiplexing, Data processing  
terminals, Automation, Validation, Data links,  
Duplexers, Schematic diagrams

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: AN/TTC-38

(U)

This document is a result of a 12 month  
verification study to determine the system  
performance of a 12 channel frequency division  
multiplex (FDM) fiber optic communication system  
proposed as a replacement for the CX-4566, 26 pair  
metallic cable in the AN/TTC-38 automatic  
telephone central office system. In arriving at  
this specific approach, substantial performance and  
hardware trade-off analyses were performed for  
alternative multiplexing and modulation schemes,  
involving Time Division Multiplexing (TDM),  
Frequency Division Multiplexing (FDM),  
Space Division Multiplexing (SDM), and a  
hybrid combination of FDM and SDM.

(U)



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
AD-A057 956 9/3  
CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING RESEARCH LAB (ARMY) CHAMPAIGN  
ILL

Potential Uses of Fiber Optics in Army  
Fixed Facilities. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Special rept.,  
JUL 78 46P McCormack, R. G. ;  
REPT. NO. CERL-SR-M-241  
PROJ: 4A762719AT40  
TASK: A1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines, \*Data  
transmission systems, \*Data links, Military  
facilities, Monitors, Control systems,  
Multiplexing, Electromagnetic pulses, Radiation  
hardening, Survival(General), Cost analysis  
IDENTIFIERS: PE62719A, AST40, WU002 (U)

This report describes the results of a study  
performed to identify potential uses of fiber-optic  
data transmission links in Army fixed facilities.  
The uses identified are related to monitoring and  
controlling electrical-mechanical functions of the  
facility, primarily in Nuclear Electromagnetic  
Pulse (EMP) hardened facilities, but also  
nonhardened facilities. As an example, a comparison  
is made between fiber-optic and conventional wired  
data links in an automated monitoring and control  
system for energy control. Examples are given  
illustrating general cost comparisons between the  
fiber optic and conventionally wired systems.  
Conclusions are that fiber-optic data transmission  
links may be practical for use in Army fixed  
facilities where such links are advantageous to  
circumvent particular threats or in large complex  
systems where data rates are high. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
AD-A057 878 9/3  
HONEYWELL INC MINNEAPOLIS MINN SYSTEMS AND RESEARCH  
CENTER

The Impact of Wideband Multiplex Concepts  
on Microprocessor-Based Avionic System  
Architectures. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Jun 76-Dec 77,  
FEB 78 294P Jensen, E. Douglas ; Marshall,  
George D. ; Helmbrecht, Wallace F. ; White, James  
A. ;  
REPT. NO. 77SRC90  
CONTRACT: F33615-76-C-1285  
PROJ: 2003  
TASK: 07  
MONITOR: AFAL TR-78-4

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Couplers, \*Fiber optics transmission  
lines, \*Avionics, Data processing equipment, Jet  
fighters, Space shuttles, Bus conductors, Data  
transmission systems, Multiplexing, Fault tolerant  
computing, Computer architecture, Control systems  
IDENTIFIERS: WUAFAL20030717, PE62204F (U)

This report explores the implications of fiber  
optic interconnections and intelligent (i.e.,  
microprocessor-based) communication interface units  
on the architecture of distributed processing systems  
for future avionics applications. The study  
consisted of eight technical tasks: Task 1:  
Survey the F-15, F-16, F-18, B-1, Space  
Shuttle Orbiter, and AMST Data Multiplex  
Subsystems; Task 2: Identify Bus  
Bandwidth-Related Tradeoffs in DAIS, DP/  
M, GPMS, and HXDP Architectures; Task 3:  
List Typical Avionic Multiplex Subsystem  
Requirements; Task 4: Define Requirements  
Benchmark Scenario; Task 5: Design  
Candidate Avionic Multiplex Subsystem  
Architectures; Task 6: Evaluate Candidate  
Avionic Multiplex Subsystem Architectures;  
Task 7: Compare Selected Multiplex  
Subsystem with DAIS, DP/M, GPMS, and  
HXDP; and Task 8: Project Impact of  
Higher Interconnection Bandwidth and  
Intelligent Communication Interfaces on  
Future Avionic System Designs. (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A057 778 20/6  
 ROME AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER HANSCOM AFB MASS DEPUTY FOR  
 ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY

Fiber Optic Guides of Noncircular Cross  
 Section, (U)

JAN 78 3P Eyges, Leonard ;  
 REPT. NO. RADC/ETR-78-0063  
 PROJ: 2306  
 TASK: J2

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Applied Optics, v17 n11  
 p1673-1674, 1 Jun 78.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical waveguides,  
 Mathematical analysis, Propagation, Computations,  
 Perturbations, Reprints (U)  
 IDENTIFIERS: PE61102F, WURADC2306J203 (U)

Reprint: Fiber Optic Guides of Noncircular  
 Cross Section.

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A055 432 17/5 20/6 9/2  
 PARKE MATHEMATICAL LABS INC CARLISLE MASS

Topics in Optical Materials and Device  
 Research. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. Sep 76-Sep 77,  
 MAR 78 139p Bandes, Dean ;Barrett,  
 Theodore B. ;Brule, John J. ;Ryan, Charles E.  
 ;Yukon, Stanford P. ;  
 CONTRACT: F19628-77-C-0037  
 PROJ: 2306  
 TASK: J3  
 MONITOR: RADC TR-78-61

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Continuation of Contract F19628-  
 74-C-0031. See also Rept. no. RADC-TR-76-344,  
 AD-A037 738.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Infrared optical materials, \*Fiber  
 optics transmission lines, Lasers, Infrared lasers,  
 Radiation absorption, Absorption coefficients,  
 Charge coupled devices, Data reduction, Computer  
 applications, Fourier spectroscopy, Fourier  
 spectrometers, Research management, Reports  
 IDENTIFIERS: CDC 6600 computers, PE61102F, (U)  
 WURADC2306J302 (U)

This final report consists of 4 diverse parts: a  
 summary with references of theoretical modeling of  
 multiphonon infrared absorption and modeling of some  
 signal transmission properties of optical fibers; a  
 synopsis of 2 reports which describe and summarize  
 the IR Laser Window Project and IR Imaging  
 Project at RADC/ES; a synopsis of charge  
 coupled devices and related technologies and its  
 significance to some Air Force systems; and a  
 description of CDC6600 software for reduction of  
 Fourier spectrometer measurements from a Digilab,  
 Inc. FTS14. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

6

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A053 657 17/2 9/5 20/6  
LASER DIODE LABS INC METUCHEN N J

Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber Optic  
Communications.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 4, 1 Jul-30 Sep

77, DEC 77 29P Gennaro, Albert ;  
CONTRACT: DAAB07-76-C-8135

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Light emitting diodes, \*Fiber optics,  
Optical communications, Heterojunctions, Aluminum  
gallium arsenide, Fabrication, Wafers, Liquid  
phases, Epitaxial growth, Life tests  
IDENTIFIERS: LPN-DA-2769778

(U)  
(U)

The design and fabrication of high speed etched-  
well light emitting diodes for fiber optic  
communications is discussed with regard to materials  
synthesis via LPE, wafer fabrication, and device  
assembly in a manufacturing environment.  
(Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A052 949 20/6 20/1  
CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIV PITTSBURGH PA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL  
ENGINEERING

Thin-Film Acoustooptic Devices with  
Applications to Integrated/Fiber Optic  
Signal Processing and Communications.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim rept. no. 1, 1 Jan-31 Dec  
77, FEB 78 12P Tsai, Chen S. ;

CONTRACT: AFOSR-77-3187  
PROJ: 2305

TASK: C1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-78-0626

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Acoustooptics, \*Deflectors, \*Fiber  
optics, \*Optical scanning, \*Signal processing,  
Lithium compounds, N. obates, Transducers,  
Surface waves, Acoustic waves, Apertures  
IDENTIFIERS: Integrated optics, Acoustooptic  
devices, Bragg diffraction, Helium neon lasers,  
Saw devices, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2305C1

(U)

(U)

Research emphasis for the first program year was  
placed on the utilization of the wideband guided-wave  
(thin-film) acoustooptic deflector for spectrum  
analysis and very high scanning-rate light beam  
deflection/switching using analog mode of operation.  
For this purpose a very wideband deflector in a  
Y-cut LiNbO3 Ti-diffused waveguide was  
designed and fabricated. This deflector employs a  
three-element tilted-array transducer with the center  
frequencies of 275, 432 and 648 MHz, and has a  
measured deflector bandwidth of 500 MHz. This  
bandwidth represents the largest that has been  
achieved thus far. A frequency resolution of 1.0  
MHz was measured in a spectrum analysis experiment  
using a He-Ne (6328 Å) laser light beam of 4  
mm aperture. In the light beam scanning experiment,  
a scanning rate of 125 x 10 to the 6th power spots/  
sec for 50 spots has been achieved. This scanning  
rate is 170 times larger than that obtainable in the  
digital mode of operation. Some preliminary  
experimental study on optimized anisotropic Bragg  
diffraction involving optical modes of orthogonal  
polarizations was also carried out.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

7

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A052 653 20/6 17/2  
NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CALIFSurvey of Current Technology Related to  
Fiber Optics.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Master's thesis,  
SEP 77 103P Leiceaga, Pedro Mackinlay ;

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical communications,  
Fiber optics transmission lines, Photodetectors,  
Multiplexing, Connectors, Error analysis, Data  
links, Economic analysis, Cost effectiveness,  
Theses

(U)

The historical facts that brought today's scientists to use optical communication systems, and the possible advantages or disadvantages of using fiber optic transmission medium were investigated. The requirements and characteristics of the optical links and the problems related to their implementation were studied. Today's applications as well as the future ones are discussed. An economic analysis and an effectiveness analysis was carried out to establish future trends.

(U)

(Author)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A052 312 20/6 11/1 19/1  
HARRY DIAMOND LABS ADELPHI MD

Fiber Optic Safeguards Sealing System.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.,  
JAN 78 23P Ulrich, R. R. ;  
REPT. NO. HDL-TR-1847  
CONTRACT: RA-178, AC6AA709

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Seals (Stoppers),  
\*Antidisturbance devices, Reticles  
IDENTIFIERS: \*Safing systems, Tamper-resistant  
seals, LPN-HDL-462643

(U)

(U)

The Harry Diamond Laboratories continued development work on a tamper-resistant/tamper-indicating safing system for the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency. The safing system consists of a fiber optic seal and related equipment that assembles, photographs, and identifies the seals in the field. The seals are intended for field use in international safeguards and arms control applications. The report describes improvements in the fiber optic seal assemblies and in the inspection equipment. The inspection equipment includes a means for seal identification by reticle pattern projection that does not require any photographs to be taken of the seal's fingerprints. Also included are (1) the results of the preliminary environmental tests on the sealing system, and (2) detailed operating procedures for the new fiber optic seal assembly and inspection kits. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

8

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A052 291 9/1 20/2  
MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGELiquid Phase Epitaxy of GaAsSb on InP  
Substrates.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Oct-31 Dec 76.  
JUL 77 37P Fonstad, Clifton G. ;  
CONTRACT: N00019-76-C-0653

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Semiconductor devices, \*Gallium  
arsenides, \*Gallium antimonides, \*Epitaxial growth,  
\*Liquid phases, \*Light emitting diodes, \*Fiber optics,  
Optical communications, Ternary compounds,  
Quaternary compounds, Indium phosphides,  
Substrates, Aluminum gallium arsenide,  
Heterojunctions

(U)

The Ga-As-Sb system is shown to exhibit  
immiscibility-like behavior, i. e., certain solid  
compositions do not exist, for growth from ternary  
melts in spite of the fact that the pseudobinary  
system is fully miscible. The ternary melt  
miscibility gap narrows with increasing growth  
temperature and disappears above a certain  
temperature but even then the solid composition  
remains a very sensitive function of the growth  
temperature.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A052 290 20/6 20/5 13/8  
WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF ELECTRICAL  
ENGINEERINGOptical Properties of Single Mode  
Rectangular Fibers.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun 76-31 Dec 78.  
FEB 78 73P Kohan, Carlos A. ; Mitchell,  
Gordon L. ; Yee, Sinclair S. ;  
REPT. NO. UW-EE-TR-207  
CONTRACT: N00123-76-C-1451

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Integrated systems,  
Rectangular bodies, Coupling (interaction),  
Cladding, Cones, Fracture (Mechanics), Laser  
beams, Near field, Injection lasers,  
Efficiency  
IDENTIFIERS: Rectangular fibers, Numerical  
apertures, Single Mode fibers, Modes

(U)

(U)

The optical properties of single-mode rectangular  
fibers have been studied with the aim of improving  
past DH laser/fiber coupling efficiency results.  
By local heating and careful fracturing, short,  
rectangular-to-round 'transition' fibers can later be  
obtained for efficient overall laser/round fiber  
coupling. The power loss due to rounding is known  
to be as low as 1 dB. A method of general  
applicability has been developed to measure core  
dimensions and numerical aperture of fibers.  
Coupling efficiency measurements were performed by  
a more reliable procedure for differentiating  
cladding from core output power than what has been  
generally used. Laser/rectangular fiber  
efficiencies of 30% with a maximum of 50% have  
been obtained. If laser fluorescent power is  
accounted for to compare with other publications, the  
above figures become 46% and 71% respectively.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A051 792 9/1 20/5 20/6  
LASER DIODE LABS INC METUCHEN N J

Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 3, 1 Jan-31 Mar 77.

JUL 77 31P Adair, Rob ;  
CONTRACT: DAAB07-76-C-0040

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Injection diodes. \*Injection lasers, \*Fiber optics, Aluminum gallium arsenide, Electrooptics, Heterojunctions, Fabrication, Manufacturing, Chips(Electronics), Wafers, Epitaxial growth, Life tests, Test methods, Reliability(Electronics), Quality control  
IDENTIFIERS: Design, LPN-DA-2769778 (U)

The design and fabrication of injection laser diodes for use in fiber optic communications is discussed with regard to material synthesis, chip configuration, and device assembly in manufacturing environment. The opto-electronic source is based on the GaAs-GaAlAs double heterojunction structure and consists of a parallel array of lasers formed by the applications of triple stripe geometry to the surface of the epitaxial wafer. The monolithic triad of discrete lasing elements is mounted in a high frequency package which incorporates a high quality optical window. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A051 791 9/1 20/6  
LASER DIODE LABS INC METUCHEN N J

Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 3, 1 Apr-30 Jun 77.

NOV 77 41P Gennaro, Albert ;  
CONTRACT: DAAB07-76-C-8135

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Report on Manufacturing Methods and Technology Engineering.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Light emitting diodes, \*Fiber optics, Aluminum gallium arsenide, Heterojunctions, Fabrication, Wafers, Epitaxial growth, Liquid phases, Fabrication, Manufacturing, Reliability(Electronics), Quality control, Photolithography  
IDENTIFIERS: LPN-DA-2769778 (U)

The design and fabrication of high speed etched-well light emitting diodes for fiber optic communications is discussed with regard to materials synthesis via LPE, wafer fabrication, and device assembly in a manufacturing environment. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A050 748 20/6 20/6  
ADVISORY GROUP FOR AEROSPACE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT  
NEUILLY-SUR-SEINE (FRANCE)

Optical Fibres, Integrated Optics and Their  
Military Applications. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Conference proceedings,  
OCT 77 565P Hodara,M. ;  
REPT. NO. AGARD-CP-219

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Presented at the Electromagnetic  
Wave Propagation Panel/Avionics Panel Joint  
Symposium held in London on 16-20 May 77.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Semiconductor lasers,  
\*Military applications, Fiber optics transmission  
lines, Electromagnetic compatibility, Optical  
equipment components, Couplers, Integrated systems,  
Multimode, Low loss, Refractive index, Profiles,  
Multiplexing, Data links, Optical  
communications (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: NATO furnished, \*Integrated  
optics (U)

Rapid developments in laser semiconductors and low-  
loss optical fibres have revealed many new  
applications. The obvious advantages of a high  
degree of communication security, freedom from  
electronic interference, large length-bandwidth  
product, and system miniaturization possibilities  
have led to new concepts and applications in military  
systems. This conference provided a forum to review  
and discuss the latest developments in fibre and  
integrated optics, with emphasis on military  
applications. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A049 859 20/6 9/3 14/1  
ROCKWELL INTERNATIONAL LOS ANGELES CALIF LOS ANGELES  
AIRCRAFT DIV

Fiber Optics Cost Analysis Program  
(FOCAP). (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 30 Jun 76-30 Jun 77,  
SEP 77 255P Zelon,C. C. ; Cassidy,J.  
E. ; Shipley,R. G. ;  
REPT. NO. NA-77-729  
CONTRACT: F33615-76-C-1260  
PROJ: 2003  
TASK: 07  
MONITOR: AFAL TR-77-190

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Avionics, \*Cost  
analysis, Research management, Data links, Data  
transmission systems, Internal, Aircraft equipment,  
Life cycle costs, Multiplexing, Bomber aircraft,  
Comparison, Wire, Computer applications, Trade  
off analyses, Cost benefits, Weight reduction,  
Radiation hardening, Electromagnetic susceptibility,  
Signal to noise ratio (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: B-1 aircraft, Design, PE62204F,  
WUAFAL20030716 (U)

The significance of this research is that it  
establishes methods for comparing the life cycle cost  
of fiber optics and wire data transfer systems on  
large military aircraft, and uses those methods to  
perform cost analyses on the data transfer  
subsystems. Using the B-1 as an example, the  
applicability of fiber optics to the B-1 avionics/  
electrical systems was identified. Conceptual  
fiber optics data transfer systems were designed.  
The present wire and the conceptual fiber optics  
designs formed a basis for computerized life cycle  
cost comparisons. Sensitivity analyses and cost  
trade-offs were performed to determine cost drivers  
in the application of fiber optics. Results show  
significance cost benefits can be gained by the  
implementation of fiber optics in data transfer  
subsystems having data rates in excess of 2 to 3  
megabits per second. (U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A049 558 20/6 13/8  
HUGHES RESEARCH LABS MALIBU CALIFDiffusion Process for Formation of Single-  
Mode Waveguide.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 18 May-18 Dec 77,  
JAN 78 34P Chen, Bor-Uei;  
CONTRACT: N00173-77-C-0138

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Integrated systems,  
\*Optical materials, Modes, Manufacturing,  
Diffusion, Carbon dioxide lasers, Titanium,  
Lithium, Niobates, Coupling(interaction),  
Annealing, Substrates, Controlled atmospheres,  
Monoxides, Channels, Efficiency

IDENTIFIERS: Integrated optics, Optical channels,  
Waveguide horns, Horns(Optical), Single mode  
fibers, Laser diffused impurities, Channel  
waveguides, Lithium monoxide

(U)

(U)

The objective of this program is two-fold:  
(a) study of channel waveguide formation in  
LiNbO3 and LiTaO3 by Ti metal diffusion  
including Li2O out-diffusion suppression and  
lateral diffusion suppression; (b) development  
of three-dimensional channel waveguide horns designed  
to provide higher end-fire coupling efficiency to  
large-core single-mode fibers. As a result of 1976  
IR and D effort, we have developed a technique to  
eliminate Li2O out-diffusion waveguide by  
annealing the crystal in LiNbO3 powder. Under  
this program, a series of experiments were carried  
out to study the temperature and time dependence of  
this powder treatment. Three significant results  
were obtained. First, it is confirmed that up to  
1% molecular weight of Li2O can be brought into  
the substrate surface layer through the powder  
treatment. Second, the compensation process  
(Li2O in-diffusion) may occur at temperatures  
750 C or lower. Third, 80% of the compensation  
process can be obtained in one-half hour when the  
annealing temperature is 900 C. The fast reaction  
rate implies that the powder treatment may not be  
dominated by the diffusion process. Solid-solid  
surface reaction may play an important role in this  
process.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A049 268 17/2 20/6  
NAVAL OCEAN SYSTEMS CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIFEvaluation of Multipoint Fiber-Optic Bundle  
Couplers.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Test and evaluation rept. 1 Jul 76-30  
Sep 77,  
OCT 77 24P Altman, D. E.; Meador, T.  
A. ;  
REPT. NO. NOSC/TR-171  
PRDJ: F54583

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Couplers, Data transmission systems,  
Electrooptics

IDENTIFIERS: \*Fiber-optic couplers, Data bus,  
WUA03A360G003B, PE62762N, WUF227

(U)

(U)

Development and evaluation of fiber-optic coupling  
devices are discussed. (Author)

(U)



UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A049 168 20/6  
CATHOLIC UNIV OF AMERICA WASHINGTON D C VITREOUS STATE  
LAB

Development of a Low Loss Optical Fiber  
with a Parabolic Profile.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rpt. 1 Sep 76-30 Apr 77,  
NOV 77 67P Mohr, R. K. ; Macedo, P. B.  
; Litovitz, T. A. ;  
CONTRACT: N00019-76-C-0674, N00019-76-C-0083

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Continuation of contract N00019-75-  
C-0074.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Fiber optics, Radiation attenuation, Low loss,  
Refractive index, Profiles, Parabolas,  
Gradients, Diffusion, Doping, Cesium compounds,  
Nitrates, Light scattering, Dispensing, Bending,  
Rayleigh scattering

(U)

The objective of this contract was to develop the  
technique of Molecular Stuffing to produce low-  
loss parabolic index optical fibers. The concluding  
work under these contracts consisted of the  
following: Put into operation experimental  
profiling procedures to test the theory developed;  
institute a program for the measurement and  
characterization of measured index profiles in  
preforms and fibers in order to determine the  
modifications needed in the part above; measure  
physical properties of cesium nitrate solutions for a  
precise control of unstuffing bath concentration and  
its variation in time; and measurement of  
attenuation, dispersion, bending and scattering  
losses in our fibers. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A048 201 20/6 9/1 15/4  
AIR FORCE AVIONICS LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

A Star Scene Simulator for Test and  
Evaluation of Imaging Systems Used in  
Point- Source Detection.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim application rept. Jan 73 Apr  
75.  
AUG 77 39P Manly, Peter L. ; Wiensch,  
Ronald E. ;  
REPT. NO. AFAL-tr-77-151  
PROJ: 7660  
TASK: 03

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Space surveillance systems, \*Fiber  
optics, Simulators, Starlight, Guided missile  
detection, Brightness, Space weapons, Spacecraft,  
Photometry, Range(Distance), Display systems,  
Image intensifiers(Electronics)  
IDENTIFIERS: WUAFAL76600318 PE62204F

(U)  
(U)

In order to expedite test and evaluation of  
television and other photoelectronic sensors for  
space surveillance applications in the detection of  
faint spacecraft or distant missiles, a star scene  
simulator was developed which allows the convenient  
simulation of point sources over a brightness range  
of 17 stellar magnitudes (Factor of 6,000,000).  
This report discusses the basis for the simulator,  
its performance, and provides illustrations of its  
use. Except for slightly higher-than-expected level  
of scattered light, improvements in which are  
discussed, the DPOS simulator gives an excellent  
analog of stellar fields.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A047 853 6/18 14/2 15/3  
ARMY ELECTRONICS COMMAND FORT MONMOUTH N JFiber-Optics Dosimeter for Civil  
Defense.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Research and development technical  
rept..NOV 77 11P Kronenberg, Stanley ;  
Siebentritt, Carl ;  
REPT. NO. ECOM-4545

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Dosimeters, \*Fiber optics, \*Civil  
defense, Fallout shelters, Gamma rays, Dosage,  
Nuclear bombs, Nuclear warfare, Power supplies,  
Radiation damage, Prototypes, Calibration,  
Performance(Engineering), Civilian personnel

(U)

The Defense Civil Preparedness Agency (DCPA) has a requirement for a shelter dosimeter, a standby instrument for monitoring gamma ray doses in the event of an atomic war or a nuclear disaster. Its most important requirement is dependability without reliance on external components such as power sources. Radiation-induced darkening of optical fiber has been utilized to construct such a dosimeter in which the dose dependent darkening of glass fibers is read visually by means of a dose-calibrated gray scale. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A047 773 20/6 9/3 17/2  
AIR FORCE INST OF TECH WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO SCHOOL OF  
ENGINEERINGDesign and Evaluation of Couplers for a  
Multimode Single Fiber Optical Data  
Bus.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Master's thesis,  
OCT 77 85P Ogan, Michael C. ;  
REPT. NO. AFIT/GEOPH/77-2

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Couplers, \*Data  
transmission systems, Multimode, Theses, Avionics,  
Insertion loss, Transmission loss,  
Mixers(Electronics), Rods, Air Force  
research

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: Single strand optical fibers,  
Directional couplers, Star couplers

(U)

The fiber optic couplers designed and evaluated in this thesis are intended primarily for use in aircraft avionics systems, and consist of single strand, multimode fibers with step index profiles. Types of couplers considered are the directional, tee, and star couplers, with emphasis on the latter. Several designs are fabricated and tested, including three kinds of star couplers. The first employed a mixing rod of transparent cement and yielded an average transmission factor of 0.009 (-20.5 dB), with an average insertion loss of -12.83 dB. The second was formed with a solid quartz mixing rod, producing an average transmission factor of 0.003 (-25.2 dB) and an average insertion loss of -18.01 dB. The third star coupler's mixing rod was made by fusing the individual fibers, resulting in an average transmission factor of 0.01 (-20.0 dB) and an average insertion loss of -12.35 dB. After theoretical and experimental comparison between performance efficiencies, the third coupler is recommended as an optimum design for a fiber optic data bus system. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

14

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A047 315 20/6  
HUGHES RESEARCH LABS MALIBU CALIF

Components for Single Strand Multimode  
Fiber Systems.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Scientific rept. no. 1, 3 Jan-3 Jul  
77, AUG 77 41P Barnoski, M.; Chen, B. ;

Friedrich, H. R. ; Jensen, S. ; Marom, E. ;  
CONTRACT: F19628-77-C-0103

PROJ: 2306  
TASK: J2

MONITOR: RADC TR-77-284

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Couplers, \*Multimode,  
Strands, Time domain, Reflectometers, Geometric  
forms, Taper, Light pulses, Deflection, Iodine  
compounds, Methane, Air, Resolution,  
Backscattering, Carbon dioxide lasers  
IDENTIFIERS: Diiodomethane, WURADC2306J221,  
PE61102F

(U)

(U)

The development of a technique for the  
determination of the geometrical characteristics of a  
taper pulled in a fiber is described in this report.  
This technique uses the deflection of a light beam  
due to the taper. The insertion loss of a taper has  
been experimentally investigated as a function of the  
modal index of the fiber both with the taper immersed  
in air and a high index fluid (diiodomethane).  
The results of these experiments show that the  
higher order modes are more easily out-coupled by the  
taper than the lower order modes.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A047 224 20/6 9/5  
SPERRY RESEARCH CENTER SUDBURY MASS

Multiplexing and Filtering of Optical  
Signals.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 29 Apr 76-29 Apr 77,  
JUN 77 99P Nelson, Arthur R. ;

REPT. NO. SCRC-CR-77-40  
CONTRACT: DAAB07-76-C-1343  
MONITOR: ECOM 1343-F

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Multiplexing, \*Optical filters,  
\*Fiber optics, \*Switching circuits, Electrooptics,  
Data links, Semiconductor lasers, Infrared lasers,  
Data rate, Digital systems, Lithium tantalates  
IDENTIFIERS: \*Optical multiplexing,  
Demultiplexing, Gallium aluminum arsenide,  
Lithium niobates

(U)

(U)

The objective of this contract is to develop an  
optical multiplexing device to combine onto one  
channel the information carried on several separate  
fiber optic channels and, subsequently, to perform  
the demultiplexing operation after transmission over  
distances of the order of a km. The main research  
effort is the development of the optical  
multiplexing/demultiplexing device. This device  
must be compatible with multimode fibers of  
relatively large numerical aperture, exhibit total  
throughput losses less than 15 dB, total signal to  
crosstalk ratio of more than 20 dB, and a bandwidth  
capability of 1.3 MHz. This report covers the  
work performed during a one year effort beginning  
May, 1976. During the past year a complete  
multiplexed optical data link that meets nearly all  
of the criteria outlined above has been constructed  
and tested. The main effort centered on the  
development of the actual electro-optic multiplexing  
device itself, a thin crystal of LiTaO3 that  
controls the flow of light with the application of  
appropriate voltages. Several designs were  
constructed and tested before the final design was  
chosen. The final multiplexer design exhibited  
less than 15 db throughput loss, and operates at high  
frequency with up to .25 numerical aperture fibers.  
The inherent signal to crosstalk ratio is about 15  
dB, 5 dB less than the requested performance.

(U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A047 055 9/1 20/6  
ITT CANNON ELECTRIC SANTA ANA CALIFConnectors for Optical Fiber TDM  
Cables.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Semi-annual report no. 1, 7 May 76-30

JUN 77, 77 78P  
CONTRACT: DAAB07-76-C-1357  
PROJ: 15762705AH94  
TASK: W2  
MONITOR: ECOM 76-1357-1

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Microfiche copies only.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Connectors, \*Fiber optics, \*Optical  
equipment components, Attenuation, Alignment, Low  
loss, Optical communications, Fabrication,  
Strength(Mechanics), Seals(Stoppers)

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: Ferrules, PEG2705A

(U)

This report describes the development of a single  
fiber alignment system for use in a six-channel  
hermaphroditic fiber optic connector. The connector  
will be used to interconnect a strengthened six-  
channel fiber optic cable. Included in this report  
are the test results, conclusions and recommendations  
of all ferrule and alignment designs which have been  
investigated to date.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A046 843 17/8 14/3  
INTERSTATE ELECTRONICS CORP ANAHEIM CALIF OCEANICS  
DIVFeasibility Study of a Fiber Optics  
Plotter. Volume I. Technical Aspects.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final development rept. on Phase II,

OCT 67 82P  
REPT. NO. IEC-OCEANICS-440-900-Vol-1  
CONTRACT: N00024-67-C-1232  
PROJ: F1010319  
TASK: SF101031908

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Microfiche copies only.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Includes envelopes with charts.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Plotters, \*Recording  
systems, Bathythermographs, Analog to digital  
converters, Breadboard models, Logic circuits,  
Photographic film, Photographic processing  
equipment, Simulation, Full scale systems,  
Feasibility studies, Cost analysis, Systems  
analysis, Apertures, Recording paper,  
Reliability

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: Most project-3

(U)

This study has established feasibility of a  
proposed fiber optics plotter system which produces  
bathythermographs on standard film aperture cards in  
both analog and digital form. Performance has been  
verified with a breadboard model. Outstanding  
features of the design are its all digital nature and  
the use of a new dry process film. Operational,  
reliability, production and cost aspects are  
considered based on a preliminary system design.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

16

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A046 370 1/3 20/6 9/2  
 AIR FORCE FLIGHT DYNAMICS LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB  
 OHIO

Simulated Lightning Test on the Navy  
 Airborne Light Optical Fiber Technology  
 (ALOFT) A-7 Aircraft.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1-31 Aug 76,  
 JUN 77 99P DiJak, Jerome T. ;  
 REPT. NO. AFFDL-TR-77-54

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Attack aircraft, \*Fiber optics,  
 \*Lightning, Vulnerability analysis, Damage  
 control, Avionics, Navigation computers, Fire  
 control computers, Coaxial cables, Data links,  
 Electromagnetic shielding, Transients,  
 Electromagnetic pulse simulators, Threat evaluation,  
 Survival(General)  
 IDENTIFIERS: \*A-7 aircraft, ALOFT(Airborne Light  
 Optical Fiber Technology), Airborne light  
 optical fiber technology (U)

A simulated lightning test was conducted on the Navy A-7 Airborne Light Optical Fiber Technology (ALOFT) aircraft for the purpose of determining the advantage gained in the substitution of fiber optics data links within the Navigation and Weapons Delivery System over conventional wiring in reducing lightning-induced transients experienced by the Navigation and Weapons Delivery Computer (NWDC). A 1.6 x 50 microsecond double-exponential pulse of 2000 amperes peak current was used for the lightning simulation. Transients on three data circuits, one power supply circuit, and two electrooptical circuits were monitored in seven system configurations. The substitution of fiber optics for the signal wiring reduced the induced transients in the data circuits by 85 to 90 per cent over those observed with the hard-wiring in place. Direct electromagnetic coupling of transient energy into the NWDC was found to be only 9 to 16 per cent as great as the combined effects of coupling due to the signal and power wiring. The relative magnitudes of the signal-wiring and power-wiring induced transients were found to vary among the three data circuits. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

17

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A046 284 20/6 9/1 20/12  
 WASHINGTON UNIV ST LOUIS MO LAB FOR APPLIED ELECTRONIC  
 SCIENCES

Coupling of Single-Mode Optical Fibers to  
 GaAs Waveguides.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Feb 76-31 Dec 77,  
 JUN 77 171P Chang, William S. C. ;  
 Sopori, Bhushan L. ; Monsees, Thomas L. ;  
 CONTRACT: F19628-76-C-0032, ARPA Order-3020  
 MONITOR: RADC TR-77-200

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical waveguides,  
 \*Waveguide couplers, \*Gallium arsenides, Modes,  
 Near infrared radiation, Taper,  
 Coupling(Interaction), Sputtering, Silicon  
 dioxide, Glass, Sodium, Planar structures,  
 Masking, Transitions  
 IDENTIFIERS: Single mode fibers (U)  
 (U)

The object of this research contract is to find an efficient method to couple a single-mode optical fiber to a GaAs waveguide at near infrared wavelengths. The general approach chosen is to first fabricate a transitional waveguide. The fiber and the transitional waveguide are then coupled together by the tapered velocity coupling method. Technologies were developed and excellent results have been obtained in using the r.f. sputtering process with a cleaved GaAs mask to step-etch the GaAsP waveguides. This process followed by the r.f. deposition of SiO2 buffer layer and by deposition of either BaO2 glass or AZ1350 waveguiding layer on top of the SiO2 layer has led to very high coupling efficiency (80%) between the primary waveguide and the transition waveguide. Research on the deposition of sodium glass was undertaken to obtain the transition from uniform planar waveguide to channel waveguide. These results demonstrated that highly efficient fiber to thin film waveguide coupling can probably be realized by this method. Additional research is needed in order to demonstrate a complete coupling system. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A046 171 20/6 17/1  
NAVAL OCEAN SYSTEMS CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIFFiber Optic Sonobuoy Cable Development  
FY76. Electro-Optical Components for Data  
Transfer between Deep Submerged Acoustic  
Sensors and Surface Buoys.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Research and development rept..  
AUG 77 21P Eastley, R. A. ;  
REPT. NO. NOSC/TR-148  
PROJ: F11121  
TASK: WF11121710

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Sonobuoys, \*Cables,  
Electrooptics, Underwater acoustics, Acoustic  
detectors, Underwater, Ocean surface, Hydrostatic  
pressure, Attenuation, Data transmission systems  
IDENTIFIERS: WUF241600, PE62711N(U)  
(U)

This document provides a summary of fiber optic sonobuoy development through FY76. Optical fibers were incorporated into developmental sonobuoy cables with attenuations as low as 4.8 dB/km at 0.85 micrometers and 1.8 dB/km at 1.05 micrometers. A 0.5-dB/km attenuation increase was observed at a hydrostatic pressure of 48 MPa (7 kpsi). Less than 1-dB/km attenuation increase was observed for tension and bending stresses. Discussions of cable development: optical, mechanical, and environmental cable tests: fiber and link studies; and measurement techniques are presented. It is recommended that observed deficiencies be reduced to operationally acceptable levels through continued fiber optic sonobuoy cable development. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A045 704 26/6 17/8  
OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH LONDON (ENGLAND)Optical Fibers, Integrated Optics and Their  
Military Applications, London, England, 16-20  
May 1977.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Conference rept..  
AUG 77 14P Smiley, Vern M. ;  
REPT. NO. ONRL-C-12-77

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical communications,  
\*Optics, \*Optical detectors, Symposia,  
Contracts, Electromagnetic wave propagation,  
Military operations, Couplers  
IDENTIFIERS: Integrated optics, Military  
applications(U)  
(U)

A review is given of some of the papers presented at a Conference which was held in London. Emphasis is placed on past, present, and future devices for military applications. The review is organized in the same manner as the Conference format under the subtitles: systems, integrated optics, propagation, sources and detectors, and couplers.

(U)



UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A044 599 9/2  
ILLINOIS UNIV AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN DEPT OF COMPUTER  
SCIENCE

Optobundle - A Unique Fiber Optic  
Multiplier. (U)

JUN 77 32P Pitt, Daniel A.; Poppelbaum,  
Wolfgang J.; Aydes, Christ J. ;  
REPT. NO. UIUCDCS-R-77-882  
CONTRACT: N00014-75-C-0982

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics. \*Multiplication,  
Numbers, Bundles, Processing, Electromagnetic  
interference, Immunity, Signal processing,  
Probability, Input, Lines(Geometry), Codi

(U)

This paper describes the design and construction of  
failsoft single digit decimal multiplier that  
exhibits almost total immunity to electromagnetic  
interference. Bundles of glass fiber light guides  
not only carry the numerical information but actually  
perform the multiplication as well. Nearly trivial  
hardware requirements make the device both reliable  
and inexpensive. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

19

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A043 637 20/6 17/2  
OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH LONDON (ENGLAND)

Colloquium on Optical Fiber Cable,  
Institution of Electrical Engineers  
(U.K.). (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Conference rept.,  
JUL 77 8P Mart, D. A. ;  
REPT. NO. ONRL-C-8-77

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Telecommunication, Symposia, Wave propagation,  
Manufacturing, Great Britain,  
Strength(Mechanics), Test methods,  
Installation (U)

This report presents short summaries of papers  
presented at a colloquium on optical fibers held in  
London on 17 May 1977. Topics include  
propagation, cable manufacture, strength, testing and  
installation of optical fiber cables. (Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A043 035 20/6  
ROME AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER GRIFFISS AFB N YReflective Index Changes in Optical Fibers  
Subject to Diametral Stress.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.,  
APR 77 17P Gianino, Peter D. ; Bendow,  
Bernard ; RADC-TR-77-140  
REPT. NO. RADC-TR-77-140  
PROJ: 2304  
TASK: J1

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Photoelasticity,  
\*Stress analysis, \*Refractive index, \*Light  
transmission, \*Diameters  
IDENTIFIERS: Stresses, WURADC2304J101,  
PE611027

(U)

(U)

The changes in refractive index induced by the photoelastic effect when an optical fiber is subjected to a uniformly applied diametral stress are described. For easily achievable values of the force per unit length applied to the fiber, it was found that regions of equal or higher refractive index than the core may be induced in the outer region of the fiber. Thus the stressed region is capable of acting as a mode converter that affects the transmission characteristics of the fiber.  
(Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

20

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A042 579 20/6 17/2 18/6  
CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING RESEARCH LAB (ARMY) CHAMPAIGN  
ILLState of the Art in Fiber Optics  
Communications and Data Transfer.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim rept.,  
JUL 77 42P McCormack, R. G. ; Croissant,  
W. J. ; Lam, P. C. ;  
REPT. NO. CERL-IR-E-111  
PROJ: 4A762719AT40  
TASK: A1

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical communications,  
\*Data transmission systems, Radiation hardening,  
Nuclear radiation, Light emitting diodes,  
Broadband, Data links, Dielectrics, Interfaces,  
All weather, Range (Distance), Electromagnetic  
pulses, Bibliographies  
IDENTIFIERS: WU022, ASI40, PE62719A

(U)

(U)

This report addresses the state of the art of fiber optic communications as related to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers military construction. It discusses the general capabilities of commercially available fiber optics and summarizes the research and development work being done in the area by other Department of Defense and U.S. Government agencies. Potential Corps of Engineers usage of fiber optics is discussed, and nuclear radiation hardening aspects are summarized. Interfacing optical fibers with electronics is discussed along with factors which limit the performance of fiber optics data transmission links. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A042 490 20/5 17/5 20/6 20/12  
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INC DALLAS SEMICONDUCTOR GROUP

Fiber-Optic-Coupled LOC Injection-Laser  
Array for 8500 Angstroms Room-Temperature  
Emission.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.;

DEC 72 41P Carr, David L.; Doerbeck,

Friedrich H.;

REPT. NO. TI-03-72-159

CONTRACT: DAAK02-72-C-0257

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Injection lasers, \*Infrared lasers,  
\*Fiber optics, \*Semiconductor diodes,  
\*Semiconductor lasers, Arrays, Electrooptics,  
Near infrared radiation, Modules (Electronics),  
Room temperature  
IDENTIFIERS: Large Optical Cavity Lasers

The objective of this program was to fabricate a  
fiber-optic-coupled injection laser array for the  
wavelength of 8500 A at room temperature. The  
laser devices used are of the narrow-beam-angle  
large-optical-cavity (LOC) type. The array  
emitted 84 watts peak optical power from an emission  
aperture of 15 mils by 20 mils, with a peak  
wavelength of 8420 A and a half-intensity beamwidth  
of 38 deg, when driven with pulses of 50-amps peak  
current, 150-ns duration, and 5-KHz repetition  
rate. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

21

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A042 429 18/6 20/6  
CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING RESEARCH LAB (ARMY) CHAMPAIGN  
ILL

The Effects of Fast and Thermal Neutron  
Flux and Gamma Radiation on the Transmission  
Characteristics of Optical Fibers.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim rept.;

JUL 77 23P

R. G.; Croisant, W. J.; Sieber, D. C.; McCormack,

REPT. NO. CERL-IR-E-112

PROJ: 4A762719AT40

TASK: A1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Radiation damage, \*Light transmission, Neutron  
flux, Fast neutrons, Thermal neutrons, Gamma rays,  
Flux (Rate), Radiation attenuation,  
Luminescence, Fused silica, Lead compounds,  
Silicates, Boron compounds, Cladding, Plastic  
IDENTIFIERS: WU022, AST40, PE62719A

This report presents the results of a study of the  
effects of nuclear radiation on the light  
transmission characteristics of optical fibers. Two  
types of radiation were used: 1800-MW pulses of  
primarily thermal neutrons (10 to the 12th power n/  
sq.cm.), and a 20-minute exposure of thermal and  
fast neutrons and gamma radiation. Three  
representative types of optical fibers were tested:  
low-loss fused silica, medium-loss lead silicate with  
borosilicate cladding, and plastic. The fibers'  
radiation-induced attenuation changes and  
luminescence were monitored. Thermal neutrons were  
found to induce both attenuation increases and  
luminescence in all three fiber types. Fibers made  
of lead silicate with borosilicate cladding were  
found to develop a permanent attenuation increase of  
greater than 300 dB/km, making the fiber useless  
for most communication systems.

(U)

ZOM07



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A041 264 20/6  
AIR FORCE WEAPONS LAB KIRTLAND AFB N MEXPreliminary Investigation of Mechanical  
Responses of Fiber Optics to Nuclear  
Radiation.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.,

JUN 77 35P Tucker, J. C. ; Soda, Kenneth

J. ; Mardiquian, A. E. ;

REPT. NO. AFWL-TR-76-291

PROJ: 8809

TASK: 11

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Nuclear radiation,  
\*Radiation damage, Mechanical properties, Flexural  
properties, Bending, Strength(Mechanics),  
Thermal cycling tests, Electrooptics, Optical  
waveguides, Neutrons, Gamma rays, Tensile  
strength

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: WUAFWL88091124, PE62601F

(U)

Four generic types of optical fibers which have low  
optical responses to nuclear radiation were evaluated  
to detect any significant radiation-induced  
mechanical changes. Bend radius, flexure, mandrel  
strength, tensile strength and thermal cycling tests  
were performed. Fiber responses in tensile and  
bending qualities were observed, but while the  
changes should probably be considered in application  
engineering, they are not significant in  
disqualifying any fiber from use in radiation  
environments. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

22

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A040 772 20/6 17/2  
HARRIS CORP MELBOURNE FLA ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS DIV

Fiber Optics Design Aid Package.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept.,

MAY 77 201P Slayton, I. B. ; Estapa, D.

J. ; Jones, J. R. ; Patisaul, C. R. ;

CONTRACT: F30602-76-C-0246

PROJ: 6523

TASK: 11

MONITOR: RADC TR-77-163

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Microfiche copies only.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Supplement to Rept. no. RADC-TR-  
75-187 dated Jul 75, AD-A016 846.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical communications,  
\*Computer programs, Data links, Analog systems,  
Digital systems, Data transmission systems

(U)

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: WURADC65231104, PE62702F

This report contains a computer based program which  
will provide for system level and component level  
performance analysis for point to point fiber optic  
communication links. It enables the user to  
optimize various aspects of a fiber optic  
communication link for either analog or digital  
transmission. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A040 717 17/2 20/6  
ITT ELECTRO-OPTICS DIV ROANOKE VALow Cost Fiber Optic Cable Assemblies for  
Local Distribution Systems. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 May 75-1 Oct 76,

APR 77 146P Freiburger, R. J. ;

CONTRACT: DAAB07-75-C-1328

PROJ: 1S762705AH94

TASK: W1

MONITOR: ECOM, GIDEP 75-1328-F, E074-2556

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Also available as Rept. no. GIDEP-  
951.00.55.21-04-01.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Cables, Low costs,  
Optical communications, Optical waveguides,  
Broadband, Low loss, Ruggedized equipment,  
Silicon dioxide, Plastic coatings, Fabrication,  
Moisture, Impact strength, Radiation hardening,  
Tensile properties, Environmental tests  
IDENTIFIERS: ASH94, PE62705A (U)  
(U)

This report describes the results of one year effort to develop a low cost fiber optic cable using plastic clad silica fibers. As part of the program, silica core and plastic cladding materials were evaluated with respect to optical attenuation, mechanical properties, chemical properties, and radiation hardness. Fabrication techniques were developed and means to minimize excess cable loss evaluated. Uncabled fibers were fabricated with attenuations as low as 5.5 dB/km at .79 micrometers. Three cable designs were developed: one with central strength members, one with external strength members, and one with central strength members and an external braid. These designs, though developed for plastic clad silica fibers, are well suited to use with low loss doped silica fibers as well. The cables were fabricated in two phases. In the first phase, short lengths (1/3 km) of the three designs were fabricated and subjected to optical and mechanical evaluations. Based on the results of these tests, the third design was eliminated since it was more costly and offered no advantages over other designs.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

23

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A040 660 17/2 20/6 9/1  
LASER DIODE LABS INC METUCHEN N JLight Emitting Diodes for Fiber Optic  
Communications. (U)DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 1, 30 Sep-31 Dec  
76, APR 77 79P Stockton, Thomas E. ;

CONTRACT: DAAB07-76-C-8135

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Light emitting diodes, \*Fiber optics,  
\*Optical communications, Gallium arsenides,  
Aluminum arsenides, Heterojunctions, Fabrication,  
Manufacturing (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: \*Fiber optic communications, Double  
heterojunctions (U)

The design and fabrication of high speed etched-well light emitting diodes for fiber optic communications is discussed with regard to materials synthesis via LPE, wafer fabrication, and device assembly in a manufacturing environment.  
(Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A040 481 20/5 17/2 20/6  
LASER DIODE LABS INC METUCHEN N JInjection Laser Diodes for Fiber Optic  
Communications.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 2, 30 Sep-31 Dec  
76, APR 77 76P Stockton, Thomas E. ;

CONTRACT: DAAB07-76-C-0040

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Report on Manufacturing Methods  
and Technology Engineering Program.DESCRIPTORS: \*Injection lasers, \*Injection diodes,  
\*Fiber optics, \*Optical communications, Gallium  
arsenides, Aluminum arsenides, Heterojunctions,  
Wafers, Chips (Electronics), Manufacturing

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: Gallium-aluminum arsenides, Fiber  
optics communications, \*Laser diodes

(U)

The design and fabrication of injection laser diodes for use in fiber optic communications is discussed with regard to material synthesis, chip configuration, and device assembly in manufacturing environment. The opto-electronic source is based on the GaAs-GaAlAs double heterojunction structure and consists of a parallel array of lasers formed by the application of triple stripe geometry to the surface of the epitaxial wafer. The monolithic triad of discrete lasing elements is mounted in a high frequency package which incorporates a high quality optical window.

(U)

(Author)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A040 382 17/1 17/8  
TRW DEFENSE AND SPACE SYSTEMS GROUP REDONDO BEACH  
CALIFFeasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic  
Detection of Low Frequency Sound.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Apr 76-28 Feb 77,  
APR 77 39P Cole, J. H. ; Johnson, R.

L. ; Bhuta, P. G. ;

REPT. NO. AT-SSD-TR-77-3

CONTRACT: N00014-76-C-0490

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Acoustic detection, \*Fiber optics,  
\*Acoustooptics, \*Acoustic arrays, Interferometers,  
Photodetection, Low frequency, Acoustic waves,  
Refractive index, Phase shift, Photodetectors,  
Sonar, Feasibility studies

(U)

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: MUNR089117

The response of an optical fiber in water to low frequency acoustic waves was investigated experimentally and compared with analytical results. A change in the optical index of refraction of the fiber creates an effective path length change for the optical beam which results in a phase shift of the beam with respect to a reference beam unaltered by the acoustic field. By mixing the phase shifted beam with a reference beam of constant phase on a photodetector, the phase variation at the acoustic frequency is detected. Potential Navy applications of this technology for acoustic arrays are discussed. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

24

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-A040 068 20/6 17/2 9/4  
SPERRY RESEARCH CENTER SUDBURY MASSMultiplexing and Filtering of Optical  
Signals. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Semiannual rept. 29 Apr-31 Oct 76,  
DEC 76 52P Nelson, Arthur R. ;  
REPT. NO. SCRC-CR-76-65  
CONTRACT: DAA807-76-C-1343  
MONITOR: ECM 1343-1

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Time division multiplexing. \*Fiber  
optics. \*Optical communications. Data links,  
Bandwidth, Crosstalk, Asynchronous systems. Data  
rate. Optical filters, Lithium tantalates,  
Gates(Circuits)

IDENTIFIERS: Optical multiplexing, Combiners,  
Optical combiners (U)

The objective of this contract is to develop an optical multiplexing device to combine onto one channel the information carried on several separate fiber optic channels and, subsequently, to perform the demultiplexing operation after transmission over distances of the order of a km. The main research effort is the development of the optical multiplexing/demultiplexing device. This device must be compatible with multimode fibers of relatively large numerical aperture, exhibit total throughput losses less than 15 dB, total signal to crosstalk ratio of more than 20 dB, and a bandwidth capability of 1.3 MHz. This report covers the work performed during the first six months of this contract, from May through October 1976. During this period the required work on the multiplexer device was nearly completed, and at the point all but one of the criteria outlined above have been met. Specifically, several devices have throughput losses of 10-15 dB and are capable of working with large NA fibers, and have bandwidths of 100 MHz have been constructed. At this time only one requirement has not been fully met; that is, 10 dB signal to crosstalk has been obtained as opposed to 20 dB. However, several new devices, which are near completion, have been designed to improve the results in this area. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

25

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-A040 024 17/2  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIFFiber-Optic Undersea Tow Cable Optical  
and Environmental Tests. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Test and evaluation rept. 1 Apr-3  
Dec 76, 53P Putnam, W. H. ;  
REPT. NO. NELC/TR-2006

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Towing cables, Optical communications, Underwater  
communications, Environmental tests, Light  
transmission, Attenuation, Tensile properties,  
Thermal properties, High pressure, Underwater,  
Feasibility studies

IDENTIFIERS: Communication cables (U)

Tests of two fiber-optic cables revealed that fibers for communication purposes can be incorporated into two cables with very little excess loss during manufacture. Further development in cable design and fiber buffers is required to eliminate excess loss when cables are subjected to tension, temperature, and pressure. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A039 992 20/5  
RCA LABS PRINCETON N JInjection Laser for High Data Rate  
Communications.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Mar 76-28 Feb 77.  
APR 77 49P Wittke, James P.; Ladany,  
Ivan; Kressel, Henry;  
REPT. NO. PRRL-77-CR-13  
CONTRACT: N00014-76-C-0709

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Injection lasers, \*Fiber optics,  
Couplings, Aluminum gallium arsenide, Epoxy  
resins, Data rate, High rate, Mounts, Laser  
communications, Bonding, Soldering

(U)

Injection lasers of AlGaAs ( $\lambda$  800 nm) have been permanently bonded to single-mode fibers, with power levels up to 600 microwatts being coupled into the fibers. Values over 150 microwatts were consistently obtained under cw operation at room temperature. Very close mechanical alignment tolerances are required to achieve good coupling, with positioning to  $\pm$  or  $-1$  micrometer being required. This necessitates the use of bonding materials for attaching the fiber to the laser mount that have a high dimensional stability over long time periods, and lasers whose modal patterns do not change with time or operating conditions. An epoxy provided the best bonding material that we found, although there are indications that suitable low-melting solders can also be used. Laser mode changes with drive current level can alter the observed coupling efficiency significantly.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

26

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A039 505 17/2 20/6  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIFFiber Optics Applications in the SHIPBOARD  
Data Multiplex System.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Nov 75-Jun 76.  
AUG 76 61P Altman, D. E.;  
REPT. NO. NELC/TR-1995  
PROJ: F21224  
TASK: SF21224401

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical communications,  
\*Data transmission systems, \*Multiplexing,  
Shipboard, Ships, Couplers, Passive systems,  
Intercommunication systems  
IDENTIFIERS: PE62721N, WUB504

(U)

(U)

For a nominal size Shipboard Data Multiplex System (eight area multiplexers) using a passive tee coupler configuration, the connector and coupler excess losses for each coupler must total no more than 1.8 dB, which appears to be well within the state of the art. For a maximum size system (sixteen area multiplexers) the per coupler losses must be reduced to about 0.5 dB or less, which probably can be achieved given sufficient development effort. Two other devices, the passive star coupler and the fail-safe active tee coupler, also appear to have development potential for use in both nominal and maximum size systems.

(U)

(Author)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A039 073 17/2 20/5  
FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

The Current State and Future of Optical  
Information Transmission.

(U)

NOV 76 15P Both, W. ;  
REPT. NO. FTD-ID(RS)I-1298-76

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Trans. of Militartechnik (East  
Germany) nr p17-19 1976, by K. Bennett Howe.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Optical communications, Data transmission systems,  
Information transfer, Semiconductor lasers, Cost  
benefits, Glass, Translations, East Germany  
IDENTIFIERS: Laser diodes

(U)  
(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A038 678 9/1 17/2 20/5  
LASER DIODE LABS INC METUCHEN N J

Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber Optic  
Communications.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 1, 30 Jun-30 Sep  
76.

DEC 76 67P Stockton, Thomas E. ;  
CONTRACT: DAAB07-76-C-0040

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Injection diodes, \*Fiber optics  
transmission lines, \*Laser communications,  
\*Injection lasers, Electrooptics, Gallium  
arsenides, Heterojunctions, Substrates, Windows,  
Epitaxial growth, Manufacturing  
IDENTIFIERS: \*Laser diodes, Gallium aluminum  
arsenide, Liquid phase epitaxy

(U)  
(U)

The design and fabrication of injection laser  
diodes for use in fiber optic communications is  
discussed with regard to material synthesis, chip  
configuration, and device assembly in manufacturing  
environment. The optoelectronic source is based on  
the GaAs-GaAlAs double heterojunction  
structure and consists of a parallel array of lasers  
formed by the application of triple stripe geometry  
to the surface of the epitaxial wafer. The  
monolithic triad of discrete lasing elements is  
mounted in a high frequency package which  
incorporates a high quality optical window. This  
report covers progress made during the first quarter  
of the program and outlines the major steps in the  
manufacturing sequence of the IL device.  
(Author)

(U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A038 455 20/6 17/2 1/3  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIFA-7 Airborne Light Optical Fiber  
Technology (ALOFT) Demonstration Project.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Mar 74 Jan 77,  
FEB 77 47P Harder, R. D. ;Greenwell, R.

A. ;Holms, G. H. ;

REPT. NO. NELC/TR-2024

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Signal processing. \*Military aircraft, Data  
transmission systems. Multiplexing, Avionics,  
Electromagnetic interference, Radiofrequency  
interference, Lightning, Crosstalk, Short  
circuits, Glass fibers, Systems engineering,  
Dielectric properties, Maintainability, Cable  
assemblies, Cost effectiveness

IDENTIFIERS: \*A-7 aloft program, WUF228,  
PE63791N

(U)

(U)

A the A-7 ALOFT project successfully  
demonstrated a fiber-optic signal transmission system  
can accurately transmit data in the demanding  
environment of a military aircraft. Included is a  
summary of the most significant test results, the  
conclusions reached from the economic analysis, and  
the compilation of reliability and maintainability  
data. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

28

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A036 150 20/6  
NAVAL TRAINING EQUIPMENT CENTER ORLANDO FLAPeri-Apollar 360 Degree Lens Distortion  
Free Linear Mapping.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim rept. Nov-Dec 76,  
FEB 77 32P McKechnie, John C. ;

REPT. NO. NAVTRAEQUIPC-TN-55

PROJ: F55522

TASK: ZF55522002

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Lenses, Wide angles,  
Screens(Displays), Mapping, Linearity,  
Visual signals, Training devices, Image  
projectors, Distortion

IDENTIFIERS: WU77191, PE62757N

(U)

(U)

Several methods, including fiber-optics are  
considered for producing a distortion free linear  
image transfer at both the optical probe and  
projection lens image planes of a 360 degree  
nonprogrammed visual display. A description of five  
methods is given and each alternative examined  
analytically. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A035 867 20/6 9/4

NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

Fiber Optics and Integrated Optics  
Techniques for Signal Processing.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Research and development rept. Apr-

Sep 76,

FEB 77 70P

Dillard, George M. ; Hunt,

Barry R. ; Taylor, Henry F. ;

REPT. NO. NELC/TR-2013

PROJ: F54583

TASK: XF54583005

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical circuits,  
\*Signal processing, Analog to Digital converters,  
Electronic warfare, Radar equipment, Electric  
filters, Pseudo random systems, Coding, Broadband,  
Multisensors

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: \*Integrated optics, WUF225,

(U)

PE62762N

This report introduces some new device concepts based on the technologies of fiber optics and integrated optics, and discusses the potential uses of these devices in signal processing. Analog-to-digital converters, delay-line devices (including transversal filters), pseudorandom sequence generators, rf spectrum analyzers, and switching networks are described and analyzed in some detail. Applications for these devices in the improvement of signal processing for radar, electronic warfare, communications, and multisensor data collection systems are investigated. It is concluded that the new optical technologies offer the potential for substantial reduction in size, weight, and power and improvement in performance and/or cost over present or alternative techniques for a variety of systems which process broadband (greater than 100-MHz bandwidth) signals. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A035 643 17/2 20/6

CALIFORNIA UNIV LOS ANGELES SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND  
APPLIED SCIENCETheoretical Studies of Fiber Optical  
Waveguides and Integrated Optical Circuits.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Mar 73-Feb 76,

JUL 76 18P

Yeh, C. ;

REPT. NO. UCLA-ENG-7671

CONTRACT: N00123-73-C-1192

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical circuits,  
\*Optical waveguides, \*Optical communications,  
Modes, Thin films, Diagnostics, Synchronisms,  
Scattering, Electromagnetic radiation, Cerenkov  
radiation, Transients, Liquid crystals, Multimode,  
Diffraction, Light pulses

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: \*Integrated optical circuits

(U)

This report summarizes the results of the research carried out at the Electrical Sciences and Engineering Department of the University of California at Los Angeles under Contract N00123-73-C-1192-00003 with the Naval Electronics Laboratory Center, Department of the Navy. The report covers activities during the period March 1973 to February 1976. The research dealt in general with the theoretical studies of fiber optical waveguides and integrated optical circuits. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A035 435 20/6 17/2  
COMMUNICATIONS RESEARCH CENTRE OTTAWA (ONTARIO)

The CCS-280 Optical-Fiber Link Task. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.:

DEC 76 34P DEC 76 34P Elmer M. ;Fragn,H.

Claire ;Watanabe,Akira :

REPT. NO. CRC-1296

MONITOR: DRB TELS-40

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Command and control systems. Optical waveguides,  
Electronic equipment, Multiplexing, Destroyer  
escorts, Connectors, Plug in units, Canadian  
equipment (U)

The development of an experimental optical-fiber link for the Command and Control System 280 (CCS-280) of the DCH-280 Destroyer Escorts of the Canadian Forces is described. The objective of the task was to demonstrate the application of optical-fiber transmission links in a land-based CCS-280, and thereby alert and inform the armed forces of the advantages of optical-communications technology in military systems. The Task was planned and managed by the Department of Communications on behalf of the Department of National Defence, while the design and implementation of the optical link were accomplished through industrial contracts. All test conditions set by the Directorate of Maritime Combat Systems were satisfied by the experimental optical-fiber link. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

30

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A035 107 9/1  
ITT ELECTRO-OPTICS DIV ROANOKE VA

300 Meter Sonobuoy Cable 500 Meter Tow Cable. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 25 Jun 75-1 Jun 76,

JUL 76 55P Freiburger,Robert J. ;

CONTRACT: N00123-75-C-1023

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Electric cables, \*Fiber optics  
transmission lines, Underwater, Sonobuoys, Towed  
arrays, Sound transmission, High strength, Tensile  
strength, Protective coatings, Copper, Steel,  
plastics, Silicone plastics, Fabrication (U)

The following conclusions have been reached as a result of the efforts of the sonobuoy/tow cable development program: (1) low loss optical fibers can be successfully integrated into undersea cables with low enough attenuation to meet Navy operational requirements; (2) techniques used for the protection of the optical fibers such as plastic jacketing and armoring are applicable to a wide range of cables for both undersea and atmospheric uses; and (3) since the sonobuoy and tow cables were produced by conventional cable manufacturing techniques, it is expected that they can be fabricated in lengths equal to that of conventional cables. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A034 910 20/6  
ILLINOIS UNIV AT CHICAGO CIRCLE COMMUNICATIONS LAB

Coupling between Rectangular Optical Waveguides. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Master's thesis,  
DEC 76 66P Kazkaz, Abdul-Ghaifar ;  
Uslenghi, Piergiorgio L. E. ;  
REPT. NO. 76-4  
CONTRACT: AF-AFOSR-2263-72  
MONITOR: AFOSR TR-77-0007

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Optical waveguides, \*Fiber optics transmission lines, \*Waveguide couplers, Optical communications, Data transmission systems, Differential equations, Mathematical analysis, Theses  
IDENTIFIERS: Integrated optics (U)  
(U)

A theory is developed for strong coupling between two rectangular optical waveguides, that contains the Miller-Marcatili result as a limiting case. The theory allows for a more accurate design of a directional coupler than was previously possible. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A034 616 20/6  
CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH PASADENA

Three-Dimensional Pictorial Transmission in Optical Fibers. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim rept.,  
SEP 75 3P Yariy, Amnon ;  
CONTRACT: AF-AFOSR-2874-76  
PROJ: 9768  
TASK: 01  
MONITOR: AFOSR TR-76-1442

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Applied Physics Letters, v28 n2 p88-89, 15 Jan 76.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Optical images, \*Fiber optics transmission lines, Three dimensional, Problem areas, Phase distortion, Dispersions, Modes, Nonlinear systems, Mixing circuits, Phase control devices, Reprints  
IDENTIFIERS: WUAFOSR976801, PE61102F (U)  
(U)

Modal phase dispersion limits image transmission in optical fibers to distances too short to be of general interest. A technique based on nonlinear optical mixing is described for modal phase equalization and recovery of a transmitted image. (Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A033 767 17/2 1/3

NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

Results of A-7 ALOFT 'Bottoms Up' Model  
and Weight Sensitivity Analysis.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Research and development rept. Jul 75-  
Jun 76.

JUL 76 59P Greenwell, R. A. ;

REPT. NO. NELC/TR-1998

PROJ: W41X1

TASK: W41X1001

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines.  
\*Optical communications. \*Attack bombers. Data  
transmission systems. Data links. Life cycle costs.  
Naval aircraft. Comparison. Weight. Sensitivity.  
Coaxial cables. Cost analysis. Electric connect  
IDENTIFIERS: \*A-7 aircraft. Bottoms up model.  
ALOFT(Airborne Light Optical Fiber  
technology). Air-borne light optical fiber  
technology. WUF228. PE63791N

(U)

(U)

A summary of data collected on fiber-optic and  
hard-wired communication-channel costs for the A-7  
ALOFT is presented with the weight sensitivity to  
total system costs. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A033 415 20/5 17/2

RCA LABS PRINCETON N J

Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate  
Communication.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Progress rept. no. 2.  
NOV 76 9P Wittke, J. P. ; Ladany, I. ;

Kressel, H. ;

CONTRACT: N00014-76-C-0709

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Injection lasers. \*Laser  
communications. \*Fiber optics transmission lines.  
Pulsed lasers. Thermal stability. Junctions.  
Couplings. Far field. Continuous waves. Data  
rate. Heat sinks. Copper. Near field. Epoxy  
compounds

(U)

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: Waveguide modes

The goal is the development of methods of coupling  
as much power from an injection laser as possible  
into a single-mode fiber, with the fiber permanently  
bonded to the laser in a protective package. Study  
of the factors controlling laser beam patterns  
continues. Some evidence of dimensional changes in  
the epoxy fiber-laser bonding has been seen; new  
epoxy is being tried. Several laser-fiber sealed  
packages have been assembled for evaluation. Power  
levels of about 1 mW have been coupled into the  
fiber, and long-term stability is being studied.  
(Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

32

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A032 465 20/6  
NAVAL RESEARCH LAB WASHINGTON D C

Fiber Optics for Naval Applications: An Assessment of Present and Near-Term Capabilities.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Status rept..

SEP 76 57P Sigel, George H. , Jr;  
REPT. NO. NRL-8062  
PROJ: NRL-P03-10

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical communications, \*Reviews, Optical materials, Mechanical properties, Test methods, Fiber optics transmission lines, Cables, Optical detectors, Radiation effects, Optical glass, Plastics, Naval research (U)

This report provides an overview of the present status and envisioned future role of fiber optics for naval applications. Subjects addressed include state-of-the-art materials and fibers, their optical and mechanical properties, environmental testing, design of fibers and cables, and fiber systems. Present problem areas are outlined as well as their recommended or anticipated solutions. Some specific avionic, undersea, and shipboard applications of fiber-optic systems are discussed along with the advantages and expected payoffs with deployment. A listing of key Navy and industrial laboratories, manufacturers, and principal investigators in the fiber-optic area has also been provided. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A032 126 18/6 9/4 20/6  
CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING RESEARCH LAB (ARMY) CHAMPAIGN ILL

Fiber Optic Communications Link Performance in EMP and Intense Light Transient Environments.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim rept..

OCT 76 24P McCormack, Ray G. ; Sieber, David C. ;  
REPT. NO. CERL-IR-E-94  
PROJ: 4A762719AT40  
TASK: A1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines, \*Transient radiation effects, Electromagnetic pulses, Light pulses, Radiation resistance, Radiation hardening, Data transmission systems, Electromagnetic interference, Test methods, Light emitting diodes (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: PE62719A, WU022, AST40 (U)

Optical fiber communications links are a possible means for providing voice and data transmission electromagnetic pulse (EMP) hardened facilities. This report describes evaluations of the effects of high-level EMP fields and intense light flashes on fiber links. The results show that neither EMP fields nor light transient have any appreciable effect on the fiber links. Further evaluations, which were performed in EMP fields to compare the data transmission system using an optical fiber with an equivalent system using conventional cabling, showed the conventional system is susceptible to EMP. The optical link is thus superior in the EMP environment. (Author) (U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
AD-A031 839 20/6 14/1 17/2  
NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CALIF

Life Cycle Costing of an Emerging  
Technology: The Fiber Optics Case.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Mar 75-Mar 76,  
MAR 76 442P Jones, Carl R.; Johnson,  
Ronald L.; Knobloch, Earle W.; McGrath, John  
M.; Wichna, Kenneth R.;  
REPT. NO. NPS-55J576031

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Life cycle costs,  
\*Optical communications, \*Fiber optics transmission  
lines, Electrooptics, Optical waveguides, Data  
links, Cost effectiveness, Cost estimates, Cost  
models, Data transmission systems, Economic  
analysis

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: A-7 aircraft, ALDFT(Airborne light  
optical fiber technology), Airborne light optical  
fiber technology, Optical fibers

(U)

As significant technological advances in fiber  
optics and optical data transmission methods are  
being made, it is necessary to develop appropriate  
methods for estimating life cycle costs for  
alternative coaxial/twisted pair wire and optical  
fiber avionics. In Volume One measures of  
effectiveness are suggested for each alternative  
system. An approach, which structures the  
technological and demand uncertainties of fiber  
optics, is developed through scenarios as a means of  
relating cost and effectiveness. It is suggested  
that Delphi and experience curve techniques be used  
in conjunction with ordered scenarios as a  
technological forecasting technique for estimation of  
life cycle costs of fiber optics. In addition, a  
review of the historical and technological background  
of fiber optics and their application to the Naval  
Electronics Laboratory center (NELC) A-7  
Airborne Light Optical Fiber Technology  
(ALDFT) program is included. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

34

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
AD-A030 184 20/6 11/7 13/8  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

Optical Couplers for Fiber to Integrated  
Optics Systems.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun 75-1 Jun 76,  
JUL 76 34P Ohlhaber, Ronald L.;  
REPT. NO. IITRI-E6332  
CONTRACT: N00014-75-C-1159  
PROJ: NR-288-011

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Couplers,  
\*Fusion(Melting), \*Optical glass, Refractive  
index, Near infrared radiation, Light transmission,  
Dielectric films, Light modulators, Optical  
switching

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: Optical couplers, Integrated optics,  
Lithium niobates, Mixers(Optical)

(U)

An optical coupler for transferring light on near  
IR radiation between high index integrated optics  
structures such as LiNbO3 and low loss optical  
fibers was developed. The design is a flexible  
glass fiber containing an external ridge guiding  
region on a larger lower index base material. Ridge  
dimensions down to 2 micrometers were obtained,  
indicating that single or multimode designs are  
possible. Special glasses which had refractive  
index values in excess of 2.20 at 632.9 nm were  
developed for the coupler fiber. The design  
utilizes evanescent wave coupling at the integrated  
optics structure and end fire coupling at the optical  
fiber. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A028 043 20/6 17/2  
RCA LABS PRINCETON N JInjection Laser for High-Data-Rate  
Communication.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Progress rept. no. 1,  
JUL 78 7P Wittke,J. P. ;Ladany,I. ;  
Kressel,H. ;  
CONTRACT: N00014-76-C-0709

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Injection lasers, \*Fiber optics,  
\*Optical waveguides, \*Waveguide couplers, Optical  
communications, Alignment  
IDENTIFIERS: Optical couplers

(U)  
(U)

A major objective of this study is the development of a package in which an injection laser is permanently bonded to a short length of a single-mode fiber, keeping both parts aligned and coupling as much optical power as possible into the single-mode fiber. Such a package had previously been developed for multimode fibers; efforts are now being made to adapt this package to the single-mode case.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A027 937 17/2  
CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH PASADENADirect Transmission of Pictorial Information  
in Multimode Optical Fibers,

(U)

AUG 75 7P Gover,A. ;Lee,C. P. ;  
Yariv,A. ;  
CONTRACT: AF-AFOSR-2874-76  
PROJ: AF-9763  
TASK: 976303  
MONITOR: AFOSR TR-76-0750

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of the Optical  
Society of America, v66 n4 p306-311 Apr 76.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Image processing,  
\*Optical communications, Data transmission systems,  
Optical images, Multimode, Distortion,  
Holography, Signal processing, Reprints,

(U)

The problem of coherent image transmission through a single multimode optical fiber is discussed. A scheme is presented for recovering the transmitted image after distortions brought about by the fiber modes dispersion. Realization of this scheme by holographic techniques and with lens systems is proposed, and its limitations pointed out. The application of this scheme in canceling out temporal signal dispersion in a multimode fiber transmission line is also discussed briefly. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A027 747 20/6 17/2  
CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH PASADENAOn Transmission and Recovery of Intra-  
Dimensional Image Information in Optical  
Waveguides.

(U)

AUG 75 7P Yariv, Amnon :

CONTRACT: AF-AFSR-2874-76

PROJ: AF-9763

TASK: 976303

MONITOR: AFUSR

TR-76-0752

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of the Optical  
Society of America, v66 n4 p301-306 Apr 76.DESCRIPTORS: "Optical waveguides, \*Facsimile  
transmission, \*Optical communications, \*Fiber  
optics, Three dimensional, Pictures, Optical  
images, Propagation, Nonlinear propagation analyses,  
Reprints

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: Optical mixing

(U)

The paper considers two questions. The first one is: Is it possible to transmit three-dimensional pictorial information through transparent glass (or other dielectric) fibers. It is found that due to modal dispersion, pictorial information is invariably 'smeared' in transmission. The second question is: Given nature's reluctance to transmit pictures through fibers, is there anything we can do about it. It is suggested that the answer is yes and point to a class of solutions involving nonlinear optical mixing.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

36

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A026 206 17/2 14/1  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIFA-7 ALOFT Life-Cycle Cost and Measures of  
Effectiveness Models.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Test and evaluation rept. Jul 75-Mar  
76.

MAR 76 49P Greenwell, R. A. :

REPT. NO. NELC-TR-1982

PROJ: W41X1, NELC-F228

TASK: W41X1001

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Intercommunication systems, \*Life  
cycle costs, \*Cost analysis, \*Fiber optics  
transmission lines, Avionics, Attack aircraft,  
Effectiveness, Performance, Coaxial cables,  
Optimization, Models

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: A-7 aircraft

(U)

Economic analyses are being conducted to determine the measure of effectiveness of fiber-optic and coaxial-cable systems for combat aircraft. Participating are the Naval Electronics Laboratory Center, Naval Postgraduate School, and the McDonnell Aircraft Company. The naval activities have developed a Bottoms Up model and McDonnell Aircraft Company has developed a Top Down model. These two models will be utilized to compare and analyze the optimum system in terms of performance and cost.

(U)

(Author)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A025 660 20/6 11/2  
CATHOLIC UNIV OF AMERICA WASHINGTON D C VITREOUS STATE  
LAB

Research and Development in Glass Technology  
Related to Fiber Optic Waveguides.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.  
NOV 75 92P  
CONTRACT: N00123-74-C-1411

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Optical glass, \*Glass fibers,  
\*Optical waveguides, \*Fiber optics, Phase studies,  
Manufacturing, Fabrication, Refractive index,  
Purification, Quality control  
IDENTIFIERS: Phasil, Borosilicate glass

It was the purpose of this effort to use certain basic research results which indicated that it was possible to produce from phase separated glasses optical waveguide fibers with attenuations below 20 dB/Km and numerical apertures greater than available by chemical vapor deposition methods. Before the specific NELC applications for this fiber could be realized in commercial production, certain process engineering steps had to be solved. These production problems and the effort on each are discussed in the report.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

37

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A025 314 12/1 20/6 9/1 9/5  
WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF ELECTRICAL  
ENGINEERING

The Parabolic Cylinder Functions of  
Miller's Second Kind for Complex  
Parameter.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. 1 Sep 75-31 Jan 76  
on task 10.  
FEB 76 24P Smith, Robert B. ;  
CONTRACT: N00123-73-C-1200

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Special functions(Mathematical),  
\*Fiber optics, \*Waveguide couplers, Integrated  
systems, Complex variables,  
Transformations(Mathematics), Cylindrical  
bodies  
IDENTIFIERS: Parabolic cylinder functions,  
Integrated optics

(U)

(U)

This report describes the derivation of some properties of the Parabolic Cylinder Functions  $e(a,z)$  and  $e^*(a,z)$ . These functions are a natural choice for expressing the solutions of the coupled-mode equations for the tapered Coupler which is important in integrated optics and fiber optics coupling. The parabolic cylinder functions  $W(a, + or - z)$ ,  $e(a,z)$  and  $e^*(a,z)$ , originally defined only for real arguments, are considered when  $a$  and  $z$  are complex. Due to a choice of notation the original defining expressions do not remain valid when the parameter,  $a$ , is complex as required for the tapered coupler. Alternative expressions which are generally valid are obtained from the function of the first kind,  $U(a,z)$ . It is found that these functions of the second kind are not analytic throughout the finite plane of  $a$ , as is allowed by the defining differential equation. Rather, they have multiple branches (four) and the half integer points along the imaginary axis are all branch points. Three-term recurrence relations (of which the couples-mode equations for the tapered coupler are a special case) are obtained for the functions  $E(a,z)$ , but cannot be uniformly valid throughout the complex  $a$ -plane. Within either the right or left half of the complex plane, and on the real axis,

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A025 220 17/7 20/6 16/4  
OPTELECOM INC GAITHERSBURG MD

Development of an Optical Fiber Video Data Link. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Dec 73-Feb 75,  
FEB 75 62P Culver, William H.; Ludwig,  
Edmund D.;  
CONTRACT: DAAH01-74-C-0417

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Remotely piloted vehicles, \*Fiber  
optics transmission lines, \*Optical communications,  
\*Image processing, Optical images, Optical  
waveguides, Cost estimates, Winding (U)

Investigations were conducted to develop techniques for paying out optical fibers wound on non-rotating spools. The fibers were payed out off the end of the spool in a manner similar to that employed by a spinning reel or wire guided missile. Payout velocities in excess of 300 feet per second were demonstrated. The upper limit payout velocity is estimated to be at least 600 feet per second. This technique should make possible TV guidance of a missile by transmitting optical signals over the fiber to a remote operator out of line of sight of the missile. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

38

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A024 569 17/2 17/7 16/4  
OPTELECOM INC GAITHERSBURG MD

Out of Line of Sight Missile Link. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.  
APR 76 49p  
CONTRACT: DAAH01-75-C-0414

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Optical communications, \*Fiber optics,  
\*Data links, \*Command guidance, Fiber optics  
transmission lines, Data transmission systems,  
Television tracking, Television guidance,  
Launching sites, Guided missiles, Indirect fire,  
Quartz, Fibers (U)

This report describes development aimed at producing an optical fiber communication link between a missile and its launch point for transmission of TV data from the missile to the launch point and command signals in the reverse direction. Optical fibers having a loss of 30 db/km were fabricated that were paid out from a spool at speeds of greater than 300 ft/sec. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

38

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A024 302 17/2 20/5  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

ALOPT Fiber Optic Component Tests. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept...  
JAN 76 43P Holma.G. ;Meador.T. ;  
REPT. NO. NELC/TD-460  
PROJ: W41X1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines, \*Data links, \*Fiber optics, Light emitting diodes, Electrooptics, Bulkheads, Connectors, Multiplexing, Interfaces, Airborne, Technology, Cables (U)

IDENTIFIERS: ALOPT(Airborne Light Optical Fiber Technology), A-7 aircraft, Airborne light optical fiber technology (U)

Tests were conducted on fiber optic cables, on fiber optic pressure-bulkhead connectors, and on an electrooptical data link to determine if these components would survive the environments of the A-7 aircraft. Components performed as expected and were shown to withstand the A-7 environments. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

39

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A023 491 20/5 11/5 20/5  
WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Optical Fiber Coupling and Strength Tests. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Semiannual rept. 1 Mar-31 Aug 75,  
SEP 75 7P Mitchell,Gordon L. ;Scott, William D. ;  
CONTRACT: N00123-73-C-1200

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines, \*Glass fibers, Couplings, Fiber optics, Strength(Mechanics), Tensile properties, Polyethylene plastics, Plastic coatings, Semiconductor lasers, Transitions IDENTIFIERS: Integrated optics (U)  
(U)

This report summarizes contract research through September 1, 1975, and defines design requirements for an efficient transition fiber to couple the rectangular output aperture of a semiconductor laser to round single mode fiber cores. Fiber strength testing and strength improvement processing work has been completed with results of strength tests on fibers of lengths up to 15 meters. (Author) (U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A023 034 20/6 9/1  
RCA LABS PRINCETON N J

## Fiber-Optic Switch Study.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 18 Nov 74-17 Sep 75,  
FEB 76 63P  
A. : Miller, A. ; Neil, C. C. ;  
REPT. NO. PRRL-75-CR-76  
CONTRACT: N00014-75-C-0436

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical switching,  
\*Optical waveguides, Coupling (Interaction),  
Efficiency, Fibers, Thin films, Modulators,  
Multimode, Planar structures

(U)

The principle of operation of fiber-to-planar-waveguide grating couplers has been established experimentally and theoretically. Initial experiments yielded coupling fractions up to 6% and showed the expected angular behavior. Further development of fiber-planar waveguide grating couplers should allow the coupling of single-mode fibers to single-mode planar guides with efficiencies that approach 90%. Multimode fibers may also be coupled but with reduced efficiencies which depend on the acceptable angular spread of the coupled beams.  
(Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A022 651 20/6 11/3  
ITT ELECTRO-OPTICAL PRODUCTS DIV ROANOKE VA

Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable Assemblies for  
Local Distribution Systems.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Semiannual rept. no. 1, 1 May-1 Nov 75,  
FEB 76 56P  
CONTRACT: DAAB07-75-C-1328  
PROJ: DA-1-S-762705-AH-94  
TASK: 1-S-762705-AH-94-W-1  
MONITOR: ECOM, GIDEP 75-1328-1, E052-1342

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Also available as Rept. no. GIDEP-545.00.00.00-04-01.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Cables, Cladding, Plastics, Silica glass,  
Fabrication, Optical waveguides, Optical properties, Radiation hardening, Coatings,  
Extrusion, Mechanical properties, Cost analysis  
IDENTIFIERS: Design, Chemical vapor deposition

(U)

(U)

This report describes progress during the first six months of a one year effort to develop a low cost fiber optic cable using plastic clad silica fibers. As part of the program, silica core and plastic cladding materials have been evaluated with respect to optical attenuation, mechanical properties, chemical properties, and radiation hardness. Fabrication techniques have been developed and means to minimize excess cable loss evaluated. Uncabled fibers have been fabricated with attenuations as low as 5.5 dB/km at .79 micrometers.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

40

## UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A022 593 20/6 17/2 20/5  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

DoD/Industry-Wide Integrated Optics and  
Fiber Optics Communications Conference, 15-17  
May 1974.

74 66P

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Fiber optics  
transmission lines, \*Optical communications,  
Integrated systems, Waveguides, Data transmission  
systems, Semiconductor lasers, Injection lasers,  
Semiconductors, Thin films, Ion implantation,  
Electrooptics, Magneto-optics, Semiconductor  
diodes, Near infrared radiation  
IDENTIFIERS: \*Integrated optics, Data bus

(U)  
(U)

New technologies are constantly being investigated  
and evaluated to determine their value in solving  
problems and introducing new capabilities in DoD  
systems. Fiber optics has emerged as one which  
offers solutions to many of the most significant  
problems, in terms of equipment performance and cost.  
Integrated optics technology shows promise of  
giving additional improvements in fiber optic systems  
by providing fast, active elements in very compact  
form.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

41

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A022 373 20/6 20/14 17/2  
AIR FORCE AERO PROPULSION LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB  
OHIO

Sapphire Fiber Transmission at Temperatures  
up to 1000 F.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. Sep 74-Mar

75, OCT 75 49P Hamant, James Edward ;  
REPT. NO. AFAPL-TR-75-48  
PROJ: AF-3048  
TASK: 304807

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Sapphire, \*Light  
transmission, High temperature, Transmission loss,  
Ultraviolet radiation, Visible spectra, Infrared  
radiation, Aluminum compounds, Oxides

(U)

An optically clear sapphire fiber was subjected to  
increased temperatures up to 1000 F to determine  
the change in percent transmission. The  
transmission was measured in two regions of the  
optical spectrum: the ultraviolet region from 235  
nanometers to 365 nanometers, and the visible region  
from 4100 Angstroms to 6500 Angstroms. The  
percent transmission of the fiber decreased with  
increasing temperature. As the wavelength increased  
the effect of a temperature increase was less.

(U)

(Author)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A022 273 20/6 17/2 13/8  
CATHOLIC UNIV OF AMERICA WASHINGTON D C VITREOUS STATE  
LAB

Fiber Optic Waveguides by Molecular  
Stuffing.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: PROGRESS REPT.,

DEC 75 49P Macedo, P. B.; Litovitz, T.  
A.; Moynihan, C. T.; Montrose, C. J.; Mohr,  
R. K.;

CONTRACT: N00019-75-C-0083

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical waveguides,  
Purification, Manufacturing, Fabrication, Glass,  
Porous materials, Glass fibers, Doping,  
Additives, Molecular structure, Refractive index  
IDENTIFIERS: Molecular stuffing technique, Phasil  
glass, Low loss

(U)

(U)

The research program to develop low loss glass fiber optic waveguides involves a novel technique called 'Molecular Stuffing', which may be used to produce any desired index profile in a porous glass preform such as the phasil rods developed in our laboratory. The nature of this process is such that relatively inexpensive raw materials may be used as starting materials. The purification steps which result in an ultrapure glass preform are done in such a manner that costly clean room procedures are avoided and glass production and processing can be done at relatively low temperatures. This process thus offers an alternative to ultrapure glass melting or chemical vapor deposition which require costly processing procedures and/or raw materials. A further characteristic of Molecular Stuffing is that it is possible to produce high numerical aperture step or parabolic index profiles. During this year considerable progress has been made in defining the criteria for obtaining dopants to be used in the Molecular Stuffing process. In this respect the results of the work presented in terms of a description of the Molecular Stuffing procedure as it exists at this time.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

42

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A022 069 20/5 17/2  
WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF MINING METALLURGICAL AND  
CERAMIC ENGINEERING

Fabrication of Low-Loss Optical Waveguides  
by Post Deposition Microstructure  
Modification.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Semi-annual progress rept. 3 Jun-3

Dec 74 on Task 6,  
FEB 75 9P Miller, Alan D.; Fosmire,  
George R.;

CONTRACT: N00123-73-C-1200

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Optical waveguides, Heat treatment,  
Linear systems, Fabrication, Deposition, Optical  
materials, Ferroelectric materials, Fiber optics,  
Lithium compounds, Tantalates, Dielectric films,  
Optical communications, Microstructure,  
Modification

(U)

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: Electron resist, Low loss,  
Integrated optics

This report summarizes contract progress of investigations into the effects of heat treatment on linear optical waveguide structures made of ferroelectric materials. It is hypothesized that low-loss polycrystalline waveguides may be produced by orienting grain boundaries perpendicular to the waveguide axis by thermo treatment. Using the Hatzakis lift-off technique with electron resist to obtain linear waveguides, lithium tantalate films on Corning 7059 glass slides have been examined. Presently produced lithium tantalate films are lithium deficient. Techniques for improving the stoichiometry are being investigated.

(U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
AD-A021 913 14/1 20/6 1/3 9/3  
NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CALIF

The A-7 ALOFT Cost Model: A Study of  
High Technology Cost Estimating.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Master's thesis.  
DEC 75 271P Johnson, Ronald Lloyd ;  
Knobloch, Earle William ;

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Life cycle costs. \*Fiber optics.  
\*Cost estimates. Economic analysis. Technology.  
Mathematical models. Naval planning. Circuit  
interconnections. Avionics. Cost analysis. Attack  
bombers. Navigation. Aircraft fire control systems.  
Comparison. Coaxial cables. Data links. Delphi  
techniques. Economic models. Forecasting.  
Uncertainty. Theses  
IDENTIFIERS: ALOFT(Airborne Light Optical  
Fiber Technology). Airborne light optical  
fiber technology. A-7 aircraft

(U)

(U)

This analytical study contains the development of  
an appropriate life cycle cost (LCC) model for the  
A-7 Airborne Light Optical Fiber  
Technology (ALOFT) system. The model was  
developed to support an A-7 ALOFT economic  
analysis which will compare the total systems costs  
and performance benefits of an A-7 fiber optic  
linked navigation and weapons delivery system to  
existing or proposed wire interconnect designs.  
Major features of this study include the  
development of: (1) A process to derive cost  
estimates of a high technological development in the  
early conceptual stage; (2) An appropriate  
LCC model for the A-7 ALOFT economic analysis;  
and (3) Fiber optic costing methodology to  
support the LCC analysis. This analysis is a  
follow-on study to An Approach to the  
Estimation of Life Cycle Costs of a Fiber  
Optic Application in Military Aircraft AD-  
A019 379.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
AD-A021 885 20/6 19/5  
FRANKFORD ARSENAL PHILADELPHIA PA

Fabrication Techniques for Fiber Optic Fire  
Control Elements.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical research rept.,  
APR 75 34P Springfield, Ronald L. ;  
REPT. NO. FA-TR-75016  
PROJ: DA-6727187, DA-6737187

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics. \*Faceplates. \*Surface  
finishing. Polishing. Fire control system  
components. Optical glass

(U)

This report summarizes the results of a project  
which was conducted to establish improved  
manufacturing methods and procedures for the  
processing of fiber optic blanks (plano-plano  
surfaces) and fiber optic faceplates (plano  
convex and plano-concave surfaces). Conventional  
processes for polishing glass frequently produce  
scratches, pits, and other defects in fiber optic  
elements. The fiber optic elements were  
successfully manufactured using the described  
processes.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A021 257 1/3 17/2  
 NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF  
 Interim Progress Summary and Description of  
 A-7 Aloft System.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Research and development rept. Mar 74-  
 Dec 75.

JAN 76 59P Ellis, J. R. ;

REPT. NO. NELC/TR-1968  
 PROJ: WF41-X1, NELC-F228  
 TASK: WF41-X1-001

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
 \*Interequipment communication, Avionics,  
 Multiplexing, Data transmission systems, Aircraft  
 control cables, Aircraft equipment, Systems  
 engineering, Connectors, Attack aircraft, Trade  
 off analyses

IDENTIFIERS: A-7 aircraft, ALOFT program

(U)  
(U)

The A-7 Airborne Light Optical-Fiber Technology (ALOFT) Demonstration was established to confirm that fiber-optic technology is sufficiently practical and mature to be used in internal aircraft data-signal transmissions and to demonstrate the feasibility of a full A-7 system application. Included are explanations of design tradeoffs that led to the components used in the design of the system. A description of the tests conducted by the Naval Electronics Laboratory Center upon the ALOFT components is provided with a summary of the most significant test results. Graphic and written descriptions of the ALOFT system are included. The test phases yet to be completed are summarized. The economic analysis, planned in parallel with the test phase of the project, is briefly described. A classification list of the original signals in the A-7 which have been converted from electrical to fiber-optic transmission is provided.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

44

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A020 078 9/2 17/2  
 NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CALIF

Experimentation and Design for a Computer to  
 Computer Fiber Optic Data Link.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Master's thesis,  
 DEC 75 59P Blocksom, Roland Daly, Jr;

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Microcomputers, \*Data links, \*Fiber  
 optics, \*Input output devices, Multiplexing,  
 Waveforms, Interfaces, Theses  
 IDENTIFIERS: Intel 8 microcomputer

(U)  
(U)

This project is a survey of current state-of-the-art techniques and describes the design and demonstration of a low speed fiber optics link between a microcomputer and remote peripheral device (ASR-33 teletype). In addition, preliminary design is included for a high speed multiplexed fiber optic link.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A019 898 15/3 20/6 11/1  
HARRY DIAMOND LABS ADELPHI MD

Fiber Optic Seals: Glass and Plastic  
Fiber Optic Safing Systems for  
International Safeguards and Arms Control  
Applications.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept., R. ;  
NOV 75 22P Ulrich, R. R. ;  
REPT. NO. HDL-TR-1729  
PROJ: HDL-462543

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Seals, Fiber optics, Arms control,  
Glass fibers, Plastics, Arms control,  
International relations, Portable equipment,  
Security, Identification systems, Photography,  
Signatures, Instrumentation  
IDENTIFIERS: \*Security seals, \*Safing systems,  
Tamperproof seals

(U)

(U)

The Harry Diamond Laboratories has developed  
a tamper-resistant/tamper-indicating safing system  
for the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament  
Agency. The safing system consists of a fiber  
optic seal and related equipment that assembles,  
photographs, and identifies the seals in the field.  
Such seals are needed for the effective use of  
containment as a safeguards technique and for the  
protection of unattended instruments used for  
surveillance at peaceful nuclear facilities.  
Described are both glass and plastic fiber optic  
seals that are reliable and simple to assemble in the  
field. Existing fiber optic seal inspection  
equipment are evaluated, and a system is proposed  
for operational use.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A019 859 20/6 17/2 1/3  
AIR FORCE INST OF TECH WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO SCHOOL OF  
ENGINEERING

A Theoretical Study of Fiberoptronics for  
Avionic Applications.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Master's thesis,  
DEC 75 118P Gaffney, William Michael ;  
REPT. NO. GEO/PH/75-10

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical communications,  
\*Avionics, Laser communications, Optical  
waveguides, Semiconductor devices, Light emitting  
diodes, Lamps, Light transmission, Optical  
detectors, Aircraft equipment, State of the art,  
Multiplexing, Theses  
IDENTIFIERS: Optical data processing, Design

(U)

(U)

This project provides a survey of the current  
state-of-the-art and considers fiberoptronics in the  
light of potential avionic applications. Types of  
fibers, light generators, and light detectors which  
are suitable for avionic applications are discussed.  
Fiberoptronic links are viable for use in highly  
selective areas such as multiplexed data bus and  
cryptographic systems but components need to be  
qualified to the environmental conditions of the  
aircraft. Calculations for a basic fiberoptronic  
link are discussed. The report contains a 42-item  
bibliography.

(U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A019 828 20/6 1/3  
BUNKER-RAMO CORP BROADVIEW ILL AMPHENOL CONNECTOR DIVConnectors for Fiber Optics Cable  
Systems.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 30 Jun 73-15  
May 74,SEP 75 45P Anderson, Norman R. ;  
CONTRACT: N00163-73-C-0530  
MONITOR: NAFI TR-2031

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Connectors, Cables, Sealed systems, Light  
emitting diodes, Military requirements, Aircraft  
equipment, Heat transfer, Assembly, Data  
transmission systems, Prototypes

IDENTIFIERS: Design

(U)  
(U)

This report describes the design, development, and manufacture of prototype Optoelectronic Connectors which were developed for the Naval Avionics Facility in Indianapolis, Indiana. The connectors mate with standard Military approved receptacles and have their optical interface located within the contact assemblies of the Optoelectronic plug connector. These connectors are environmentally sealed and are intended to operate in environments with ambient temperatures as high as 125C. The connectors have been designed to minimize the temperature rise caused by heat generated within the connectors by light emitting diodes. The Fiber Optics Connectors described in this report achieve a high degree of interchangeability with standard MS components, are designed for ease of field serviceability, and are rugged in nature to permit them to function reliably in Military aircraft and other comparable environments.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

46

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A019 429 9/1 17/2 20/6 1/3  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIFEight-Terminal, Bidirectional, Fiber Optic  
Trunk Data Bus.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Jul 74-Jun 75,  
NOV 75 45P Altman, Daniel E. ;REPT. NO. NELC/TR-1969  
PROJ: RF54-545, NELC-F222  
TASK: RF54-545-002

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Bus conductors, \*Fiber optics  
transmission lines, Fiber optics, Data transmission  
systems, Couplers, Aircraft equipment

IDENTIFIERS: Megabits

(U)  
(U)

Extension of a previously demonstrated fiber optic data transmission system to eight terminals and bidirectional operation is demonstrated to be within the state of the art. At a 5MB/s data rate a worst-case SNR of 5 dB was demonstrated. Improved optical couplers comprising a dual internal mirror mixing block mounted in a low-loss, all-metal holder and integral electronics are described.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A019 379 20/6 1/3  
NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CALIFAn Approach to the Estimation of Life Cycle  
Costs of a Fiber-Optic Application in  
Military Aircraft.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Master's thesis,

SEP 75 163P McGrath, John Michael ;  
Michna, Kenneth Ralph ;

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical materials,  
\*Life cycle costs, Military aircraft, Signal  
processing, Cables, Optical waveguides, Light  
emitting diodes, Cost effectiveness, Waveguide  
couplers, Optical glass, Economic analysis, Delphi  
techniques, Forecasting, Theses, Attack bombers,  
Jet bombers, Avionics

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: Optical fibers, ALOFT program, A-  
7E aircraft, A-7 aircraft

(U)

As significant technological advances in fiber  
optics and optical data transmission methods are  
being made, it is necessary to develop appropriate  
methods for estimating life cycle costs for  
alternative coaxial/twisted pair wire and optical  
fiber avionics. Measures of effectiveness are  
suggested for each alternative system. An  
approach, which structures the technological and  
demand uncertainties of fiber optics, is developed  
through scenarios as a means of relating cost and  
effectiveness. It is suggested that Delphi and  
experience curve techniques be used in conjunction  
with ordered scenarios as a technological forecasting  
technique for estimation of life cycle costs of fiber  
optics. In addition, a review of the historical  
and technological background of fiber optics and  
their application to the Naval Electronics  
Laboratory Center (NELC) A-7 Airborne  
Light Optical Fiber Technology (ALOFT)  
Program is included.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A018 898 20/6 17/2  
HARRIS CORP MELBOURNE FLA ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS DIVFiber Optics Communications Link  
Study.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 2 Jan-30 Jul 75,

NOV 75 70P Slayton, I. B. ; Pan, J. J.

; Casper, P. W. ; Buchanan, G. L. ;

CONTRACT: F30602-75-C-0087

PROJ: AF-61101F

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Optical detection, \*Fiber optics  
transmission lines, Cables, Balloons, Optical  
communications, Optical waveguides, Glass fibers,  
Connectors, Light emitting diodes, Integrated  
circuits, Transmitters, Receivers, Electrooptics,  
Microwave equipment, Avalanche diodes, Band pass  
filters, Delay lines, Tethering, Costs,  
Comparison, Tactical communications, Photodiodes,  
Data transmission systems, Air Force

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: Seek skyhook program, Design

(U)

This final report documents the results of a six  
month program of study which was conducted to  
establish and evaluate the merits of using fiber  
optic cables for transmitting sensor data from  
balloon deployed observation platforms to ground  
based monitoring stations. The baseline system  
application analyzed, for the purposes of this study,  
was the RADAR command and data links associated  
with the SEEK SKYHOOK program. To establish  
the advantages of applying fiber optics technology to  
such an application, a complete optical cable system  
was designed and compared with the presently deployed  
microwave communications link, based on cost and  
performance. Specific elements designed as part of  
the study included an integrated fiber cable and  
balloon tether, optical transmitter and receiver, and  
the electro-optical hardware for interfacing with the  
existing ground and balloon based equipment.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A018 757 20/6 9/1 17/2  
RCA LABS PRINCETON N J

High-Speed Light-Emitting Diodes. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. (Vol. 1), 1 Apr 73-30

May 75, JUN 75 65P  
James P. ; Kressel, Henry ;  
REPT. NO. PRRL-75-CR-37  
CONTRACT: N00014-73-C-0335

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Light emitting diodes, \*Optical communications, \*Fiber optics, Photodiodes, Optical waveguides, Waveguide couplers, Frequency modulation, Gallium arsenides, Substrates, Epitaxial growth, Aluminum compounds, Arsenides, Doping, Heterojunctions

IDENTIFIERS: Optical modulation, Liquid phase epitaxy, Aluminum arsenides (U)

This report describes the experimental and theoretical results of a program for the development of light-emitting diodes specifically designed for fiber-optic communications. Among the important achievements are the development of a diode capable of efficient operation at modulation frequencies in excess of 200 MHz, and the realization of a novel edge-emitting structure (the REED) which combines the efficiency of the surface-emitting diode with the narrow emission beam width of the edge emitter desirable for coupling into low numerical aperture (NA) fibers. One of the most important results discovered is the strong effect that adding Al to the GaAs in the recombination region has on improving the resistance to gradual degradation. By combining this characteristic with the use of edge-passivated stripe-contact structures, diodes have been demonstrated that operate at 1000 A/sq cm and exhibit no degradation after many thousands of hours. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

48

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A017 720 11/5 11/2 11/9 17/2  
WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF MINING METALLURGICAL AND CERAMIC ENGINEERING

Fiber Strength. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly progress rept. 1 Nov 74-1 Feb 75,

MAR 75 9P Scott, William D. ;  
Achutaramayya, G. ;  
CONTRACT: N00123-73-C-1200

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Glass fibers, \*Fiber optics, Strength(General), Sizes(Dimensions), Silica glass, Fibers, Drawing(Forming), Polyethylene, Plastic coatings, Tensile strength, Composite materials (U)

High strength optical fibers communication system construction. This report summarizes an effort to increase fiber strength by coating (sizing) with polymers which reduce surface damage. The polyethylene coating investigated increased the strength of fused silica fibers from 143 MN/sq to 3440 MN/sq for short gage lengths. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

48

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A017 598 20/6 17/2  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIFIntegrated Optics Components - Fabrication  
and Testing. (U)DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Semiannual rept. 1 Oct 74-31 Mar 75,  
SEP 75 61P Pavlopoulos, T. G.; Albares,D. J.;  
REPT. NO. NELC/TR-1964  
PROJ: NELC-F215

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Optical communications, \*Fiber optics, \*Optical waveguides, Switching, Interferometry, Fabrication, Diodes, Gallium arsenides, Aluminum compounds, Arsenides, Injection lasers, Semiconductor lasers, Waveguide couplers, Military requirements, Test methods, Breadboard models

IDENTIFIERS: \*Integrated optics, Optical modulators, Heterojunctions (U)

Integrated optics promises components which will extend the bandwidth and/or switching capabilities of fiber optics communications and provide very rapid information processing for DoD systems. The work on the program that was performed at NELC and under contracts administered by NELC was in the areas of materials for 10C substrates and devices, pattern fabrication, theoretical analysis, system concepts, and breadboard subsystem assembly. This report includes sections on Fabrication Techniques for Integrated Optical Circuits, Diode Sources for Optical Communications, GaAs-GaAlAs Double-Heterostructure Injection Lasers with Distributed Feedback, Experiments with Tapered-Channel Waveguides, Fabrication of Low-Loss Optical Waveguides by Post-Deposition Microstructure Modification, Fabrication of Tapered Waveguides, Testing of Universities of Washington Tapered Waveguides, Interferometric Waveguide Switch/Modulator, and Breadboard Subsystem Testing. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

49

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A016 846 20/6 17/2  
HARRIS CORP MELBOURNE FLA ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS DIV

Optical Cable Communications Study. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 26 Mar 74-25 Apr 75,  
JUL 75 426P McDevitt, F. R.; Slayton,I. B.;  
CONTRACT: F30602-74-C-0193  
PROJ: AF-6523  
TASK: 652304  
MONITOR: RADC TR-75-187

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines, Cables, Optical communications, Optical waveguides, Glass fibers, Connectors, Light emitting diodes, Injection lasers, Semiconductor lasers, Gas lasers, YAG lasers, Waveguide couplers, Multiplexing, Circuits, Electrooptics, Bandwidth, Signal to noise ratio, Tactical communications, Acoustooptics, Mathematical analysis, Dielectric waveguides, Photodiodes, Optical detectors, Data transmission systems, Military requirements, Computer applications, Air Force

IDENTIFIERS: Design, Optical modulators, Helium neon lasers (U)

This study Final Report provides a general treatment of the design methodology for applying fiber optics technology to Air Force communications applications. The study was involved with the classification of the Air Force communications requirements which are suitable for optics implementation as well as the assessment of the rationale for applying fiber optics communications channels in contrast to the application of conventional cable alternatives. In parallel with this task, this study also involves the development of the analytical expressions for predicting system performance in terms of the design parameters associated with each of the constituent elements of a fiber optics link. Major elements being considered as part of this parameter translation and design methodology task include the application of coherent and noncoherent optical sources, acousto-optic and electro-optic modulators, step index graded index fibers, (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOMQ7

AD-A016 633 20/5 9/1 20/6  
WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF ELECTRICAL  
ENGINEERING

Fabrication of Linear Waveguides and Horn  
Shaped Coupling Structures. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Jul 73-14 Jul 74,  
DEC 75 35P Smith, Robert B.; Dalgoutte,  
David G.; Harris, J. M.;  
CONTRACT: N00123-73-C-1200

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Waveguides, \*Fiber optics,  
\*Injection lasers, \*Coupling circuits, \*Fiber  
optics transmission lines, Structures, Transitions,  
Propagation, Dielectrics, Fabrication, Optics,  
Shape  
IDENTIFIERS: \*Integrated optics, \*Optical  
coupling (U) (U)

Coupling light from fibers to film for example integrated optic structures requires coupling over some finite length for materials which do not cleave easily. Some form of distributed coupler familiar to microwave circuitry is required. In this sense distributed means coupling over some finite aperture in the direction of propagation typically hundreds or thousands of wavelengths. This report describes a method of generating efficient couplers which do not require precise control of physical parameters and hence relax the tolerances for coupler construction. This crossed-beta coupler requires phase match between the two waveguides at only one point. Typically, this coupler may be realized by two waveguides whose respective propagation constants (beta) change linearly for a short region and cross at the phase match point. Analytical solutions for coupler efficiency and physical dimension are given. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

50

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOMQ7

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOMQ7

AD-A016 541 6/12 6/5  
BROOKE ARMY MEDICAL CENTER FORT SAM HOUSTON TEX ARMY INST  
OF SURGICAL RESEARCH

Fiberoptic Bronchoscopy in Acute Inhalation  
Injury. (U)

N. ;Pruitt,Basil A. , Jr; 75 9P Hunt,John L. ;Agee,Robert

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Trauma, v15 n8  
p641-649 Aug 75.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Presented at the Annual Session of  
the American Association for the Surgery of Trauma  
(34th), 17-19 Oct 74, Hot Springs, Va.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Bronch., \*Fiber optics, Trauma,  
Inhalation, Smoke, Burns(Injuries), Mucous  
membranes, Optical scanning, Reprints  
IDENTIFIERS: \*Bronchoscopy (U) (U)

Fiberoptic bronchoscopy proved to be a simple, safe, and accurate method of diagnosing acute inhalation injury. Both the anatomic level and the severity of large airway injury were easily identified. The identification of a supraglottic and infraglottic component to inhalation injury was not only helpful in determining the appropriate therapy but also in predicting ultimate pulmonary complications. When bronchoscopy was used in conjunction with the Xe 133 scintiphotocan, both large and small airway injuries could be identified. The only clinical situation where bronchoscopy failed to identify an inhalation injury was in the immediate postburn period if the patient was in hypovolemic shock. Yet if bronchoscopy is performed after hypovolemic shock has been corrected, mucosal changes characteristic of inhalation injury will be seen. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A016 301 20/6 11/2  
WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF MINING METALLURGICAL AND  
CERAMIC ENGINEERING

Mechanical Properties of Glass Fiber  
Waveguides and Fabrication of Special  
Waveguide Shapes. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly progress rept. 1 Jan-31  
Mar 74 on Task 4.  
APR 74 13P Mitchnell, Gordon L.; Scott,  
William D.; Achutaramayya, G.; Matsumoto, Roger  
L. K.;  
CONTRACT: N00123-73-C-1200

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also report dated 28 Feb 75m  
AD-A016 300.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Glass fibers, \*Fiber optics,  
\*Drawing(Forming), \*Optical waveguides, Silica  
glass, Heating, Furnaces, Temperature,  
Mechanical properties (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: Integrated optics (U)

Fiber pulling results for silica fibers with both  
oxi-hydrogen torches and RF suceptor furnaces are  
reported. Conventional clad fibers and exposed or  
externally mounted glass fibers have been drawn with  
conventional kanthol furnaces. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A016 300 20/6 11/2  
WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF MINING METALLURGICAL AND  
CERAMIC ENGINEERING

Fabrication of Special Waveguide Shapes and  
Mechanical Properties of Glass Fiber  
Waveguides. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. on Task 4, 27 Nov 73-31  
Dec 74,  
FEB 75 20P Scott, William D.;  
Achutaramayya, G.; Matsumoto, Roger L. K.;  
Mitchnell, Gordon L.;  
CONTRACT: N00123-73-C-1200

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Glass fibers, \*Fiber optics,  
\*Optical waveguides, Semiconductor lasers,  
Waveguide couplers, Silica glass,  
Drawing(Forming), Fabrication, Dielectric  
waveguides, Tensile strength, Thin films,  
Polyethylene plastics, Plastic coatings, Optical  
communications (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: Integrated optics, Borosilicate  
glass (U)

Special optical fibers with exposed waveguides have  
been constructed for coupling between fibers and  
(integrated optics) films. They are typically  
1 x 35 micrometers rectangular on a low index  
supporting structure which has a 200 x 1200  
micrometer cross section. These externally mounted  
fibers were produced by pulling microscope slides of  
various material in a two step process. Measured  
coupling efficiencies between spudged waveguides  
and externally mounted fibers are 70%. Transition  
fibers whose core cross section tapers from a  
rectangular (1 x 20 micrometers) to circular (3  
micrometers) in a millimeter or two length have  
been produced for butt joining semiconductor lasers  
to round waveguides. They have measured transition  
losses of less than 1 dB and negligible absorption/  
scattering loss. (U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A015 319 20/6 20/5 11/2  
 WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF ELECTRICAL  
 ENGINEERING

Optical Coupler Development. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Mar 73-28 Feb 75,  
 JUN 75 10P Mitchell, Gordon L. ;  
 CONTRACT: N00123-73-C-1200

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Semiconductor lasers,  
 \*Optical waveguides, \*Waveguide couplers,  
 Dielectric waveguides, Optical communications,  
 Electrooptics, Lithium compounds, Tantalum  
 compounds, Fibers, Strength(Mechanics),  
 Fabrication, Test methods (U)  
 IDENTIFIERS: Integrated optics, Optical  
 modulators, Lithium tantalates, Heterojunctions (U)

This report summarizes contract progress and optical coupler development and fiber optic strength improvement programs. Results and fabrication techniques are reported for a transition structure which varies in cross-section from rectangular (matching doubleheterostructure laser active areas) to round geometries similar to single mode fiber cross-sections. Distributed couplers for use with electro-optic modulators produced on substrates which do not cleave easily are also discussed. Preliminary results of long-gauge length fiber strength testing and strength improvement are summarized and lithium tantalate post-deposition microstructure modification results are presented. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

52

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A015 318 20/6 20/5  
 WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF ELECTRICAL  
 ENGINEERING

Laser-Waveguide Transition Coupling  
 Structure Fabrication. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Task progress rept. 3 Sep 74-3 Mar  
 75,

APR 75 51P Matsumoto, Roger L. K. ;  
 Mitchell, Gordon L. ;  
 CONTRACT: N00123-73-C-1200

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Semiconductor lasers, \*Optical  
 waveguides, \*Waveguide couplers, \*Fiber optics,  
 Injection lasers, Dielectric waveguides, Optical  
 communications, Light transmission, Light  
 scattering, Gallium arsenide lasers (U)  
 IDENTIFIERS: Heterojunctions, Integrated optics,  
 Optical modulators (U)

This report describes the techniques used to fabricate transition structures for coupling heterojunction lasers to II-VI waveguides. The process uses a local heat source to round the core of a rectangular dielectric waveguide producing a smooth transition from a rectangular crosssection matching the 1 x 20 micrometer laser output to a round crosssection similar to a diffused waveguide. When it is rounded, the transition retains the rectangular guide area, e.g., 1 x 20 micrometers, will round to 5 micrometers. If a smaller diameter is desired, the transition can be tapered during the rounding operation. Total transition loss from scattering, absorption and radiation is typically 1 dB. (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A015 017 17/2 20/6  
CORNING GLASS WORKS N YResearch and Development on Ultra-Light-  
Weight Low-Loss Optical Fiber  
Communication Cable.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jul 73-1 May 75,  
JUL 75 85P Frazier, J. F.; Miller, R.  
A. ;CONTRACT: DAAB07-73-C-0348  
PROJ: DA-1-S-762705-AH-94  
MONITOR: ECOM 73-0348-F

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
Cables, Optical communications, Optical  
waveguides, Tactical communications, Buffers,  
Ruggedized equipment

(U)

An ultra-lightweight, low-loss optical waveguide communication cable was developed for tactical field army applications. The cable which resulted from this work was an all-dielectric structure, 5 mm (millimeters) in diameter, with an average waveguide attenuation of 7 dB/km (kilometer) at 820 nm (nanometers). It weighed 22 kg/km (kilograms/kilometer) and the waveguides were easily accessible for termination purposes. Evaluation of this cable in terms of its optical, tensile, impact, twist, bend, vibration, moisture resistant and temperature properties shows that, with the exception of impact strength, it meets all the guideline requirements.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

53

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A014 655 14/2  
UTAH UNIV SALT LAKE CITYLiquid Crystal Fiberoptic Temperature  
Probe.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Mar 74-28 Feb 75,  
JUN 75 20P Durney, Carl H.; Johnson,  
Curtis C.; Lords, James L. ;  
CONTRACT: N00014-67-A-0325-0011

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Temperature measuring instruments,  
Liquid crystals, Fiber optics, Probes,  
Detectors

(U)

The design, construction and testing details of a liquid crystal fiber-optic temperature probe are described. A liquid crystal sensor is attached to the distal tip of a fiberoptic probe. Pulsed light from a red LED illuminates the liquid crystal sensor through the fiberoptics and reflected red light which is strongly temperature dependent is collected. An electronic system provides all the necessary electro-optic components for the unit, including a temperature readout. Probe response data shows sensitivity, stability, hysteresis and reproducibility. A modification of the liquid crystal sensor using a thin coating of resistive material attached to the sensor tip is described by measuring electric field strength in tissues.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

53

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A013 786 20/6 18/8  
 AIR FORCE CAMBRIDGE RESEARCH LABS HANSCOM AFB MASS

Radiation Effects on Fiber Optics. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Physical sciences research papers (Final).  
 APR 75 54P Wall, James A. ; Bryant, John F. ;

REPT. NO. AFRL-PSRP-627, AFRL-TR-75-0190  
 PROJ: ILIR-3E-01

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Optical materials, \*Fiber optics, \*Radiation effects, Optical communications, Glass fibers, Cesium, Doping, Transient radiation effects, X rays, Light transmission, Germanium, Fused silica, Plastics, Fluorescence, Neutron irradiation (U)

Samples representative of most of the optical fibers presently available in lengths of 10 m or more were tested for their responses to energetic radiation. Glass fibers doped with three different levels of cesium were also prepared and tested. Permanent and transient x-radiation effects tests were performed. Neutron effects tests were performed. All of the fibers tested showed decreases in transmission when exposed to radiation. All of the fibers emitted fluorescent light pulses when exposed to intense x-ray pulses. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

54

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A013 221 14/1 9/1 20/6  
 NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

A-7 ALOFT Economic Analysis Development Concept. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical document,  
 JUL 75 70P Ellis, J. R. ; Greenwell, R. A. ;

REPT. NO. NELC/TD-435  
 PROJ: WF41-X1, NELC-F228  
 TASK: WF41-X1-001

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines, \*Avionics, \*Cost analysis, \*Cost effectiveness, Fiber optics, Economics, Life cycles, Light emitting diodes, Photodetectors, Attack bombers, Jet bombers, Digital systems, Signals, Multiplexing, Data transmission systems, Transmission lines, Electric cables, Interfaces (U)  
 IDENTIFIERS: A-7 aircraft, ALOFT project, ALOFT(Avionics light optical fiber technology), Avionics light optical fiber technology, Economic analysis (U)

The economic analysis plan will establish the costs and benefits of applying future fiber optic technology to avionics cabling. Component descriptions, interface requirements, and the signal list for the A-7 (ALOFT) system are included to provide the necessary background to perform the economic analysis. (Author) (U)



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A013 193 17/2 1/3  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

A-7 Aloft Demonstration. Master Test Plan.

JUL 75 18P Harder.R. D. ;  
REPT. NO. NELC/TD-438  
PROJ: NELC-F228

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Data transmission systems, \*Fiber optics transmission lines, Fiber optics, Attack aircraft, Multiplexing, Avionics, Airborne, Planning

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: A-7 aircraft, ALOFT(Airborne Light Optical Fiber Technology), Airborne light optical fiber technology

(U)

The A-7 ALOFT (Airborne Light Optical Fiber Technology) demonstration was organized to display the advantages of fiber optics over conventional technologies in short, point-to-point applications generally; and to confirm the feasibility of using fiber optics specifically for internal information transfer in weapon systems. A multiplexed E-O interface will replace certain wire transmission channels in the navigation/weapons delivery system (N/WDS) of an A-7 aircraft. This document outlines the test efforts required in order to provide complete integration of the demonstration hardware into the A-7 N/WDS.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A012 546 17/2 1/3  
CONTROL DATA CORP SAN DIEGO CALIF

Program Management Plan. A-7 Aloft.

SEP 74 139P  
CONTRACT: N00123-73-C-0141  
MONITOR: NELC TD-369

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Data transmission systems, \*Fiber optics transmission lines, Avionics, Fiber optics, Data links, Multiplexing, Optical communications, Attack aircraft, Management planning and control, Feasibility studies

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: A-7 ALOFT program, A-7 aircraft

(U)

The purpose of the plan is to outline the tasks to be accomplished and the approach for control and management of a feasibility demonstration which will develop, test and evaluate a fiber optic information transfer system using the avionics in the A-7 as the project test bed. The plan presents the development scope and work requirements; it also provides management aids to control key aspects of this project; specifically, tasks and task assignments, schedules, milestones, and costs.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A010 356 9/1 20/6 17/2  
SPECTRONICS INC RICHARDSON TEX  
Fiber Optic Led.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept..  
MAR 75 56P Speer, R. S. ;  
CONTRACT: N00123-74-C-2024

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Light emitting diodes,  
\*Gallium arsenides, Data transmission systems,  
Aluminum compounds, Arsenides, Silicon, Doping,  
Coupling circuits, Optical equipment, Digital  
computers, Military applications, Optical  
communications, Electrooptics, Life tests,  
Integrated circuits  
IDENTIFIERS: \*Aluminum arsenides, Integrated  
optics

This report deals with the electrical, optical and  
mechanical characteristics of a fiber optic  
GaAlAs LED developed for the US Navy,  
Naval Electronics Laboratory Center, San  
Diego, California. The developed LED is  
optimized for coupling to 45 mil diameter  
conventional multimode fiber bundles. Coupling  
efficiencies to commercial fiber bundles are  
calculated and compared to experimental results.  
Life test results on these new LEDs are also  
presented.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A005 635 20/6 20/2  
LITTLE (ARTHUR D) INC CAMBRIDGE MASS

Growth and Characterization of Optical  
Waveguides for 10.6 micrometer Light. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. 1 Feb 73-30  
Jun 74, JAN 75 30P Haggerty, John S. ; Robbins,  
William L. ;  
REPT. NO: ADL-C-75519  
CONTRACT: N00014-73-C-0263, ARPA Order-2327

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical waveguides,  
\*Germanium, \*Crystal growth, Fibers, Infrared  
lasers, Carbon dioxide lasers, Single crystals,  
Zone melting, Light transmission, Wave  
propagation, Optical properties, Attenuation,  
Heating, Laser beams  
IDENTIFIERS: Laser heating (U)  
(U)

The growth and subsequent optical characterization  
of single crystal Ge fibers for transmission at  
10.6 micrometers is described. Single crystal Ge  
fibers 0.007 to 0.020 inch in diameter were grown by  
a laser-heated floating zone technique. The  
technique was shown to be effective for producing  
optical quality fibers with absorption coefficients  
as low as 0.06/cm, or 0.26 db/cm at 10.6  
micrometers.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

56

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A004 019 20/6 17/2  
ILLINOIS UNIV URBANA ELECTROMAGNETICS LAB

Excitation of an Optical Fiber by a Gaussian Beam.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.,

DEC 74 81P Mostafavi, Masoud ; Itoh,

Tatsuo ; Mitra, Raj ;

REPT. NO. UIEL-74-16, UIIU-ENG-74-2559

CONTRACT: DAHC04-74-G-0113

MONITOR: ARD 12049.4-EL

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Laser beams, \*Light transmission, Optical waveguides, Electromagnetic fields, Eigenvectors, Wave equations, Excitation

(U)

The problem of excitation of an optical fiber at normal incidence by a Gaussian beam is investigated. The authors have investigated two cases: (1) Neglecting the reflection from the end of the fiber, the guided modal powers and the radiated power are calculated. For the case of a truncated plane wave normally incident at the end of the rod, the modal powers are calculated and the results are compared with those of other authors using asymptotic analysis. Satisfactory agreement is found between the two. (2) The contribution of the reflection from the end of the rod is included in the analysis and the simultaneous set of equations obtained is solved numerically for the reflected, guided and radiated modal coefficients and their corresponding powers. The results, which were found to conform with the previous case, are considered satisfactory.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

57

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A003 994 17/2 20/6  
ARMY COMMUNICATIONS COMMAND FORT HUACHUCA ARIZ ADVANCED CONCEPTS OFFICE

Design Curves for Optical Waveguide Digital Communication Systems.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.,

DEC 74 177P Gallawa, R. L. ;

REPT. NO. ACC-ACO-12-74

PROJ: ACC-408-74

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Optical communications, \*Fiber optics, Coherent radiation, Light transmission, Light emitting diodes, Optical detectors, Noise(Sound), Optical waveguides, Graphs, Costs, Pulse rate, Military requirements

(U)

(U)

This report contains a series of curves intended to assist the communicator in specifying an optical waveguide digital communication system. The important parameters considered are pulse rate, distance between repeaters and cost. The parameters selected to present specific data are realistic, albeit arbitrary. Both the single mode and multimode fibers are considered; the latter category includes both the step-index and graded-index fibers. Discussion and curves are given to show the transition from dispersion-limited to detector-noise-limited operation. A measure of cost is defined to assist the communicator in specifying values of pulse rate if cost is, in fact, a design parameter.

(U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A002 249 9/1 17/2 17/1  
 NAVAL UNDERSEA CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

Fiber Optic Towed Array. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Research and development rept. Feb 71-Jan 74. (U)

OCT 74 43P Refern, John ; Taylor, Henry ;  
 Eastley, Richard ; Albares, Donald ;  
 REPT. NO. NUC-TP-414  
 PROJ: ZF61-212  
 MONITOR: GIDEP 347.45.00.00-Y3-08

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
 \*Towed arrays, Acoustic arrays, Digital systems,  
 Data transmission systems, Towing cables, Bundles,  
 Cables, Fiber optics, Underwater equipment,  
 Errors, Connectors, Multiplexing (U)

The paper describes development of optical signal multiplexing, transmitting, and receiving systems and the difficulties met in attempting to fabricate a fiber optic cable offering low attenuation over lengths of several hundred meters. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

58

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A002 222 17/2 9/1  
 NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

Fiber Optics Data Bus System (Presents  
 Current State of the Art in the Suitability  
 of Fiber Optics for Multiterminal Data  
 Communications). (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. Feb 73-Aug 74,  
 AUG 74 28P Taylor, H. F. ; Caton, W.  
 M. ; Lewis, A. L. ;  
 REPT. NO. NELC/TR-1930  
 PROJ: RF54-545, NR-288-001  
 TASK: RF54-545-102

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines, \*Bus  
 conductors, \*Data transmission systems, Fiber  
 optics, Multiplexing, Optical data, Optical  
 equipment, Couplers, Receivers, Aircraft  
 equipment (U)

Progress is described towards realization of a multiterminal fiber optics data bus capable of handling the information flow requirements of a modern military aircraft. Major accomplishments include development of novel access couplers containing a glass block with an internal mirror, and sensitive optical receivers using a field-effect transistor to amplify the integrated current output from a silicon photodiode. A five-terminal, unidirectional data bus system designed for 5 Mb/s operation was successfully demonstrated. (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD-A001 703 20/6 20/12 18/8  
NAVAL RESEARCH LAB WASHINGTON D CRadiation Effects in Fiber Optic  
Waveguides. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept..

NOV 74 93P Sigel, G. H., Jr.; Evans,  
B. D.; Ginther, R. J.; Friebele, E. J.;  
Griscom, D. L.;REPT. NO. NRL-MR-2934  
PROJ: NRL-64P03-11, RR022-06  
TASK: RR022-06-01

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical waveguides,  
\*Radiation effects, Glass, Light emitting diodes,  
Silicon dioxide, Doping (U)

A comprehensive review is presented on the effects of ionizing radiation on the performance of fiber optic cables, and on the materials used for fabrication of optical fibers. This includes a summary of the permanent and transient radiation-induced losses in optical transmission of state of the art fibers, a detailed discussion of the mechanisms responsible for the losses observed, and a report on inhouse materials development to achieve radiation hardened fiber optic glasses. (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 922 892 20/6 17/2  
CORNING GLASS WORKS N YResearch and Development on Ultra-Lightweight  
Low-Loss Optical Fiber Communication  
Cable. (U)DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim rept. 1 Jul 73-30 Jun 74,  
SEP 74 49P Frazier, J. F.; Miller, R.  
A.;CONTRACT: DAAB07-73-C-0348  
PROJ: DA-1-S-762705-A-149  
TASK: 1-S-762705-A-1494  
MONITOR: ECOM 73-0348-1

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*Fiber optics transmission lines, Lightweight), Glass, Fibers, Organic coatings, Polyurethane resins, Solutions (General), Powders, Electrostatics, Extrusion, Ruggedized equipment, Broadband, Optical communications, Tactical communications, Fiber optics, Losses  
IDENTIFIERS: \*Optical cables, Optical waveguides, Kynar, Kelvar, Low losses (U)  
(U)

This interim report describes the initial phases of the investigation to provide ultra-lightweight, low-loss optical fiber communication cables for tactical field army environments. Initial efforts to use low-loss optical waveguides in a cable structure resulted in unacceptable increased in fiber attenuation. These increased losses were attributed to micro-distortions in the low-loss fibers introduced by coatings and/or the cable structure. The program was redirected to seek a solution to this problem which would allow the use of state-of-the-art optical fibers in cable structures. Organic coatings applied by extrusion techniques to the optical fibers are a solution and have permitted cable unit structures without any significant increase in the attenuation of the individual fibers. An approved cable unit will ultimately be incorporated in a structure designed to provide a rugged cable. (Author-PL) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 919 959 17/2 19/1 20/14  
NAVAL WEAPONS LAB DAHLGREN VA

Multichannel Signal Conditioning Unit. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.:  
JUN 74 23P Caldwell, C. E. ;  
REPT. NO. NWL-TR-3111  
PROJ: ORD-048-001/090-5/1773

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*Optical communications, Telemetering data), (\*Fiber optics, Transmitter receivers), (\*Multichannel communications, Test equipment), (\*Electric detonators, Vulnerability), (\*Explosives initiators, Electromagnetic compatibility), Hazards, Radiofrequency interference, Thermocouples, Instrumentation, Coding, Decoding  
IDENTIFIERS: Hero project, Optical signals, Bridge wires (U)  
(U)

An instrumentation system composed of a transmitter, receiver, and interconnecting fiber optic light guides to be used in performing HERO tests is described herein. The function of the transmitter is to amplify four thermocouple generated signals and code them for transmission via a fiber optic light guide to a remotely located receiver. Decoding of the transmitter signal is performed in the receiver to recover the four original thermocouple signals. The system is discussed on a functional basis, with typical input/output waveforms. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

60

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 917 450 20/6 20/5 9/1 20/14  
AIR FORCE AVIONICS LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

Fiber Optics and Related Technology. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept. 1 Apr 72-1 Jun 73,  
NOV 73 155P Matulka, Donald D. ; Harris,  
Robert L. ; Warren, R. E. ; Wille, D. A. ;  
REPT. NO. AFAL-TR-73-267-Pt-1  
PROJ: AF-2001  
TASK: 200104

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*Fiber optics, Technology), Light emitting diodes, Lasers, Electromagnetic pulses, Multiplexing, Fly by wire control, Waveguides, Electromagnetic interference, Radiation effects, Damage, Interfaces, Detectors, Noise, Dielectrics, Light sources, Couplers, Injection lasers, Semiconductor diodes, Gallium arsenides, Gamma rays, Transients, Security, Semiconductor lasers, Gas lasers (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: Coupling, Tempest security (U)

A study was performed to evaluate the applicability of Fiber Optics and Related Technology (FORT) to Air Force requirements, primarily in the area of connections between electrical and electronics functions in aircraft. Numerous reports and articles in professional and trade journals were examined, and many discussions were held. The results of the study clearly show that problems which could be cured or alleviated by the fiber optics approach do exist in aircraft interconnections. Many wiring problems exist because electrical interconnections cause electromagnetic interference. Optical fibers are dielectric, and therefore do not generate and are not susceptible to electromagnetic interference. Existing technology will permit use of FORT in selected point-to-point applications, but research and development is needed to extend the technology so that it can be used for a broader range of applications with high confidence. (Author) (U)

(U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
AD- 914 009 17/2 20/6 9/5  
SPECTRONICS INC RICHARDSON TEX

## Optoelectronic Data Bus.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 28 Apr 72-28 Feb 73,  
OCT 73 108P Biard, James R.; Stewart,  
L. L.;  
CONTRACT: F33615-72-C-1911  
PROJ: AF-6090  
MONITOR: AFAL TR-73-271

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*DATA TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS, FIBER OPTICS),  
(\*INTERCOMMUNICATION SYSTEMS, ELECTROOPTICS), (\*INFRARED  
COMMUNICATIONS, AIRBORNE), INFRARED PULSES,  
MULTIPLEXING, DIGITAL SYSTEMS, SEMICONDUCTOR DIODES,  
ERRORS, ACCURACY, WEIGHT, INTERFACES, JOINTS, LENSES,  
ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT, INFRARED RADIATION, GALLIUM  
ARSENIDES, INFRARED DETECTORS, PHOTODIODES, SILICON,  
RESPONSE, CLOCKS, TIME SIGNALS (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: AVIONICS, LIGHT EMITTING DIODES, (U)  
CROSSTALK, \*OPTOELECTRONICS, DATA BUS (U)

This document is the final report of a development program concerned with the design and fabrication of a ten-channel optoelectronic data bus demonstrator. Airborne avionics systems are moving toward the use of party line multiplex data buses for the transmission of the growing number of digital signals found in modern aircraft. Optoelectronic technology provides a data bus interface system consistent with military requirements that is potentially superior to wire techniques. The purpose of this program is the development and fabrication of an optoelectronic data bus so that its performance can be compared directly to the performance of systems using twisted pair, coaxial cable and waveguide. The optoelectronic data bus developed on this program uses GaAs light emitting diodes (LEDs), flexible fiber optic bundles, and silicon photodiodes. The report emphasizes the design approach and characteristics of the critical electrical and optical interfaces associated with the LED and photodiode. Overall system rationale and circuit description are also presented. Overall system rationale and circuit description are also presented. The system features ten (10) parallel data transmission channels. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

61

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
AD- 910 760 20/6 17/2  
SPECTRONICS INC RICHARDSON TEX

## Optoelectronic Aspects of Avionic Systems.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 17 Dec 71-17 Oct 72,  
JUN 73 161P Biard, James R.;  
CONTRACT: F33615-72-C-1565  
PROJ: AF-6090  
MONITOR: AFAL TR-73-164

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*ELECTROOPTICS, \*ELECTRON OPTICS), (\*DATA  
TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS, ELECTROOPTICS), (\*PHOTODIODES,  
\*FIBER OPTICS), LASERS, INFRARED DETECTORS,  
MULTIPLEXING, PREAMPLIFIERS, AVALANCHE DIODES, ANALOG  
SYSTEMS, DIGITAL SYSTEMS, INTERFACES, ATTENUATION,  
MATCHED FILTERS, EFFICIENCY, SILICON, NIGHT VISION,  
AIRBORNE, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: \*AVIONICS, \*LIGHT EMITTING DIODES, (U)  
\*OPTOELECTRONICS (U)

This document is the final report of an initial study of the optoelectronic aspects of avionic systems. Airborne avionics systems are moving toward the use of party line multiplex data buses for the transmission of the growing number of digital signals found in modern aircraft. Optoelectronic technology provides a data bus interface system consistent with military requirements that is potentially far superior to wire techniques. The optoelectronic interface is also useful for point-to-point transmission of wide-band analog and digital signals that are not included in the multiplexed data bus system. The primary objective of this program is to study coherent and non-coherent optical components, devices and techniques to determine their applicability to a flexible high-speed data bus. This initial study has emphasized detailed investigation of specific topics within the subject area and has not attempted to treat all aspects of the total problem. Optoelectronic data transmission is based on the use of multimode, low-loss fiber optic bundles with non-coherent light emitting diodes (LEDs) and silicon photodetectors. Analysis and characterization of the individual components are presented along with a description of the physical organization of an optoelectronic data bus. (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 903 811 20/5

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INC DALLAS SEMICONDUCTOR GROUP

Modularized Fiber-Optic-Coupled Laser Arrays.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly progress rept. no. 1.  
 APR 72 38P Doerbeck, Friedrich H.; Carr,

David L. ;

REPT. NO. TI-03-72-50

CONTRACT: DAAK02-72-C-0173

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*LASERS, \*FIBER OPTICS), SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES, SEMICONDUCTOR DIODES, ALIGNMENT, COUPLING CIRCUITS, GALLIUM ARSENIDES, EPITAXIAL GROWTH, ALUMINUM, DESIGN, EFFICIENCY, TEMPERATURE, ILLUMINATION (U)  
 IDENTIFIERS: \*INJECTION LASERS, RIBBONS, ROOM TEMPERATURE LASERS (U)

Equipment was built to align fiber optical ribbons in front of the emitting facet of close-confinement lasers. Typically, 70% of the laser power was transmitted through the fiber with an air gap between laser and fiber; approximately 100% was obtained when the gap was filled with an epoxy. Beam-angle data are presented, indicating that a power loss of 30% should be expected for a beam angle of 15 deg cone half-angle (an aperture of f/1.8). First LOC lasers emit into a cone angle too wide (60 to 90 deg) for array applications. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 903 446 20/6 17/2

NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

Independent Research and Independent Exploratory Development.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. fiscal year 1972.  
 SEP 72 68P

REPT. NO. NELC-TD-194

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Original contains color plates:  
 All DDC reproductions will be in black and white.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*OPTICS, INTEGRATED SYSTEMS), (\*OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS, FIBER OPTICS), (\*LUMINESCENCE, MATERIALS), SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH, WAVEGUIDES, SUBSTRATES, CATHODE RAY TUBES, PHOSPHORESCENT MATERIALS, DIGITAL SYSTEMS, INTEGRATED CIRCUITS, LASERS, CRYSTALS, SONAR, ACOUSTICS, THERMAL RADIATION, PHOTOCATHODES, DISPLAY SYSTEMS, REAL TIME, DATA PROCESSING, MEMORY DEVICES (U)  
 IDENTIFIERS: CHARGE COUPLED DEVICES, LARGE SCALE INTEGRATION, LIQUID CRYSTALS, METAL OXIDE SEMICONDUCTORS, METAL NITRIDE OXIDE SEMICONDUCTORS, NATURAL LANGUAGE, RAMAN LASERS, ACOUSTIC EQUIPMENT, SURFACE WAVES, WALSH FUNCTIONS (U)

This document is an overview of the NELC IR and IED programs. It summarizes the accomplishments achieved within each project in FY 72. Longer articles are presented on three of the most significant projects-integrated optical circuits, fiber optics communications, and luminescent and electronic materials. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

62

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 881 276 20/6  
AMERICAN OPTICAL CORP SOUTHBIDGE MASS

Exploratory Development of Improved Optical  
Fiber Bundles.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Mar 69-30 Jun 70.  
JAN 71 80P Hopkins, Ethan C. ;Stegmund,  
Walter P. ;Cole, Henry B. ;  
CONTRACT: F33615-69-C-1391  
PROJ: AF-7320  
TASK: 73201  
MONITOR: AFML TR-70-279

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, MANUFACTURING). (\*OPTICAL  
GLASS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION). TEST METHODS, OPTICAL  
PROPERTIES (U)

This report discusses exploratory development on materials and techniques to improve glass optical fibers and fiber bundles with particular reference to coherent multifiber fiberscopes. Studies were carried out on improved interface formation, end tip fusing, experimental fiber drawing techniques and evaluation of various component glass, clad rods and fibers. Two basically different approaches to improving core-cladding interface were explored: the use of low melting fluxes with the rod and tube method, and the use of a double crucible to completely melt the core and cladding glasses before drawing. Neither approach provided significantly better interface quality in the resulting clad rods. A method was developed for fusing the end tips of coherent fiberscope bundles. Good results were achieved in bundle size up to 3 x 3mm in cross section but considerable difficulty was encountered when the bundle size was increased to 10 x 10mm. A number of different glass combinations were selected and drawn into clad rods and fibers in a search for improved transmission efficiency. It was concluded that the properties of commercially available glasses presently limit the fiber transmission and that glasses with improved bulk transmittance must be formulated if improved fibers are to be realized.

(Author-PL)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 876 995 17/1 20/6 9/2  
NAVAL UNDERWATER SYSTEMS CENTER NEW LONDON CONN NEW LONDON  
LAB

Signal Processing by Fiber Optical Modeling  
of an Acoustic Array.

(U)

SEP 70 29P Green, Eugene L. ;Smith,  
Luther W. ;Snitzer, Elias ;  
REPT. NO. NUSC/NL-3025  
PROJ: NUSL-A-035-00-00, ZF20-112-001

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*SONAR ARRAYS, DATA PROCESSING). (\*FIBER  
OPTICS, MODELS(SIMULATIONS)). HYDROPHONES, DIELECTRICS,  
WAVEGUIDES, NARROWBAND, ANALOG COMPUTERS (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: \*ACOUSTIC ARRAYS, FOURIER TRANSFORMATION,  
\*SIGNAL PROCESSING (U)

The concept of optical modeling of acoustic arrays for the purpose of performing Fourier transform signal processing is developed. An optical model is an array of light-emitting elements, usually similar in geometry to an acoustic array, that facilitates reconstruction of a sound field with coherent light. Dielectric waveguides, glass fibers that transmit light signals preserving phase and amplitude, are essential elements in a two-stage processor for a planar array. This processor performs frequency analyses on all hydrophone channels and then, sequentially as a function of frequency, it performs two-dimensional space transforms. In the processor for the planar array, the dielectric waveguide fibers rearrange light signals representing frequency-analyzed hydrophone signals into an optical model of the array. Modeling of certain three-dimensional arrays also may be possible with fibers. A 10-element line array of dielectric waveguides has been constructed to show that a significant number of fibers can be controlled in relative phase. Control of both phase and amplitude in a dielectric waveguide fiber also has been demonstrated. This report suggests the potential inherent in optical Fourier methods that are being developed to provide a basis for the design and construction of new processors for sonar.

(U)

(Author)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 869 699 20/6  
DATA CORP DAYTON OHIOOptical Fiber Image Evaluation  
Studies.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept. 23 Apr 68-28 Feb 69,  
APR 70 32P Desautels, John E. ; Williams,

Arnold C. ; Sahr, Louis E. ;

REPT. NO. DTR-70-4

CONTRACT: F33615-68-C-1625

PROJ: AF-7360

TASK: 736001

MONITOR: AFWL TR-70-62

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, \*OPTICAL IMAGES), DIGITAL  
SYSTEMS, RESOLUTION, LIGHT TRANSMISSION, DISTORTION,  
PHOTOGRAPHIC IMAGES (U)

Photographic studies of the imaging properties of multiple fibers were conducted utilizing a point target array. Photographic negatives of the target and image arrays are scanned with a microdensitometer, reducing the images to digital data. The digital data are analyzed on a computer. The output of the programs consists of a map of the error vectors between the positions of the target points and image points, yielding displacement, and various average point spread functions. The error map provides a map of the transmission pattern from which average point spread function maps are derived. The derived average point spread functions of the image are anisotropic due to the fiber patterns and this anisotropy is displayed in a three-dimensional projection. With the exception of the standard deviation measure of distortion, no single number result for fiber optic imaging properties has been developed. However, the techniques developed will provide a quantitative measure of point displacement and will provide a statistical analysis of point spread functions. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

64

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 867 695 17/2 20/6  
AUTONETICS ANAHEIM CALIFWideband Fiberoptic Analog Information  
Link,

(U)

SEP 69 20P Churchill, R. A. ; Avicola,  
K. ;

REPT. NO. X9-1130/601

MONITOR: IDEP 817.60.00.00-C1-02

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Presented at International  
Telemetering Conference, Washington, D. C. 15-17  
Sep 69.DESCRIPTORS: (\*DATA TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS, OPTICAL  
COMMUNICATIONS), (\*OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS, \*FIBER  
OPTICS), BROADBAND, GALLIUM ARSENIDES, SEMICONDUCTOR  
DIODES, CRYOGENICS, ANALOG SYSTEMS (U)

A high frequency data transmission system which is unaffected by high energy electromagnetic fields is described. The system utilizes a gallium arsenide (GaAs) infrared light emitting diode as the transmitting source, a glass fiber optic light guide as the transmitting medium, and a photomultiplier tube (PMT) as the optical receiving sensor. The photomultiplier output is displayed on a real-time wideband oscilloscope where it is permanently recorded on film. The overall system concept was chosen and each major component type was evaluated for optimum performance in this application. It was determined during the feasibility phase of the program that cryogenic cooling of the GaAs diode would be necessary to obtain high frequency response and high signal to noise ratio (SNR). The described system results in a 40-ft fiber optic, analog data link with a frequency response of 80 MHz and a dynamic range of 32 db. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 866 951 20/6  
FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

New Developments in Fiber Optics. (U)

DEC 69 6P Jacobsen, Alfred ;  
REPT. NO. FTD-HT-23-520-69  
PROJ: FTD-7230178

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Edited trans. of Jemna Mechanika a Optika (Czechoslovakia) n11 p348-349 1968, by H. Peck.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, CZECHOSLOVAKIA), LIGHT TRANSMISSION, FLEXIBLE STRUCTURES, MANUFACTURING, COSTS, ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION, MATERIALS, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: COLD LIGHT, TRANSLATIONS (U)

The author presents a report on new structural elements of fiber optics and indicates some possibilities of their application. The manufacturer is able to produce light conductors up to 14.5 meters long (compared to the normal 7 meter lengths) made of type B fibers. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

65

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 861 175 20/6 9/1  
FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

Fiber Optics for Optical Electron Tubes. (U)

FEB 69 18P Janousek, Ladislav ;  
REPT. NO. FTD-HT-23-1235-68

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Microfiche copies only.  
SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Edited trans. of Sdelovaci Technika (Czechoslovakia) n12 p453-456 1967, by H. Peck.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, \*IMAGE TUBES), RESOLUTION, PHOTOCATHODES, TELEVISION EQUIPMENT, HERMETIC SEALS, REFRACTIVE INDEX, OPTICAL GLASS, CZECHOSLOVAKIA (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: TRANSLATIONS (U)

It is to be assumed that in the years to come fiber optics will be increasingly developed in connection with optical electron tubes. This article studies the demands on fiber optics resulting from this and defines the relationships between size of optical fiber, definition, and contrast. (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
 AD- 843 963 9/1 20/6  
 RCA ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS LANCASTER PA INDUSTRIAL TUBE  
 DIV

Development of an Image Isocon with Fiber  
 Optics Faceplate.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Sep 67-Jul 68,  
 OCT 68 37/ Musselman, E. M. ;  
 CONTRACT: F33615-68-C-1014  
 PROJ: AF-7235  
 MONITOR: ARL 68-0182

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CAMERA TUBES, \*FIBER OPTICS), IMAGE  
 INTENSIFIERS(ELECTRONICS), PHOTOCATHODES, ELECTRON GUNS,  
 ELECTRON TUBE TARGETS, COILS, SENSITIVITY,  
 RESPONSE(BIOLOGY), CONTROL SYSTEMS, MAGNETIC FIELDS,  
 FOCUSING, DEFLECTION, ELECTRON BEAMS, DESIGN (U)

The uniform magnetic focus field version of the  
 image isocon was initiated as a fresh approach to the  
 problem of building an image isocon which could be  
 used commercially. This contract had two  
 objectives. The first objective was to develop a  
 sturdy 3 in image isocon with fibre-optic faceplate  
 which could be coupled to an image intensifier with a  
 p20 phosphor screen. The second objective, by  
 extension of the contract, was to provide the same  
 tube structure with a black rise control element  
 added to the image mount structure. This element,  
 designed to extend the lighting range in image  
 orthicon broadcast work, was adapted to improve the  
 nightlight handling capability of the image isocon.  
 (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

66

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
 AD- 830 356 20/6  
 FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

A METHOD FOR THE FAST MEASUREMENT OF THE PERMEABILITY  
 OF GLASS FIBERS, (U)

SEP 67 9P Cabak, I. ;  
 REPT. NO. FTD-HT-23-694-67

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Edited trans. of Jemna Mechanika a  
 Optika (Czechoslovakia) n1 p3-4 1966, tr. by H.  
 Peck.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, PERMEABILITY), (\*GLASS  
 TEXTILES, PERMEABILITY), TEST METHODS, OPTICAL ANALYSIS,  
 LIGHT TRANSMISSION, PHOTOMULTIPLIER TUBES, (U)  
 CZECHOSLOVAKIA (U)  
 IDENTIFIERS: TRANSLATIONS (U)

The article describes a method which removes the  
 difficulties hitherto encountered in measuring the  
 transmission of glass fibers, when laborious and  
 lengthy grinding and polishing of the fiber front and  
 protection against damage were necessary. In the  
 new method the upper end of the fiber is cemented  
 with Canada balsam on a ground glass plate, the  
 lower end being dipped in a drop of immersion liquid  
 in the entrance window of the multiplier. The  
 light travels through the fiber from the source at  
 the upper end of the fiber and the transmission is  
 characterized by the multiplier current intensity as  
 a function of the fiber length. (Author) (U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 824 489 9/1

MONT ELECTRON TUBES CLIFTON N J

12 IN. DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE, FIBER OPTIC  
FACEPLATE.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept., Jun 64-Mar 67,

MAR 67 31P Cawein, Madison ;

CONTRACT: N00sr-91206

PROJ: SF0070501

TASK: 6030

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBES, FIBER OPTICS), (\*FIBER  
OPTICS, \*CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS), MANUFACTURING (U)

Two developmental models of a 12 in. diameter CRT with fiber optic face plates were fabricated. The tube type designation is KC2474P19, interchangeable electrically with the 12BCP19. Fabrication of the large fiber optic plates was time consuming. The edge fibers on both of the tubes were skewed. The first of the tubes was not useful for photographic purposes due to the vignetting produced by fiber skew. The second tube had a non-reflective glass plate 11 7/8 in. in diameter by .040 in. thick cemented to the face.

(Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 824 045 20/6 11/5

FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

MEASURING THE PERMEABILITY OF FIBERS MADE FROM  
ARTIFICIAL MATTER (MERENI PROPUSTNOSTI VLAKEN Z  
UMELYCH HMOT).

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Unedited rough draft translation,

APR 67 12P Cabak, I. ; Martoch, A. ;

Stupkova, A. ;

REPT. NO. FTD-HT-66-442

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Trans. of Jemna Mechanika a  
Optika (Czechoslovak.a) n8 p240-243 1964, by L.  
Marokus.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*SYNTHETIC FIBERS, PERMEABILITY), (\*FIBER  
OPTICS, SYNTHETIC FIBERS), OPTICAL PROPERTIES,  
ILLUMINATION, ABSORPTION, ELECTRON OPTICS, POLYAMIDE  
PLASTICS, ACRYLIC RESINS, CZECHOSLOVAKIA  
IDENTIFIERS: TRANSLATIONS (U)  
(U)

This report treats of the properties of fiber optics, its use in science and practice and the methods by which the usefulness of macromolecular matter in fiber optics has been realized. In this report the results measured on polymethyl methacrylate and polyamide fibers are compared.

(Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 809 848 13/12  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILLULTRAVIOLET FIBER OPTICS FOR FIRE AND EXPLOSION  
DETECTION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 3 Jan-30 Dec 66,  
MAR 67 84P Pontarelli, D. A. ;Ching  
Li, Pei ;Olson, D. H. ;  
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-3446  
PROJ: AF-6075  
TASK: 607501  
MONITOR: AFAPL TR-67-31

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*ULTRAVIOLET DETECTORS, \*FIRE ALARM  
SYSTEMS), (\*EXPLOSIONS, ULTRAVIOLET DETECTORS), (\*FIBER  
OPTICS, ULTRAVIOLET DETECTORS), HYPERSONIC AIRCRAFT,  
MAGNESIUM COMPOUNDS, FLUORIDES, LIGHT TRANSMISSION,  
COATINGS, QUARTZ, REFLECTION, HYPERSONIC FLIGHT,  
DIELECTRICS, GLASS, ATTENUATION, SILICON COMPOUNDS,  
POWDERS, AIRCRAFT FIRES (U)

Fiber optics bundles of lengths up to 12 1/2 feet,  
capable of being used in the middle ultraviolet  
region (200 nm to 300 nm), were fabricated.  
The use of Suprasil for the core material and  
Magnesium Fluoride (MgF2) for the cladding  
was adopted. Transmission of light above  
wavelengths of 250 nm appears feasible, but cladding  
and endface fusing contributed to the overall  
attenuation of wavelengths shorter than 250 nm.  
The results of this program have extended long  
fiber optics bundle short wavelength transmission  
from 370 nm to below 250 nm and now make it possible  
to remotely detect flames using ultraviolet sensors.  
Capability for use at 1000 F in the environment  
associated with Mach III to Mach VIII  
vehicles for fire and explosion detection has been  
established. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

68

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 807 413 20/6 17/5  
CHICAGO AERIAL INDUSTRIES INC BARRINGTON ILL

FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 2, 1 Aug-31 Oct  
66, FEB 67 14P Mueller, Andrew A. ;  
REPT. NO. 7521-2  
CONTRACT: DA-28-043-AMC-02057(E)  
PROJ: DA-1P6-22001-A-055  
TASK: 1P6-22001-A-055-03  
MONITOR: ECOM 02057-2

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, WAVE PROPAGATION),  
(\*OPTICAL GLASS, \*ULTRAVIOLET SPECTROSCOPY), LANTHANUM,  
ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION, CATHODE RAY TUBES, REFRACTION (U)

During this period the development program at  
Rutgers University was initiated and a series of  
experimental melts completed. The melts were  
limited to formulation variations of a lanthanum  
crown glass which exhibited the most promise of the  
six experimental melts previously evaluated. The  
best performance achieved was with melt A25  
exhibiting 44.5 percent transmission at 370  
millimicrons, expansion of 84.5 over the range of 25  
C to 425 C, and an index of refraction of 1.725.  
A spectrograph has been constructed at CAI to  
permit measurement of relative transmission of the  
glass and fiber optic plates. Photographs of the  
spectrograph are included. (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 800 818 11/2 9/1 20/6  
CHICAGO AERIAL INDUSTRIES INC BARRINGTON ILL

FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 1, 29 Mar-31 Jul 66.

OCT 66 13P Mueller, Andrew A. ;

REPT. NO. 7521-1

CONTRACT: DA-28-043-AMC-02057(E)

PROJ: DA-1P622001A055

TASK: 1P622001A05503

MONITOR: ECOM 02057-1

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, ULTRAVIOLET OPTICAL MATERIALS); OPTICAL GLASS, WAVE PROPAGATION, LANTHANUM, LEAD(METAL), ALUMINUM, BORATES, SILICATES, DRAWING(FORMING), CATHODE RAY TUBES, TRANSPARENT PANELS, REFRACTIVE INDEX (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: FACEPLATES (U)

Investigations were made leading to the development of an ultraviolet transmitting, high index of refraction optical glass suitable for use as a core material in the fiber optic plates and to six sample glass formulations, selected as the best possibilities for developing the glass from existing formulations. Tests were made on the six glasses to determine the fiberization and compatibility with the fiber production processes. Additional tests on the samples were performed to determine the thermal coefficient of expansion. Tests were completed and all data except that for coefficient of expansion is summarized. Appendix A contains photographs taken of the glass attenuation zones and fibers produced during single fiber draw tests. By referencing these photographs, it is possible to observe several conditions relative to the suitability of the glasses for fiberization. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

69

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 785 540 11/1 5/4  
HARRY DIAMOND LABS WASHINGTON D C

Fiber Optic Seals: Improved Seal Assemblies and Inspection Equipment for Field Use in International Safeguards and Arms Control Applications. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.,

JUL 74 29P Ulrich, R. R. ;

REPT. NO. HDL-TR-1669

MONITOR: GIDEP 361.00.14.00-n3-01

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: \*Seals, Fiber optics, Arms control, International relations, Portable equipment, Security, Identification systems, Photography, Signatures, Instrumentation (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: Safing systems, Tamperproof seals (U)

In 1971 the Harry Diamond Laboratories developed for the US Arms Control and Disarmament Agency a prototype model of a portable safing system that uses fiber optic seals and assemblies, photographs, and identifies them in the field. The safing system provides a tamper-resistant/tamper-indicating seal that can be nondestructively identified in the field. Such seals are needed for the effective use of containment as a safeguards technique and for the protection of unattended instruments used for surveillance at peaceful nuclear facilities. This report describes an improved fiber optic seal assembly and associated equipment designed to meet these needs. The improved seal assembly uses both a lead filler and a mechanical support to hold the fibers in place. A 30X handheld viewer was designed for convenient direct viewing of the seal fingerprints. (Modified author abstract) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

69

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 783 918 17/2  
LTV AEROSPACE CORP DALLAS TEX VOUGHT SYSTEMS DIV

Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optics as  
Applied to the SOSIEL (Solid State Electric  
Logic) Data Handling System. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 27 Mar 73-9 Jan 74.  
JAN 74 159P Perkins, Jim R.; Heinzman,  
Homer W.; Turnage, W. Tom;  
REPT. NO. 2-57110/4R-3142  
CONTRACT: N62269-73-C-0411

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines, \*Data  
links, Time division multiplexing, Optical data,  
Fiber optics, Feasibility studies, Data  
processing, Cables, Communication and radio systems,  
Avionics, Connectors (U)

IDENTIFIERS: SOSIEL (Solid State Electric  
Logic), Solid state electric logic (U)

The study was conducted to develop requirements and  
techniques for applying fiber optics to the Solid  
State Electric Logic (SOSIEL) system in  
general and to develop a design for demonstrating the  
application of fiber optics to the SOSIEL II  
DMS brassboard system in specific. To achieve  
both objectives, an assessment was made of the  
characteristics of optical components as applicable  
to multiplex systems for military aircraft.  
Components evaluated include optical fibers, light  
sources, photodiodes, connectors, scramblers and  
tees. This assessment considered both functional  
and installation/environmental aspects. This  
foundation was then used to evolve a number of  
approaches for interconnecting a multiplex system  
consisting of two processors and up to 32 remote  
terminals. The optimum approach was determined to  
be a radial system with passive branching devices.  
(Modified author abstract) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

70

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 783 691 20/6  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

The Effects of Contaminants on Fiber Optic  
Connector Radiation Patterns. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical document,  
JUL 74 19P Kosmos, G. J.  
REPT. NO. NELC-TD-349  
PROJ: NELC-F228

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, Connectors, Fiber  
optics transmission lines, Contaminants, Radiation,  
Intensity, Light transmission, Patterns (U)

The study of how liquid contaminants affect  
transmission within fiber connectors in installing  
fiber optic systems has shown that fiber optic  
connectors which are contaminated by oils and grease  
generally enhance light transmissions, thus  
eliminating one of the objections to fiber optic  
communications. It was found that some of the  
contaminants that attenuate transmission are opaque  
and that they can be removed from the connector  
during normal maintenance. (Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
AD- 782 661 20/6 17/2 1/3  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

Fiber-Optic Data Bus.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Apr 73-Feb 74,  
APR 74 37P Howard, E. A.; Marcus, D.

M. ;  
REPT. NO. MELC-TR-1921  
PROJ: NR-288-001, WF54-545-603

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Data transmission systems, \*Naval aircraft, \*Bus conductors, \*Fiber optics transmission lines, Fiber optics, Multiplexing, Transmission lines, Avionics, Digital computers, couplers

IDENTIFIERS: Data bus multiplexing

Information transfer requirements of three aircraft platforms are investigated to determine the applicability of fiber optics to naval aircraft data bus systems for the 1975-1980 time frame. Multiplex systems and data bus designs proposed for these platforms by industry sources are examined and this data is utilized as a base to project the characteristics of the near future fiber-optic data bus system. The major factors of data bus design, control mechanization, and bus structure or configurations are considered. The control mechanizations of command/response and polling are compared. Techniques for implementing the fiber-optic data bus system and associated problems with the alternative approaches are presented. 'Star', coupler and 'T' coupler configurations are discussed. (Author)

(U)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
AD- 781 867 17/2 20/6  
NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CALIF

A Wideband RF Application of Fiber Optics.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Master's thesis Jul 73-Jun 74,  
JUN 74 73P Ross, Jessie Clarence, Jr;  
REPT. NO. NPS-32JR74061

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Optical communications, \*Fiber optics, \*Electrooptics, Communication and radio systems, Interfaces, Data transmission systems, Optical data, Light emitting diodes, Photodiodes, Photodetectors, Optical equipment, Transmitters, Receivers, Broadband, Theses

(U)

Recent progress in optoelectronic technology makes practical point-to-point optical data transmission systems consistent with military requirements and potentially far superior to wire techniques. This project provides survey of the current state-of-the-art technology and investigates the feasibility of a fiber optic interface between a receiving antenna and radio receiver in the high frequency spectrum. An optoelectronic interface based on the use of conventional multimode fiber optics with a light emitting diode optical source and a hybrid silicon photodiode-preamplifier photodetector was designed, constructed, and tested. Signal reception for the interfaced system was observed throughout the receiver spectrum. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 777 118 20/6 17/2  
CORNING GLASS WORKS N Y

Optimization of Optical Waveguides Strength Studies. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. Feb 73-Mar 74,  
MAR 74 30P Maurer, R. D. ; Miller, R.  
A. ; Smith, D. D. ; Trondsen, J. C. ;  
CONTRACT: N00014-73-C-0293  
PROJ: NR-039-119

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also AD-774 733.

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Strength(Mechanics), Test methods, Tensile  
strength, Stresses, Defects(Materials),  
Protective coatings, Lubricants (U)

A tensile test and testing procedures were developed and used to evaluate the effects of lubricants, coatings and reeling conditions on glass fiber strength. The results indicated that fiber failure always originated at surface imperfections and that the appropriate lubricants and coatings could preserve fiber strength by affording some degree of protection to the fiber surface. Fiber strength was also found to be a function of the reeling parameters. Attempts to predict the strength of long lengths of fiber from short gage length data were inconclusive. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

72

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 777 029 20/6  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

Waveguide Techniques for Integrated Optics. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Research and development rept. 1 Apr-  
30 Sep 73,  
JAN 74 33P Caton, W. M. ; Pavlopoulos,  
T. G. ;  
REPT. NO: NELC-TR-1909  
CONTRACT: ARPA Order-2158  
PROJ: NELC-F215

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Waveguides, \*Electrooptics, Optical equipment,  
Integrated circuits, Light emitting diodes, Thin  
films, Semiconductor diodes (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: \*Optical waveguides (U)

The advancement of integrated optics circuits and fiber optics with a view to their application in Navy and other DoD systems is the objective of this ARPA-sponsored NELC program. This report documents progress in a number of areas. Patterns for direct optical waveguides have been fabricated in different materials by electron beam exposure of electron resist. Studies have been performed on the efficiency of planar horn-shaped regions in waveguides as coupling devices. An electron beam microscope has been used to measure the variation in the concentration of the electrically active impurities in laser diodes and other semiconductor structures. An apparatus has been constructed for the measurement of the refractive index of thin films. Low-loss channel waveguides have been produced by focusing an argon ion cw laser with the aid of a microscopic objective on the surface of a piece of highly absorbing glass. (Modified author abstract) (U)

ZOM07



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 775 502 20/6

ARMY ELECTRONICS COMMAND FORT MONMOUTH N J

Effect of Neutron- and Gamma-Radiation on  
Glass Optical Waveguides.MAY 73 4P Maurer, Robert D. ; Schiel,  
Ernst J. ; Kronenberg, Stanley ; Lux, Robert A. ;

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Applied Optics, v12 n9  
p2024-2026 Sep 73.DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Glass, \*Radiation effects, Light transmission,  
Infrared radiation, Attenuation, Neutrons, Gamma  
rays, Nuclear radiation

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: \*Optical waveguides

(U)

Multimode glass optical waveguides with very low attenuation (4 dB/km) have been made by laboratory techniques. Since further research to reduce this already low absorption is no longer of primary interest, efforts have been directed toward other desirable properties of optical waveguides. Among these is the resistance to the environmental hazard of nuclear (neutron and gamma) radiation.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 775 017 20/6

NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CALIF

Wide Band Analog Signal Propagation in a  
Fiber Optic System.DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Master's thesis,  
MAR 74 41P Stolt, Robert Dean ;

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Light transmission, Light emitting diodes,  
Photodiodes, Infrared radiation, Semiconductor  
lasers, Gallium arsenide lasers, Infrared lasers,  
Analog systems, Broadband, Theses

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: Optical waveguides

(U)

State of the art advances in fiber optics have reached the point at which modulated light signals can be transmitted by means of a fiber optic bundle and subsequently detected. A system capable of modulating a light emitting diode with wide band analog signals, transmission through a fiber optic bundle, and subsequent detection is investigated. Tests are conducted to determine frequency response, linear dynamic range, saturation levels, minimum discernible signal, noise figure, and spectrum characteristics of the system. As a result of the investigation, it is determined that the system is suitable for transmission of information to tape recorders from receiver systems and is capable of other analog information applications where signal frequencies do not exceed seven megahertz. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 775 013 17/2  
NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CALIF

A Video Bandwidth Communications System  
Utilizing Optical Fiber Transmission. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Master's thesis,  
DEC 73 59P Lockhart, Gary Michael :

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Optical communications, \*Fiber optics  
transmission lines, Broadband, Light emitting  
diodes, Gallium arsenide lasers, Photodiodes,  
Theses (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: Design (U)

A video bandwidth communications system utilizing  
optical fiber transmission was designed, constructed,  
and tested. An amplitude modulated gallium  
arsenide light emitting diode is driven by a  
transistor circuit. The output is detected by a  
wide bandwidth silicon detector-preamplifier hybrid  
circuit. Properties such as bandwidth and harmonic  
distortion were measured for the individual system  
elements and the overall system. A closed circuit  
television signal was sent through the system and a  
sharp clear picture was observed on the monitor.  
(Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

74

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 774 733 20/6  
CORNING GLASS WORKS N Y

Optimization of Optical Waveguides--Electro-  
Optic Studies. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. no. 1, Feb-Dec  
73,

DEC 73 30P Maurer, R. D. ; Keck, D. B.

; Todd, B. J. ;  
CONTRACT: N00014-73-C-0293  
PROJ: NR-039-119

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines,  
\*Electrooptics, Optimization, Silica glass,  
Light transmission, Gallium arsenide lasers, Light  
scattering, Optical communications (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: \*Optical waveguides (U)

Experimental measurements of the spatial and  
temporal transfer of power of a 225 meter length of  
low-loss optical waveguide have been made. In  
particular, measurement of the angular attenuation  
showed substantial loss of the high order modes which  
reflected itself in an approximately 8.2 nsec/km  
decrease in measured dispersion. Additionally  
there was a reduction of the effective numerical  
aperture from 0.15 to 0.12. Negligible mode  
coupling was observed in this particular waveguide  
which allowed a phenomenological calculation of  
temporal output for an assumed uniform excitation of  
all modes. This agreed well with experimental  
measurements. Calculation of this output from  
knowledge of the index profile is presently not in  
agreement and some possible reasons are indicated.  
The first measurements of the temperature  
dependence of attenuation were made to determine the  
approximate size of the effect. Only small changes  
were detected up to about 400C. (Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 774 714 20/6  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

Fiber Optic Cable Hardware Test. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Research and development rept. Nov 72-  
Jun 73. (U)

DEC 73 34P Lebduska, R. L.; Holma, G.

M.;

REPT. NO. NELC-1900

PROJ: ZF61-212, NELC-Z267

TASK: ZF61-212-001

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics transmission lines, Cable assemblies, Connectors, Test methods, Optical properties, Bending, Water impingement, Flexural properties, Tensile properties, Strength(General), Vibration, Protective coatings, Polyvinyl chloride, Naval equipment, Environmental tests (U)

IDENTIFIERS: Comparison (U)

The work reported here parallels work previously reported in NELC TR 1869, 'Fiber Optic Cable Test,' by R. L. Lebduska, 12 March 1973. These reports conclude that plastic-jacketed cables and related cable hardware of current manufacture meet a wide range of environmental and physical property requirements for Navy equipment application. Low-optical-loss fiber optic cable is found to be inferior in mechanical strength to high-optical-loss cable. Tests of separable, in-line, coaxial cable connectors indicate a need for optical junction environmental sealing at the connector mating interface. Polyvinylchloride materials are found to be much more permeable to water vapor than equivalent Teflon jackets. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

75

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 770 850 20/6 18/8  
NAVAL RESEARCH LAB WASHINGTON D C

Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic Waveguides. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim rept. 1 Mar-1 Nov 73,

DEC 73 42P Sigel, G. H., Jr;

REPT. NO. NRL-MR-2704

PROJ: NRL-P03-11, RR022-06

TASK: RR022-06-01

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*Fiber optics, \*Optical materials, \*Optical glass, \*Radiation effects, Radiation hardening, Gamma rays, Electron bombardment, Defects(Materials), Light transmission, Absorption(Physical), Luminescence, Light scattering, Refractive index (U)

IDENTIFIERS: \*Optical waveguides (U)

The effects of gamma ray and pulsed electron irradiation on the optical performance of fiber optic waveguides and glasses potentially relevant to fiber systems have been measured. Permanent and transient absorption, luminescence, scattering and index of refraction measurements are reported. The mechanisms responsible for the optical degradation in commercial and low loss fibers have been investigated. Initial attempts at radiation protection of fiber glasses using cerium doping are discussed. (Author) (U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 767 653 14/2  
 NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CALIF  
 Fiber Optic and Laser Digital Pressure  
 Transducers. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Master's thesis,  
 JUN 73 74P Leonard, John Wallis ;

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*PRESSURE GAGES, DESIGN), TRANSDUCERS, (U)  
 FIBER OPTICS, LASERS, DIGITAL SYSTEMS, THESES (U)  
 IDENTIFIERS: PRESSURE MEASUREMENT (U)

The theory and response of fiber optic pressure transducers were investigated in a continuation of previous research. A 0.125-inch diameter transducer was built and statically tested. A probe consisting of two concentric glass fiber bundles was used to transmit light to and from the transducer diaphragm. Response was linear through 60 inches Hg. Linearity and sensitivity of response were dependent on diaphragm thickness and probe location, respectively. In a separate experiment, a gas laser was externally modulated by means of a moveable mirror. Axial movement of the mirror corresponding to half-wavelengths of laser radiation produced intensity maxima and minima. This modulation concept was extended to pressure measurement by attaching the mirror to a pressure sensing diaphragm. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

76

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 767 544 17/2 20/6  
 OFFICE OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS BOULDER COLO INST FOR  
 TELECOMMUNICATION SCIENCES

Optical Fiber Links for Telecommunications.  
 Part Two. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.,  
 JUL 73 147P Galloway, Robert L. ; Hanson,  
 A. G. ; Chadwick, R. B. ; Kayama, M. ;  
 PROJ: SCC-418-72  
 MONITOR: SCC-ACO 1-73

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also report dated Dec 72, AD-  
 754 566.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS, FIBER OPTICS),  
 (\*FIBER OPTICS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES), COHERENT RADIATION,  
 LIGHT TRANSMISSION, OPTICAL GLASS, LASERS, PHOTODIODES,  
 WAVEGUIDES, MODULATORS, OPTICAL FILTERS, INFRARED  
 COMMUNICATIONS, MILITARY REQUIREMENTS (U)  
 IDENTIFIERS: LIGHT EMITTING DIODES, MODULATORS,  
 OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, OPTICS, WAVEGUIDES, PHOTODETECTORS,  
 INJECTION LASERS (U)

The report is addressed to the application of glass fiber optical waveguides to military communication systems. The technical depth of the report is not substantial and hence it can serve as an introduction to the subject. The report contains a review of military requirements, a review of the state of the technology, and a list of recommendations for further work. The latter is broken into two time frames, indicating certain tasks which have a bearing on the mid-1980's time frame. The report contains the justification for the recommendations, which suggest work that could provide the interface between the state of the technology and a workable communication system. (Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 767 146

20/6

CATHOLIC UNIV OF AMERICA WASHINGTON D C VITREOUS STATE  
LABEquilibrium Compressibilities and Density  
Fluctuations in K2O-SiO2 Glasses.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.,

SEP 73 6P Laberge, N. L.; Vasilescu,

V. V.; Montrose, C. J.; Macedo, P. B.;

REPT. NO. TR-25

CONTRACT: N00014-68-A-0506-0002

PROJ: NR-032-512

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Unidentified Jnl.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, OPTICAL GLASS), (\*OPTICAL  
GLASS, DENSITY), POTASSIUM COMPOUNDS, OXIDES, SILICON  
DIOXIDE, LIGHT TRANSMISSION, SCATTERING, ULTRASONIC  
RADIATION(U)  
(U)

IDENTIFIERS: ULTRASONIC TESTS

The density fluctuations contributing to light scattering in a glass are governed by the fictive temperature of the glass and the equilibrium compressibility of the melt. Using ultrasonic velocity data for K2O-SiO2 melts, these compressibilities were evaluated and the magnitude of the density fluctuations were calculated. In this system, the mean square amplitude of the fluctuations reach a minimum value (about half that of pure SiO2) for a composition of approximately 20 mol% K2O. By extrapolating the equilibrium compressibilities to zero K2O content, the density fluctuations can be calculated for pure SiO2 glass; this calculation agrees well with the result obtained from light scattering measurements.

(U)

(Author)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 767 017

20/6

NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

Fiber Optic Cable Test.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Evaluation rept. Feb-Oct 72,

MAR 73 89P Lebduska, Robert L.;

REPT. NO. NELC-TR-1869

PROJ: ZF61-212, NELC-Z242

TASK: ZF61-212-001

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES),  
ENVIRONMENTAL TESTS, TRANSMISSION LINES, MECHANICAL  
PROPERTIES, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, TEST METHODS, TEST  
EQUIPMENT(U)  
(U)

IDENTIFIERS: OPTICS, WAVEGUIDES

Over 200 plastic-jacketed, incoherent, fiber-optic cables, primarily Corning Glass Works types 5010 and 5011, are subjected to 29 different environmental and physical property tests. The tests were specified to evaluate cable performance within the chosen Naval Equipment Category of shipboard and shore equipment with air-transportability capability. Cable property definitions are obtained for bend radius; tensile, terminal, and mandrel strengths; twist; flexure; vibration; shock; and thermal, humidity, and various chemical exposures. Also, a number of original diagnostic methods are developed to assist in evaluating the test-induced cable optical modifications. Test results are found to indicate that these cable types exhibit properties capable of performing within the chosen category and that practical harnesses for certain Navy applications can be readily fabricated. Recommendations are made for future improvement and quality control of these type cables. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

20/4 20/6

ARNDOLD ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT CENTER ARNOLD AIR FORCE  
STATION TENN

Fiber Optics Particle-Sizing System.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Jul 71-Jun 72,

AUG 73 89P Bentley, H. T.;

REPT. NO. AEDC-TR-73-111

PROJ: ARO-885252

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Prepared in cooperation with ARO,  
Inc., Tullahoma, Tenn Rept. no ARO-OMD-TR-73-  
48.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FLOW FIELDS, PARTICLE SIZE). (\*OPTICAL  
INSTRUMENTS, FLOW VISUALIZATION). LASERS, FIBER OPTICS,  
ELECTROOPTICS, DISTRIBUTION FUNCTIONS, STATISTICAL  
DISTRIBUTIONS, DESIGN, WIND TUNNELS, COMPUTER PROGRAM(U)  
IDENTIFIERS: FORTRAN, FORTRAN 4 PROGRAMMING  
LANGUAGE (U)

A fiber optics particle-sizing system is discussed  
with respect to theory of operation and data  
acquisition and reduction techniques. The system  
uses a shadow-graphic technique to determine the  
dimensions and numbers of particles moving in a flow  
field. The system is digital in nature.

Particles pass through a collimated laser beam and  
are imaged onto a linear array by a coaxial lens.  
The array is composed of the exposed ends of a  
fiber optics bundle which serves as a 'link' between  
the array plane and the sensing photo-detector  
modules. Being an imaging device, it can measure a  
wide range of particle sizes through the proper  
selection of optics. Sizes ranging from 2 to 1500  
micrometers have been measured in the course of this  
project. Comparisons of holographic data of a  
liquid rocket injector and of water spray nozzles are  
made with the fiber optics system. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

78

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

17/2 9/1 20/6

AD- 757 342  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF

Integrated Optical Circuits.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Research and development rept. 1 Apr  
72-1 Oct 72,

JAN 73 27P Hall, D. B.;

REPT. NO. NELC-TR-1861

CONTRACT: ARPA Order-2158

PROJ: NELC-F215

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS, FIBER OPTICS),  
(\*WAVEGUIDES, SEMICONDUCTING FILMS), (\*MODULATORS,  
\*ELECTROOPTICS), (\*FIBER OPTICS, WAVEGUIDES), (\*LIGHT  
TRANSMISSION, WAVEGUIDES), MULTIPLEXING, INTEGRATED  
SYSTEMS, FEASIBILITY STUDIES, GALLIUM ARSENIDES, ZINC  
COMPOUNDS, ZINC SULFIDES, SELENIDES  
IDENTIFIERS: ZINC SELENIDES, \*OPTICS, \*WAVEGUIDES,  
THIN FILMS (U)

Work is reported on establishing the feasibility of  
integrated optics for use in high-capacity (multi-  
Ghz) telecommunications and for implementing a  
militarily applicable, fiber-optic-transmission-line,  
multiterminal multiplexing system through low-loss  
coupling and modulation. More specifically,  
optical waveguiding in diffused-layer and  
heteroepitaxial thin-film semiconductor structures,  
both planar and three-dimensional, is demonstrated,  
as is electrooptic modulation in diffused-layer and  
heteroepitaxial thin-film semiconductor structures of  
high resistivity. In addition, optical propagation  
in fiber-optic waveguides is theoretically analyzed,  
and future areas of research and development  
(particularly pattern delineation and optical  
coupling) and theoretical analysis are outlined.  
(Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

78

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 755 509 9/1  
ARMY ELECTRONICS COMMAND FORT MONMOUTH N JAn Experimental Analysis of New Ultraviolet  
Emitting Fiber Optic Faceplate Cathode  
Ray Tubes. (U)DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Research and development technical  
rept., NOV 72 26P Pucilowski, Joseph , Jr.;Harper, Orville R. ;  
REPT. NO. ECOM-4052  
PROJ: DA-1-H-662705-A-055  
TASK: 1-H-662705-A-05503

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS, \*FIBER OPTICS),  
ULTRAVIOLET OPTICAL MATERIALS, PHOSPHORESCENT MATERIALS,  
ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION, CATHODE RAY TUBES, ZINC  
COMPOUNDS, SILICATES, TITANATES, STRONTIUM COMPOUNDS, (U)  
LEAD(METAL) (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: ZINC SILICATES (U)

An experimental analysis of new ultraviolet (UV) emitting, fiber-optic faceplate cathode-ray tubes (CRT) was performed. Detailed studies were carried out for a tube with emission centered near 380 nanometers (nm). Initial data taken on a tube whose emission was centered near 320 nm showed that its radiant output was below expectations, probably due to problems encountered during faceplate manufacture. Consequently, it was not possible to perform a comprehensive analysis on this tube. This study represented the first operational analysis of these CRT, and writing rates on various dry-process, UV sensitive recording media were measured for the 380 nm tube. A comparison has been made with a state-of-the-art 380 nm CRT. Theoretical calculations indicated that the new 380 nm CRT should have at least nine times the energy output of available CRT. Agreement with theoretical calculations was excellent. Results are summarized and performance is discussed. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 754 566 17/2 20/6  
ARMY STRATEGIC COMMUNICATIONS COMMAND FORT HUACHUCA  
ARIZOptical Fiber Links for Telecommunications.  
Part One, (U)DEC 72 97P Fulghum, Stephen F. , Jr. ;  
Burke, James J. ;

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS, FIBER OPTICS),  
(\*FIBER OPTICS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES), COHERENT RADIATION,  
LIGHT TRANSMISSION, ATTENUATION, OPTICAL GLASS,  
REFRACTIVE INDEX, REFLECTION, LASERS, PHOTODIODES,  
PHOTOMULTIPLIER TUBES (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: LIGHT EMITTING DIODES, INJECTION  
LASERS (U)

The purpose of the report is to provide a physical understanding of fiber optics communications. The report covers the basics of light guidance in optical fibers from both geometrical and waveguide points of view. This includes attenuation and the effects of pulse broadening on information rate. Light sources, detectors and coupling are also covered with an emphasis on semiconductor devices. Finally, the present state and future prospects of integrated optics are discussed. Communication systems using fiber optics have advantages over conventional systems. These advantages are due mainly to the high bandwidths possible at optical frequencies and to the fact that glass fibers are not electrical conductors. Fiber optics may be the answer to problems of electromagnetic interference, electrical isolation and security. These systems will be useful where high bandwidth, small size, cable flexibility and low weight are needed. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 747 946 20/6 17/2  
NAVAL RESEARCH LAB WASHINGTON D CDevelopment of Optical Information Transfer  
Technology for Military Applications. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Memorandum rept.,  
JUL 72 32P Milton, A. F.; Andrews, R.  
A.; Giallorenzi, T. G.;  
REPT. NO. NRL-MR-2479  
PROJ: NRL-65N01-31, R0014-11-04

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS, \*FIBER OPTICS),  
OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, WAVEGUIDES, LIGHT, INFRARED  
RADIATION, AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT, MILITARY REQUIREMENTS (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: OPTICS, WAVEGUIDES, AVIONICS (U)

Military avionics systems can be expected to benefit from the development of optical data communication systems which use fiber optics. Advantages involving size, weight and freedom from electromagnetic interference can be realized in the near future. Integrated optical circuits can increase the flexibility of such systems as well as perform independent functions in other useful optical devices. The state of the art of optical fibers and integrated optical circuits is reviewed. A strategy for the development of these technologies is recommended. The optical technology requirements for four advanced military systems involving multiterminal data buses, heterodyne detection, tethers, and optical phase front control are described in detail. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

80

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 742 677 14/2  
HARRY DIAMOND LABS WASHINGTON D CThe Use of Fiber Optics for Oscilloscope  
External Triggering. (U)

APR 72 14P Prochazka, Rudolph J.;  
REPT. NO. HDL-TM-72-5  
PROJ: HDL-E01E4

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*OSCILLOSCOPES, TRIGGER CIRCUITS), (\*FIBER  
OPTICS, TRIGGER CIRCUITS), PHOTODIODES, RADIOFREQUENCY  
INTERFERENCE (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE (U)

The input to the external trigger circuit of an oscilloscope is normally designed to accept a remotely generated trigger signal via coaxial cable. A photodiode was installed in the input so that it accepts an optical trigger signal via a fiber optic cable. This inexpensive conversion is useful in electromagnetic interference (EMI) studies, where hard wire cable can contaminate shielded environments, and does not interfere with the oscilloscope's other triggering capabilities. The original input can be restored at any time, in the field or in the laboratory. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 736 613 17/2  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF  
Transfer of Information on Naval Vessels via  
Fiber Optics Transmission Lines.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Research and development rept. Jul 70-  
Jan 71.

JAN 72 54P Taylor, H. F. ;  
REPT. NO. NELC-TR-1762-Rev-1  
PROJ: ZFXX-512-001, NELC-2237

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Supersedes report dated 3 May 71,  
AD-885 537L.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*INTERCOMMUNICATION SYSTEMS, FIBER  
OPTICS). (\*OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS, FIBER OPTICS).  
(\*FIBER OPTICS, TRANSMISSION LINES), SHIP AUXILIARY  
EQUIPMENT, COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT, INTEGRATED CIRCUITS,  
PHOTODIODES (U)

Optical and electrical systems of intraship  
information transfer are compared with respect to  
cost and performance. Optical systems are shown to  
offer advantages over electrical for point-to-point  
links in which security and/or wide bandwidth are  
required. It is indicated that wide-bandwidth  
terminals can be built with commercial solid-state  
components for less than \$100. The author  
recommends continued research in the area of optical  
integrated circuits and the development of military  
specifications for optical transmission lines and  
terminals. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

81

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 736 514 20/6 9/1  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

Fiber Optics with Extended Ultraviolet  
Transmission.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jul 67-30 Mar 71,  
DEC 71 67P Ali, M. A. ; Schwartz, M.  
A. ;

CONTRACT: DAAB07-67-C-0542  
PROJ: DA-1-H-662705-A-055  
TASK: 1-H-662705-A-05503  
MONITOR: ECOM 0542-F

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, \*ULTRAVIOLET OPTICAL  
MATERIALS). (\*CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS, FIBER OPTICS).  
OPTICAL GLASS, MANUFACTURING, CLADDING, OPTICAL  
PROPERTIES, REFRACTIVE INDEX, THERMAL EXPANSION (U)

This is the final report under the contract for  
work performed between 1 July 1967 and 30 March  
1971. The objective of this project was to develop  
and fabricate fiber optic faceplates for cathode ray  
tubes with a high numerical aperture and high  
transmission in the near and middle ultraviolet  
spectral regions. New glasses were developed with  
the required properties and capable of being  
fabricated into 5-in. fiber optic faceplates. A  
lanthanum-zinc-borate core glass having an index of  
refraction of 1.71 and a peak internal transmission  
of over 80% at 320 nm (1/2-in. thickness) was  
developed. A matching potassium-alumina-boro-  
silicate cladding glass having a low index of  
refraction, 1.47, was also developed. Fiber optic  
faceplates, fabricated from these glasses, had a  
theoretical numerical aperture in excess of 0.8.  
Six full-size faceplates were fabricated, mounted  
in metal flanges, and delivered to the Army for  
incorporation in CRT's. (Author) (U)

ZOM07



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 734 015 20/6  
CALIFORNIA UNIV LOS ANGELES SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND  
APPLIED SCIENCE

Guided Waves Along Non-Circular  
Fibers.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.,

OCT 71 73P Yen, C. ;

REPT. NO. UCLA-ENG-7175

CONTRACT: N00014-69-A-0200-4026

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION),  
WAVEGUIDES, DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES, PROPAGATION, WAVE  
FUNCTIONS, ATTENUATION, INTENSITY, LIGHT COMMUNICATION  
SYSTEMS, ELECTROOPTICS (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: WAVE EQUATIONS, MATHIEU FUNCTIONS. (U)  
\*OPTICAL WAVEGUIDES, COMPUTER AIDED ANALYSIS (U)

The advent of integrated optics and the  
availability of low-loss fibers prompted a renewed  
urgency in the understanding of the guiding  
properties of optical fibers. The present  
presentation is concerned with the propagation  
characteristics of waves along a non-circular fiber.  
Three analytical methods in treating this problem  
will be discussed: one on the exact solution of modes  
on elliptical fiber, the other on the numerical  
solution of modes on rectangular fiber and the third  
on the approximate solution of modes on complex  
structure of rectangular fibers. Significant  
differences between guided modes along a circular  
fiber and those along a flattened fiber are discussed  
in detail. Theoretical results on dominant modes  
have also been verified by experiments at microwave  
frequencies. (Author)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

82

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 733 076 20/6 17/2  
IBM FEDERAL SYSTEMS DIV OMEGA N Y ELECTRONICS SYSTEMS  
CENTER

Light Interface Technology Improvement  
Investigation.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Feb-30 Sep 71,

SEP 71 115P Clapper, Roy C. ; Stigliani,

Daniel J. , Jr.; Bloem, Harold H. ;

REPT. NO. IBM-71-531-007

CONTRACT: N00014-71-C-0012

PROJ: NR-215-166

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also related report, AD-721  
085.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION),  
(\*LIGHT COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS, TRANSMISSION LINES),  
DIGITAL SYSTEMS, INTERFACES, MULTIPLEX, PHOTODIODES,  
SIGNAL-TO-NOISE RATIO, REFLECTORS (U)

The report establishes a baseline model for an  
optical data link utilizing a single fiber bundle.  
This model is solely concerned with light interface  
technology (LIT) for digital signal transmission.  
Data link performance is characterized by the pulse  
amplitude, pulse rise and fall times, pulse delay,  
and signal-to-noise ratio of the photodiode output.  
The LIT link has been analyzed as an entirety  
considering four major areas: light emitting diodes,  
fiber optic light guide, fiber optic/diode interface,  
and photodiode. Fiber optic/diode interface has  
been investigated with regard to loss mechanisms of  
coupling light into and out of fiber bundles. Fiber  
optic light guides have been surveyed and evaluated.  
The three major types that have been given  
consideration are total internal reflection fibers,  
total internal refraction fibers and waveguide mode  
fibers. Space division multiplexing investigations  
considering Lambertian sources were completed for  
the FIR and SELFOC fiber types. Number of  
channels possible, optical cross coupling of fibers,  
and sampling effect are the main topics discussed.  
Analog properties of a typical link were  
investigated with respect to distortion.  
Experiments were completed using various wavelength  
LEDs and at various temperatures. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 732 851 11/1 5/4  
HARRY DIAMOND LABS WASHINGTON D C

Fiber Optic Seals: A Portable System  
for Field Use in International Safeguards and  
Arms Control Applications.

(U)

OCT 71 27P Ulrich, R. R. ;  
REPT. NO. HDL-TR-1571  
PROJ: DA-1-W-262301-A-207, HDL-SYS43  
TASK: 1-W-262301-A-20700

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*SEALS, \*FIBER OPTICS), (\*NUCLEAR WEAPONS,  
\*ARMS CONTROL), SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, PORTABLE,  
PHOTOGRAPHIC TECHNIQUES, DETECTION, IDENTIFICATION,  
PATTERN RECOGNITION (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: \*SAFING SYSTEMS, \*INTERNATIONAL  
RELATIONS (U)

A prototype model of a portable safing system that  
uses fiber optic seals and assemblies, photographs and  
identifies them in the field has been designed and  
constructed for the U. S. Arms Control and  
Disarmament Agency (ACDA). The system is  
intended for test and evaluation to further develop  
the procedures and practices for using fiber optic  
seals and to determine design criteria for improved  
equipment and systems for operational use. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 729 399 9/1  
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO OWENSBORO KY TUBE DEPT

Design, Development, and Fabrication of an  
Eight Inch Remote View Display Cathode  
Ray Tube.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 1 Jul 70-30  
Jun 71, 71 102P Rate, Edward T. ;  
CONTRACT: DAAK02-70-C-0503

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBES, FIBER OPTICS),  
INFRARED SENSORS, DISPLAY SYSTEMS, DESIGN, ELECTRON  
GUNS (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: INFANT(IROQUOIS NIGHT FIGHTER AND NIGHT  
TRACKER), INFRARED SENSORS, IROQUOIS NIGHT FIGHTER AND  
NIGHT TRACKER (U)

The objective is to develop an eight inch,  
rectangular, fiber optic faceplate, cathode ray tube  
having an amplitude response characteristic exceeding  
800 TV lines per raster height at 50 per cent  
response. (Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
AD- 721 035 20/6 17/2  
IBM FEDERAL SYSTEMS DIV OMEGA N Y ELECTRONICS SYSTEMS  
CENTER

Wavelength Division Multiplexing in Light  
Interface Technology. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. Aug 70-Jan 71.  
MAR 71 77P Stigliani, Daniel J. , Jr.;  
Hanna, David W. ; Lynch, Robert J. ;  
REPT. NO. IBM-71-531-001  
CONTRACT: N00014-71-C-0012  
PROJ: NR-215-166

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION),  
(\*OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS, MULTIPLEXING), OPTICAL  
FILTERS, BAND PASS FILTERS, ELECTROLUMINESCENCE, GALLIUM  
ARSENIDES, PHOTODIODES, INFRARED SPECTRA, CIRCUITS, TEST  
METHODS (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: LIGHT EMITTING DIODES, ALUMINUM GALLIUM  
ARSENIDE, PHOTODETECTORS, GALLIUM PHOSPHIDES (U)

The report describes the investigation and fabrication of a five channel wavelength division multiplex (WDM) optical communication link. The transmitter consists of five different wavelength Ga(1-x)Al(x)As light emitting diodes (LEDs) and the receiver consists of five narrowband photodiodes (PDs). The light is conducted from the transmitter to the receiver by a fiber optic bundle. Various techniques (dichroic filters, furcated fiber bundle, and LED and PD plane arrays) of coupling the light into and out of the fiber bundle are investigated. Measurements of receiver sensitivity, optical efficiency, and optical cross-coupling between channels were made. A theoretical analysis of the link optical efficiency and expected cross-coupling is performed and design information for future WDM optical links is established. It is also determined that fiber bundles which are classified as incoherent are, in general, quasi-coherent. It was necessary to incorporate optical mixing cylinders at the entrance and exit of the bundle to uniformly distribute the light throughout the cross-section. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

84

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07  
AD- 720 937 20/6 17/2  
SIGNALS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ESTABLISHMENT  
CHRISTCHURCH (ENGLAND)

Determination of the Scattering Loss in  
Optical Glass Fibres. (U)

DEC 70 28P Orsborne, Margaret A. ;  
REPT. NO. SRDE-70064  
MONITOR: TRC BR-23407

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION),  
(\*OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS, TRANSMISSION LINES),  
SCATTERING, GAIN, POWER SPECTRA, TEST METHODS, TEST  
EQUIPMENT, GREAT BRITAIN (U)

The paper describes the equipment and method used to determine the total loss of power due to all forms of scatter within multimode optical glass fibres. (Author) (U)



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 717 838 20/6  
FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

Fiber Optics in Electron-Optical Systems. (U)

DEC 70 76P Lisitsa, M. P. ; Berezhinski, L. I. ; Vafakh, M. Ya. ;  
REPT. NO. FID-HC-23-506-70

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Edited trans. of mono. Volokannaya Optika, n.p., 1968 p195-264.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, \*ELECTRON OPTICS), OPTICAL IMAGES, IMAGE CONVERTERS, CONTROL SYSTEMS, CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS, IMAGE INTENSIFIERS(ELECTRONICS), USSR (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: TRANSLATIONS (U)

Such electron-optical devices as the cathode-ray tube (CRT), the image converter (IC), and the multistage image intensifier, all of which are widely used in inspection and control systems and in automation and remote control, have some defects, in addition to their positive qualities. Information fed into these devices is recorded as an optical image on a luminescent screen, which is characterized, as a rule, by a low resolving power and a low luminous efficiency. The development of automation and computer technology requires a considerable increase in the resolving power and an improvement in the quality of the image obtained by these systems. An increase in the resolution of the CRT is particularly important because of its wide possible applications. The amount of information recorded on a CRT screen is determined by the size of the luminous spot of the phosphor. The smaller is the spot, the greater is the resolution of the screen, and the greater is the information that can be transmitted. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 713 262 20/6 11/2 17/2  
SIGNALS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ESTABLISHMENT  
CHRISTCHURCH (ENGLAND)

DETERMINATION OF THE ATTENUATION OF OPTICAL GLASS FIBRES. (U)

MAR 70 13P Orsborne, Margaret A. ;  
REPT. NO. SRDE-70024  
MONITOR: TRC BR-20711

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION), (\*OPTICAL GLASS, ATTENUATION), (\*OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), GAS LASERS, GLASS TEXTILES, SCATTERING, TEST METHODS, CURVE FITTING, GREAT BRITAI (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: HELIUM NEON LASERS (U)

The paper describes the equipment and method used to determine the attenuation of multimode optical glass fibres used for optical communications. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 708 579 20/6 9/1  
CHICAGO AERIAL INDUSTRIES INC BARRINGTON ILL  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRAVIOLET  
TRANSMISSION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 29 Mar 66-30Apr 70.  
JUN 70 56P Richter, Louis J. ;  
REPT. NO. CAI-7521-F  
CONTRACT: DA-28-043-AMC-02057(E)  
PROJ: DA-1-H-622001-A-055  
TASK: 1-H-622001-A-05508  
MONITOR: ECOM 02057-F

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS, FIBER OPTICS).  
(\*FIBER OPTICS, ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION), GLASS, OPTICAL  
MATERIALS, LANTHANUM COMPOUNDS, LEAD COMPOUNDS.  
REFRACTIVE INDEX (U)

U. S. Army Electronics Command specified  
the best effort development of fiber optic faceplates  
for cathode-ray tubes (CRT's) with high  
transmission in the 3700 A region. A design goal  
of 95 percent transmission in the region of interest  
was established. A glass having high transmission  
in this region was developed which was satisfactory  
for drawing into fibers, and faceplates were  
fabricated from this glass. The faceplates were 1/  
4-inch thick and exhibited a transmission of 90  
percent with the desired wavelength. One faceplate  
was successfully incorporated into a high resolution,  
high-UV performance CRT. This tube will far  
surpass presently existing tubes for annotation of  
ultra-violet sensitive dry process films. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 705 886 20/6  
OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC PALO ALTO CALIF  
THERMALLY INDUCED BEAT PHENOMENON IN COUPLED OPTICAL  
WAVEGUIDES. (U)

APR 69 3P Kapany, N. S. ; Sawatari, T.  
CONTRACT: AF 49(638)-1626  
PROJ: AF-9767  
TASK: 976702  
MONITOR: AFOSR 70-1322TR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of the Optical  
Society of America, v60 n1 p135-136, Jan 70.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, THERMAL PROPERTIES).  
WAVEGUIDES, INTERFERENCE, REFRACTIVE INDEX (U)

Experiments are described on thermally induced beat  
phenomena in coupled optical wave guides.  
(Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 705 885 20/6  
OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC PALO ALTO CALIFWAVE PROPAGATION ALONG HOLLOW DIELECTRIC  
WAVEGUIDES. (U)

JUL 69 3P Sawatari, T. ; Kapany, N. S.

CONTRACT: AF 49(638)-1626

PROJ: AF-9767

TASK: 976702

MONITOR: AFOSR 70-1321TR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of the Optical  
Society of America, v60 n1 p132-133 Jan 70.DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS. \*LIGHT TRANSMISSION),  
DIELECTRICS, WAVEGUIDES (U)The propagation of optical waves along hollow  
dielectric wave guides is discussed. Experimental  
results are given. (Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 705 250 20/6  
OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC PALO ALTO CALIF RESEARCH DEPTDIFFRACTION AND COHERENCE PHENOMENA IN OPTICAL  
WAVEGUIDES. (U)DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept., 15P  
DEC 69 15P

CONTRACT: AF 49(638)-1626

PROJ: AF-9767

TASK: 976702

MONITOR: AFOSR 70-0140TR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION),  
DIFFRACTION, COHERENT RADIATION, DIELECTRICS, OPTICAL  
IMAGES (U)The research effort has been a continuation of a  
theoretical and experimental investigation into  
problems of diffraction and coherence phenomena in  
dielectric waveguides. In order to yield a deeper  
understanding into a number of basic phenomena  
pertaining to radiation, coherence, and coupling  
effects in active as well as passive fibers,  
investigations have been carried through several  
stages, ranging from studies of small diameter  
diffraction apertures to waveguide mode propagation  
in isolated fibers, coupling effects in arrays of  
fibers, and radiation characteristics of such fibers  
separately in the active or the passive mode.  
(Author) (U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD- 704 322 11/2 20/6  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILLFIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET  
TRANSMISSION. (U)DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Triannual rept. no. 7, 1 Sep-31 Dec  
69.

APR 70 26P Ali, M. A.; Pincus, A. G.

Schwartz, V. A.;

CONTRACT: DAAB07-67-C-0542

PROJ: DA-1-H-662705-A-055

TASK: 1-H-662705-A-05503

MONITOR: ECM 0542-7

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Triannual rept. no. 6,  
AD-698 489.DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS, FIBER OPTICS),  
(\*FIBER OPTICS, \*ULTRAVIOLET OPTICAL MATERIALS),  
(\*OPTICAL GLASS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION), MELTING, CLADDING,  
BORIC ACID, LANTHANUM COMPOUNDS, ZINC COMPOUNDS, OPTICAL  
PROPERTIES (U)

IDENTIFIERS: RARE EARTH GLASS (U)

The objective of this contract is to conduct research and development leading to the fabrication of fiber optic faceplates for cathode ray tubes with high transmission in the near and middle ultraviolet regions. During this period, clad fibers were drawn from the scaled-up meltings of core and clad glasses. Also, a detailed procedure for scaled-up melting was prepared which could be adapted to large scale melting in the fabrication of 5-in. faceplates. Work on compositional adjustment of the clad glass (157K-5) was initiated to develop a clad glass having a lower coefficient of thermal expansion than the core glass (25AT). (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

88

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD- 700 891 9/1 17/7 17/9 20/2  
20/12  
THOMSON-CSF PARIS (FRANCE)REVUE TECHNIQUE THOMSON-CSF. VOLUME 1, NUMERO  
3. (U)SEP 69 169P Delagebeaudeuf, D.; Diamond,  
F.; Moulin, M.; Wendt, G.; Tien, Tran Duc;

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Revue Technique Thomson  
CSF, v1 n3 p309-480 Sep 69. No copies furnished.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*AVALANCHE DIODES, SIGNALS),  
(\*SEMICONDUCTING FILMS, ULTRASONIC RADIATION), (\*CADMIUM  
SULFIDES, CRYSTAL GROWTH), (\*IMAGE TUBES, \*FIBER  
OPTICS), (\*ION ACCELERATORS, OPERATION), (\*RADAR CROSS  
SECTIONS, DETECTION), (\*NAVIGATION SATELLITES,  
\*NAVIGATIONAL AIDS), FRANCE (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: CHEMICALS, VAPOR DEPOSITION, HOLOGRAPHY,  
TRAVELING WAVES (U)

Contents: Analysis of large-signal operation of  
avalanche diodes in the transit mode; Theory of the  
travelling wave amplification in a semiconductor film  
coupled to an electromagnetic delay line; Study of  
the growth of cadmium sulfide monocrystals;  
Problems appearing at measurements of the  
modulation transfer function of optic fibers for  
electronic tubes and determination of said function  
by the edge method; An approach to the calculation  
of beam loading in an accelerating structure  
operating under steady-state and transient  
conditions; Automatic detector of radar echoes with  
a constant false alarm ratio; and DIOMEDE, optical  
correlator system for quick distance measurement. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 698 489 11/2 20/6  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET  
TRANSMISSION.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Triannual rept., no. 6, 1 May-31 Aug  
69,

DEC 69 25P Ali.M. A. ;Pincus,A. G.

;Schwartz,W. A. ;

CONTRACT: DAAB07-67-C-0542

PROJ: DA-1-H-662705-A-055, IIT-G6018

TASK: 1-H-662705-A-05503

MONITOR: ECOM 0542-6

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Triannual rept. no. 5,  
AD-693 259.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS, FIBER OPTICS).  
(\*FIBER OPTICS, \*ULTRAVIOLET OPTICAL MATERIALS),  
(\*OPTICAL GLASS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION), BORON COMPOUNDS,  
LANTHANUM COMPOUNDS, OXIDES, ADDITIVES, ARSENIC  
COMPOUNDS, LAMINATED GLASS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, MELTING,  
BORATES  
IDENTIFIERS: BORATES, GLASS, FORMULATIONS, RARE EARTH  
GLASS, RARE EARTH BORATE GLASS (U)

The objective of this contract is to conduct  
research and development leading to the fabrication  
of fiber optic faceplates for cathode ray tubes with  
high transmission in the near and middle ultraviolet  
regions. During this period, compositional studies  
of the effects of redox oxide additives were  
performed. A clad glass matching the thermal  
expansion and softening point of the core glass was  
produced. Scaled-up melting of both the core and  
clad glasses has been initiated and the processing  
techniques are being optimized. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

89

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 698 080 20/6 17/2  
ARMY FOREIGN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER WASHINGTON D  
C

FEASIBILITY OF APPLYING FIBER OPTICS IN LINEAR  
MEASUREMENTS BY TELEVISION METHODS,

(U)

OCT 69 10P Rabinovich,V. A. ;Zatoka,  
L. I. ;Zhuravleva,N. V. ;Safyulina,S. S. ;

Voronova,L. I. ;

REPT. NO. FSTC-HT-23-008-70

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Trans. of Optiko-Mekhanicheskaya  
Promyshlennost (USSR) v35 n11 p4-7 1968.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CAMERA TUBES, \*FIBER OPTICS), DIGITAL  
SYSTEMS, TELEVISION EQUIPMENT, MEASUREMENT, USSR  
IDENTIFIERS: TRANSLATIONS (U)  
(U)

Some possibilities of applying fiber optics in  
linear measurements by television are investigated.  
An example is presented of constructing a digital  
optical system the basic element of which is a fiber-  
optical encoding device. (Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 697 036 1/3 20/6 13/12

OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC PALO ALTO CALIF

FIBER OPTICS HAZARD IDENTIFICATION DEVICE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 17 Jan 66-30

Apr 69,

OCT 69 54P Phillips, Brian G. ;

REPT. NO. 11014R

CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-3532

PROJ: AF-3048

TASK: 304807

MONITOR: AFAPL TR-69-78

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT, \*FIRE ALARM SYSTEMS),  
 (\*WARNING SYSTEMS, FIBER OPTICS), AVIATION SAFETY, FIRE  
 SAFETY, OPTICAL GLASS, HEAT RESISTANT GLASS, LIGHT  
 TRANSMISSION, COUPLINGS, INSTALLATION, BENDING, TENSILE  
 PROPERTIES, DETECTION, MANUFACTURING, SIMULATORS,  
 PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING) (U)

IDENTIFIERS: EVALUATION, FIRE SIMULATORS, VISION (U)

This report describes the work done over a period of three years to develop a fiber optics fire hazard detection system for aircraft installation. The distal end of this system which is located within the engine compartment is capable of withstanding temperatures of 1000F, whereas the rest of the system is capable of withstanding temperatures to 500F. During the course of the program, a number of fabrication techniques were developed and high transmittance glasses were evaluated for transmission and strength. In addition to this work, a fire simulator was developed, and this may be mounted within the engine compartment. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

90

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 694 581 20/6

ARMY FOREIGN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER WASHINGTON D C

CHARACTERISTICS OF RADIATION PROPAGATION THROUGH A FIBER-OPTIC ELEMENT. (U)

SEP 69 16P Sattarov, D. K. ;

REPT. NO. FSTC-HT-23-413-69

PROJ: FSTC-0423100

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Trans. of Optiko-Mekhanicheskaya Promyshlennost (USSR) v35 n6 p18-24 1968.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION),  
 REFRACTIVE INDEX, REFLECTION, DIFFUSION, OPTICAL GLASS,  
 USSR (U)

IDENTIFIERS: NUMERICAL APERTURE, TRANSLATIONS (U)

The propagation of radiation in a fiber-optic element has been studied. It is shown that radiation is split into six components, each having its own specific aperture characteristics when emerging from the element. Light diffusion at the exit of the element is determined from calculation of the aperture characteristics of the individual components. Theoretical conclusions are confirmed experimentally. (U)



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 693 259 11/2 20/6  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET  
TRANSMISSION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Triannual rept. no. 5, 1 Jan-30 Apr  
69, AUG 69 83P Ali, M. A. ; Pincus, A. G.

: Schwartz, W. A. ;  
CONTRACT: DAAB07-67-C-0542  
PROJ: DA-1-H-662705-A-055, IIT-G6018  
TASK: 1-H-662705-A-05503  
MONITOR: ECOM 0542-5

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Triannual rept. no. 4,  
AD-686 338.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS, FIBER OPTICS),  
(\*FIBER OPTICS, \*ULTRAVIOLET OPTICAL MATERIALS),  
(\*OPTICAL GLASS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION), MASS SPECTROSCOPY,  
ADDITIONAL, IRON, IMPURITIES, BORON COMPOUNDS, CALCIUM  
COMPOUNDS (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: NUMERICAL APERTURE (U)

The objective of this contract is to conduct research and development leading to the fabrication of fiber-optic faceplates for cathode ray tubes with high transmission in the near and middle ultraviolet spectral regions. During this period, studies were primarily conducted to further improve the transmission properties of the optical glasses being developed and to gain a better understanding of the fundamental theories relating to uv absorption. Compositional studies included the use of acidity control and redox oxide additions. Processing studies included time, temperature, atmosphere, and stirring effects. Mass spectrographic analyses were conducted to determine impurities in selected glasses. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 691 753 17/2 14/4  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER  
OPTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 24 Jun 64-31 Jul 69,  
JUL 69 55P Pontarelli, D. A. ; Schwab,

R. ; Norikane, K. ;  
REPT. NO. IITRI-V6015-55  
CONTRACT: DA-28-043-AMC-00164(E)  
PROJ: DA-1-E-634301-D-246  
TASK: 1-E-634301-D-24603  
MONITOR: ECOM 00164-F

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT, SCANNING), (\*CAMERA  
TUBES, \*FIBER OPTICS), DESIGN, DRIVES, MANUFACTURING (U)

Fiber optics was successfully employed to perform the functions of image dissection and scanning in Facsimile Transmission. Two operational models was developed and constructed to incorporate the concept. One was designed to scan copy 8 1/2-inches wide, the other, 18 5/8-inches wide. Both instruments possess the unique capability of continuously scanning copy of any length. (Author) (U)

AD-A066 400 DEFENSE DOCUMENTATION CENTER ALEXANDRIA VA  
FIBER OPTICS. (U)  
MAR 79

DEFENSE DOCUMENTATION CENTER ALEXANDRIA VA  
FIBER OPTICS. (U)  
MAR 79

**F/G 17/2**

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC/BIB-78/08

NL

2 OF 2  
ADA  
066400

END  
DATE  
FILMED

5-79  
DDC

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 690 517 9/5 9/2  
RCA LABS PRINCETON N JADAPTIVE LOGIC ELEMENTS USING NON-GALVANIC  
MODIFYING INPUTS. (U)DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jul 66-30 Sep 68.  
OCT 68 35P Lewin, Morton H. ; Wu, ChinT. ;  
CONTRACT: AF 19(628)-5930  
PROJ: AF-4641  
TASK: 464104  
MONITOR: AFCL 68-0557

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*COMPUTER LOGIC, \*FIBER OPTICS), (\*LOGIC  
CIRCUITS, FIBER OPTICS), NETWORKS, INTEGRATED CIRCUITS,  
FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS, CADMIUM SULFIDES, (U)  
PHOTOELECTRIC MATERIALS, ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS, CIRCUIT  
INTERCONNECTIONS, PUNCHED TAPE, MANUFACTURINGCompletely integrated NOR-gate chips for the  
iterative logic array consisting of 9 MOS  
transistors, 1 bipolar transistor, 1 resistor, and 16  
CdS photoconductors were made. The processing  
combined the fabrication of the bipolar and monolithic  
devices with silicon technology for the first part  
and the use of thin-film technology for the second  
photoconductors for the second part, thus allowing  
the integration of all devices on the same substrate.  
The selective illumination of the photoconductors on  
small areas was implemented by means of flexible  
optical fibers aligned and fixed on top of the chips.  
Punched 8-level paper tapes are used as a mask for  
a predetermined radiation pattern. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

92

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 686 338 11/2 20/6 9/1  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILLFIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET  
TRANSMISSION. (U)DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Triannual rept. no. 4, 1 Sep-31 Dec  
68, JAN 69 46P Bratschun, W. R. ; Ali, M.A. ; Pincus, A. G. ; Schwartz, M. A. ;  
CONTRACT: DAAB07-67-C-0542  
PROJ: DA-1-H-662705-A-055, IITRI-G6018  
TASK: 1-H-662705-A-05503  
MONITOR: ECOM 0542-4

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Triannual rept. 3, AD-678  
490.DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS, FIBER OPTICS),  
(\*FIBER OPTICS, \*ULTRAVIOLET OPTICAL MATERIALS),  
(\*OPTICAL GLASS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION), LANTHANUM  
COMPOUNDS, ZINC COMPOUNDS, BORON COMPOUNDS, BARIUM  
COMPOUNDS, CALCIUM COMPOUNDS, CLADDING, THERMAL  
EXPANSION, REFRACTIVE INDEX (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: NUMERICAL APERTURE (U)Thermal expansion and viscosity-temperature  
measurements were made on candidate cladding and core  
glasses. Scaling-up processes were initiated and a  
comprehensive program for increasing uv transmission  
of lanthanum zinc borate and lanthanum barium calcium  
borate glasses as developed earlier was started.  
(Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

92

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 684 795 17/2 20/6 22/2  
JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV SILVER SPRING MD APPLIED PHYSICS  
LAB

MODEL II IMAGE DISSECTOR CAMERA SYSTEM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical memo.,  
NOV 68 74P Dozsa, John R. ;  
REPT. NO. APL-TG-1019  
CONTRACT: N0W-62-0604  
MONITOR: IDEP 545.80.20.00-S6-02

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*RECONNAISSANCE SATELLITES, TELEVISION CAMERAS), (\*TELEVISION CAMERAS, \*FIBER OPTICS), OPTICAL SCANNING, FEASIBILITY STUDIES, LOGIC CIRCUITS, DIGITAL TO ANALOG CONVERTERS, PHOTOGRAPHIC RECTIFIERS (U)

Line scan television cameras offer significant advantages over snapshot cameras for geographically continuous earth observation from an orbiting satellite. A study program has developed a laboratory model of a line scan camera utilizing an image dissector sensor and folded fiber optics for scene rectification. The camera's electronic circuitry design and performance are described in this report. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 684 670 20/5  
FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO  
CERTAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF A FIBER OPTICS LASER, (U)

OCT 68 6P Gvatusa, Sh. Sh. ;Kukharskii, R. N. ;Mumladze, V. V. ;Khanevichev, V. A. ;  
Chavchanidze, V. V. ;  
REPT. NO. FTD-GT-23-895-68

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

PORTIONS OF THIS DOCUMENT ARE ILLEGIBLE. SEE INTRODUCTION SECTION OF THIS ANNOUNCEMENT JOURNAL FOR CFSTI ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Edited trans. of Akademiya Nauk Gruzinskoi SSR, Tifl.s. Soobshcheniya, v49 n3 p557-559 1968, by L. Heenan.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*LASERS, \*FIBER OPTICS), OPTICAL PUMPING, GLASS, NEODYMIUM, LINE SPECTRA, USSR (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: TRANSLATIONS (U)

Stimulated emission in fiber bundles containing an arbitrary number of fibers, and the dependence of radiation halfwidth on the pumping energy for both single and bundled fibers, are investigated. It was found that as the pumping energy increases, so do the number of 'spikes,' the emission intensity, and the halfwidth of the emission lines. When individual fibers were assembled into bundles the spikes disappeared. Stimulated emission traces for one fiber and for 8- and 20-fiber bundles displayed a continuous 'flat' line with peaks leveled off; the pumping threshold remained constant and radiation intensity increased in proportion to the number of fibers. For a large bundle of fibers, the rings were washed out and the modes were not resolved, but the halfwidth of the radiation lines remained within the same range. Individual modes could not be resolved even with zero-order interference. It is concluded that the emission from single fibers and from fiber bundles is the same and of a stimulated nature. (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 678 490 9/1 11/2 20/6  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILLFIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET  
TRANSMISSION.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Triannual rept. no. 3, 1 Mar-31 Aug  
68.

NOV 68 52P Li, P. C.; Ali, M. A.;

Olson, O. H.; Schwartz, M. A.;

CONTRACT: DAA807-67-C-0542

PROJ: DA-1-H-622001-A-055, IITRI-G6018

TASK: 1-H-622001-A-05503

MONITOR: ECOM 0542-3

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS, FIBER OPTICS),  
(\*OPTICAL GLASS, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), REFRACTIVE  
INDEX, ABSORPTION, ULTRAVIOLET SPECTRA, VISIBLE SPECTRA,  
OXIDES, LANTHANUM COMPOUNDS, GADOLINIUM COMPOUNDS,  
YTTERBIUM COMPOUNDS, LUTECIUM COMPOUNDS, RUBIDIUM  
COMPOUNDS, SAMARIUM, PRASEODYMIUM, COBALT, NICKEL,  
CHROMIUM, COPPER, IMPURITIES, DENSITY, WAVE  
PROPAGATION

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: EVALUATION, FACEPLATES,

GRAPHS(CHARTS)

(U)

This is the third triannual report describing the  
research and development leading to fabrication of  
fiber-optic faceplates for cathode ray tubes with  
high transmission in the near- and middle-ultraviolet  
spectral regions. The current program is,  
primarily, to evaluate existing optical glasses and  
develop improved ones suitable for meeting specific  
performance requirements. Formulation studies of  
new glasses containing La2O3, Gd2O3,  
Yb2O3, Lu2O3 and Rb2O were continued.  
Raw materials of different grades were investigated  
and the effect of such impurities as Co, Ni,  
Cr, Cu, Sm, and Pr on spectral transmission  
determined. In addition, density, refractive  
index, softening point and absorption coefficients  
were measured. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

94

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 674 600 20/6

AMERICAN OPTICAL CORP SOUTHBRIDGE MASS RESEARCH GROUP

CYLINDRICAL DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDE MODES,

(U)

APR 61 43P Snitzer, Elias;

REPT. NO. Scientific-1

CONTRACT: AF 19(604)-7207

MONITOR: AFCL 196

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, \*WAVEGUIDES), DIELECTRICS,  
CYLINDRICAL BODIES, ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION,  
PROPAGATION

(U)

The propagation of cylindrical dielectric waveguide  
modes near cut-off and far from cut-off are  
considered. The relative amounts of Ez and Hz,  
and the transverse components of the field are  
determined for both sets of hybrid modes. With the  
radial dependence of the z-components of the field in  
the central dielectric given by (J sub n) (ur/  
a), the transverse components far from cut-off are  
given by (J sub n plus or minus 1) (ur/a),  
where u is a parameter found from the boundary  
conditions and which fixes the scale of the Bessel  
function relative to the boundary r=a. The two  
values n+1 and n-1 correspond to the two sets of  
modes. The designation of the hybrid modes are  
discussed. Field plots for the lower order modes  
are given. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 673 446 20/6  
CHICAGO AERIAL INDUSTRIES INC BARRINGTON ILL

FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRA-VIOLET  
TRANSMISSION.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.,  
JUN 68 46P Deneka, Charles W. ;  
CONTRACT: DA-28-043-AMC-02057(E)

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Prepared in cooperation with Rutgers  
- The State Univ., New Brunswick, N.J.  
School of Ceramics.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*ULTRAVIOLET OPTICAL MATERIALS, \*FIBER  
OPTICS), GLASS, CLADDING, OPTICAL PROPERTIES,  
OPTIMIZATION, PREPARATION (U)

The purpose of the report is to show the  
development of a glass composition which is suitable  
for use as a core material in fiber optic devices  
operated in the near UV portion of the spectrum.  
The report specifies the required properties of the  
glass. It also describes the approach used to  
obtain the optimum combination of these properties,  
consistent with available time, money and equipment.  
A short section on the basic theories is presented  
as background. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

95

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 673 445 17/2 5/9 20/6  
GENERAL PRECISION SYSTEMS INC PLEASANTVILLE N Y GPL  
DIV

WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION. VOLUME II.  
(APPENDICES D, E, F, G, AND H). (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final engineering rept. on phase 3,  
FEB 68 76P Rosen, Estelle ; Washburn,  
Clayton A. ; Santone, Urban H. ;  
CONTRACT: N61339-695  
PROJ: 7276  
MONITOR: NAVTRADEVCEEN 695-2-Vol-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also volume 1, AD-673 444.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*TELEVISION DISPLAY SYSTEMS, \*PHOTOGRAPHIC  
PROJECTORS), (\*FIBER OPTICS, TELEVISION DISPLAY  
SYSTEMS), (\*TRAINING DEVICES, TELEVISION DISPLAY  
SYSTEMS), TELEVISION EQUIPMENT, CATHODE RAY TUBES,  
LENSES, POWER SUPPLIES, CLOSED CIRCUIT TELEVISION, NAVAL  
TRAINING, DIAGRAMS, MECHANICAL DRAWINGS (U)

This volume contains schematic diagrams, mechanical  
drawings, and specifications relating to the wide  
angle television system. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 673 444 17/2 5/9 20/6

GENERAL PRECISION SYSTEMS INC PLEASANTVILLE N Y GPL  
DIV

WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION. VOLUME I. (BASIC  
AND APPENDICES A, B, AND C). (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final engineering rept. on Phase 3,  
FEB 68 98P Rosen, Estelle ; Washburn,  
Clayton A. ; Santone, Urban H. ;  
CONTRACT: N61339-695

PROJ: 7276  
MONITOR: NAVTRADEVEN 695-2-Vol-1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Volume 2, AD-673 445.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*TELEVISION DISPLAY SYSTEMS, \*PHOTOGRAPHIC  
PROJECTORS), (\*FIBER OPTICS, TELEVISION DISPLAY  
SYSTEMS), (\*TRAINING DEVICES, TELEVISION DISPLAY  
SYSTEMS), TELEVISION EQUIPMENT, CATHODE RAY TUBES,  
LENSES, POWER SUPPLIES, SCREENS(DISPLAYS), RESOLUTION,  
CLOSED CIRCUIT TELEVISION, NAVAL TRAINING (U)

The objective of this phase was to design,  
construct and install the wide angle TV projector.  
The camera and wide angle lens were developed under  
Phases I and II, and detailed in NAVTRADEVEN  
695-1. This three segment projector complements  
the three channel pickup camera, and displays the  
televized image on a ten foot radius hemispherical  
screen segment. The angle is 53 degrees in height  
and 160 degrees in width. It is intended that the  
entire system will be utilized as a laboratory  
research tool in connection with training devices  
that require a visual display for which this  
television system would be considered appropriate.  
(Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

96

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 673 366 20/6

AMERICAN OPTICAL CO KEENE N H

OBSERVED DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDE MODES IN THE VISIBLE  
SPECTRUM, (U)

APR 61 43P Snitzer, Elias ; Osterberg,

Harold ;  
REPT. NO. Scientific-2  
CONTRACT: AF 19(604)-7207  
MONITOR: AFRL 197

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, OPTICAL IMAGES),  
DIELECTRICS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION, WAVEGUIDES, REFRACTIVE  
INDEX, MOSAICS(LIGHT SENSITIVE) (U)

The direct images and the radiation patterns of the  
first few lowest order dielectric waveguide modes  
were observed in the visible region of the spectrum  
for fibers with core and cladding indices of  
refraction of 1.56 and 1.52, respectively, and for  
core diameters from 0.1 to 5.5 microns. The cut-  
off wavelengths for the observed modes are in  
reasonably good agreement with theory. Photographs  
of the modes are shown. (Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 670 079 20/6 11/2  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILLFIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET  
TRANSMISSION.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Triannual rept. no. 2 1 Nov 67-29

Feb 68, MAY 68 38P  
Olson, O. H. ; Schwartz, M. A. ;  
Li, P. C. ; Ali, M. A. ;

REPT. NO. IITRI-G6018-2

CONTRACT: DAAB07-67-C-0542

PROJ: DA-1-H-622001-A-055

TASK: 1-H-622001-A-05503

MONITOR: ECOM 0542-2

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also AD-665 410.

DESCRIPTORS: (-FIBER OPTICS, \*ULTRAVIOLET OPTICAL MATERIALS), (-OPTICAL GLASS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION), (\*CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS, FIBER OPTICS), REFRACTIVE INDEX, ABSORPTION, LANTHANUM COMPOUNDS, SCREENS(DISPLAYS), RESOLUTION, IMPURITIES, ULTRAVIOLET SPECTRA, VISIBLE SPECTRA

IDENTIFIERS: NUMERICAL APERTURE

(U)  
(U)

The objective of this contract is to conduct a research and development program leading to the fabrication of fiber-optic faceplates for cathode ray tubes with high transmission in the near- and middle-ultraviolet spectral regions. The first year's study is primarily to evaluate existing optical glasses (phase I) and develop improved ones suitable for meeting the specific performance requirements of the contract (phase II).

Screening studies on commercial optical glasses were continued and compositions were analyzed. New multicomponent glasses, having a wide range of compositions were formulated. Spectral transmission, refractive index and absorption coefficient properties were measured. High index glasses in the zinc-lanthanum borate, zinc-calcium-lanthanum borate, and barium-calcium-lanthanum borate systems exhibited high transmission in the spectral region of interest. Exploratory work to further improve the transmission of glasses in these systems is being continued. One of the low index glasses prepared from pure raw materials exhibited excellent uv transmission.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

97

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 655 751 20/6  
OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC PALO ALTO CALIF

DIFFRACTION BY FIBER MOSAICS.

(U)

OCT 66 3P Wilcox, R. E. ;  
CONTRACT: AF 49(638)-1626  
PROJ: AF-9767  
TASK: 976702  
MONITOR: AFOSR 67-1699

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Published in Applied Optics, v6  
p582 Mar 1967.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, DIFFRACTION), (\*COHERENT RADIATION, FIBER OPTICS), GAS LASERS, SCATTERING, MODELS(SIMULATIONS), PATTERN RECOGNITION

(U)

This report describes experiments with arrays of fiber optics elements using coherent light. A model is developed from the diffraction patterns obtained which is directly analogous to ordered antenna arrays for which complete analyses are available from communication sciences. The conclusion is drawn that improvements in random dephasing effects must be made before satisfactory performance is attained before the potential of coherent sources can be obtained with fiber arrays.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 654 651 20/6 9/2  
FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

FIBER-OPTIC DIGITAL POSITION DETECTOR. (U)

FEB 67 SP Rabinovich, V. A. ;  
REPT. NO. FTO-HT-66-754

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Tsifrovoi Volokonno Opticheskii  
Datchik, unedited rough draft trans. of Patent (USSR)  
179 030, appl. 929146/26-10, 6 Nov 64.DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS),  
DIGITAL SYSTEMS, DETECTION, CODING (U)

The proposed digital position detector employs a  
fiber-optic matrix. For enhanced speed and  
accuracy, the ends of the matrix light conductors are  
binary coded. A diagram is shown in the figure. (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 652 210 6/11 17/2.1 20/5 11/9  
6/6 6/15 9/1 13/10  
6/1 7/2 6/4LIBRARY OF CONGRESS WASHINGTON D C AEROSPACE TECHNOLOGY  
DIV

FOREIGN SCIENCE BULLETIN, VOL. 3, NO. 4, 1967. (U)

APR 67 128P  
MONITOR: TT 67-61945

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: A Monthly Review of Selected  
Foreign Scientific and Technical Literature. Also  
available on subscription, \$36.00/yr. See also AD-650  
304.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH, REVIEWS),  
(\*SPACECRAFT CABINS, \*CONTROLLED ATMOSPHERES), (\*RADIO  
TRANSMISSION, TROPOSPHERE), (\*LASERS, \*FIBER OPTICS),  
(\*HEAT RESISTANT PLASTICS, DEGRADATION), (\*METALORGANIC  
COMPOUNDS, PHYSIOLOGY), PESTICIDES, DRUGS, UNDERWATER  
VEHICLES, PHOTOELECTRIC CELLS(SEMICONDUCTOR),  
CHLOROPLASTS, COMPLEX COMPOUNDS, SILANES, BIONICS, US (U)

Contents: Articles: Spacecraft cabin  
atmospheres (a review of Soviet literature);  
Recent Soviet research on tropospheric  
communications; Fiber-optics laser with nonresonant  
feedback; Thermal and thermal-oxidative degradation  
of some heat-resistant polymers; Biologically  
active organotin and organolead compounds and  
polymeric materials. Science and Technology  
notes: Bentos-300-new Soviet sealab;  
Quenching of a laser by a laser; A position-  
sensitive biphotocell; Process produces ultra-small  
metal particles; Synthetic lipoprotein complex  
modeling chloroplast complexes; Infrared spectra of  
organosiliconfluorophosphorus compounds.  
Conferences: Seminar on Bionics and  
Biocybernetics. Science personalities:  
Valentin Alekseyevich Kargin. Book reviews. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

98

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 651 060 1/3 20/6  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

STUDY OF DETERMINE DESIGN CRITERIA FOR A STEREO FIBER  
OPTIC PERISCOPE FOR AIRCRAFT APPLICATION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept., 11 Apr 66-10 Apr 67,  
APR 67 45P Betz, H. T. ;  
CONTRACT: N04-66-0439  
PROJ: IITRI-A6152

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT, PERISCOPES).  
(\*PERISCOPES, \*FIBER OPTICS), FEASIBILITY STUDIES,  
STEREOSCOPIC DISPLAY SYSTEMS, TELESCOPES,  
DEFECTS(MATERIALS). OPTICAL EQUIPMENT COMPONENTS.  
OPTICAL IMAGES, SPACE PERCEPTION (U)

A program was conducted to investigate the feasibility of substituting a fiber optics periscope system for conventional direct viewing through the windshield in high performance aircraft operation. The requirements for a stereoscopic image presentation possessing time, distance, and spatial relationships are delineated. The stringent specifications imposed on dual fiber bundles by the stereoscopic application led to the successful development of a single-bundle telescope with flicker-free time sharing. A working model to demonstrate the single-bundle, time-shared system was constructed. Methods for providing display systems with long eye relief and large exit pupils are described. A working model incorporating a large spherical mirror was constructed for use with stereo slides to demonstrate these principles. (U)

(Author)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 650 421 6/3 20/6  
WALTER REED ARMY INST OF RESEARCH WASHINGTON D C

AN IMPROVED TECHNIQUE FOR OBTAINING CORTICAL  
PHOTOELECTRIC PLETHYSMOGRAMS, (U)

MAY 66 2P Brewington, Hubert H. ;  
Stecher, Karl , Jr;

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Published in Journal of Applied  
Physiology v22 n1 p187-8 Jan 1967.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*MEDICAL EXAMINATION, \*FIBER OPTICS).  
(\*CEREBRAL CORTEX, MEDICAL EXAMINATION), LIGHT PULSES,  
PHOTOTUBES, QUARTZ, MONKEYS (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: PLETHYSMOGRAPHY (U)

An improved technique for obtaining photoelectric plethysmograms from the cortex of unanesthetized monkeys has been developed. Through operative openings in the skull and dura, quartz tubes are sealed in place (closed end against the cortex). A light source and photocell receiver can be freely inserted and removed from the tubes. Acceptable recordings may be obtained for months. Advantages are facility of component interchange, increased light transmission, and durability of the preparation. (Author) (U)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 650 234 20/9 20/6

COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK ELECTRONICS RESEARCH LABS

A TRANSIENT FIBER OPTICS PROBE FOR SPACE RESOLVED DIAGNOSTICS OF DENSE PLASMAS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Revised ed.,

FEB 66 10P Stojanoff, Christo G. ;

CONTRACT: AF 49(638)-1395

PROJ: AF-9783

TASK: 978302

MONITOR: AFOSR 67-0834

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Published in AIAA Journal, v4 n10

p1766-72, Oct 1966.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Revision of manuscript received 2 Jun 1965. Supported in part by TMRL, and ARL.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*PLASMA MEDIUM, \*PROBES), (\*FIBER OPTICS, PLASMA MEDIUM). DENSITY, INTENSITY, HIGH TEMPERATURE (U) IDENTIFIERS: DIAGNOSIS(GENERAL), PLASMAS(PHYSICS) (U)

A new type of probe for measuring local values of radiant intensity in dense plasmas is presented. The probe consists of a thin tube with blackened interior and is fitted with an end cap that limits the sampled radiation to a plasma volume approx. 1 cu. mm. between cap and tube end. The sampled light is transmitted from the rear end of the tube via a flexible fiber optics bundle to an optical filter, photomultiplier, and associated read-out instrumentation. The measurement is made by driving the probe at high speed (750 cm/sec) through the plasma column by means of a valve-operated pneumatic drive. The adaptation of the instrument to space-resolved temperature measurements by the absolute line intensity method and the line ratio method is described and compared to the standard spectrographic technique. Chief advantages of the transient probe method are simplicity in both diagnostic and data processing apparatus and applicability to plasma of arbitrary shape. (Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 649 185 17/2 20/6

IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 10, 1 Oct-31 Dec 66.

MAR 67 13P Pontarelli, Donald A. ;

REPT. NO. IITRI-A6093-30

CONTRACT: DA-28-043-AMC-00164(E)

PROJ: IITRI-A6093

TASK: IP6-20501-A448-02-03

MONITOR: ECOM 00164-10

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also AD-644 856.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, \*FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT), (\*SCANNING, FIBER OPTICS), MODULATORS, DESIGN (U)

The basic mechanical system was fabricated and assembled. The temperature drift previously causing difficulty in the low-level modulator was substantially reduced. Preliminary design of the 18-5/8 inch facsimile transmitter was initiated and a fiber optics array configuration is presented. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

100

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 646 856 17/2 20/6  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly progress rept. no. 9, 1 Jul-30 Sep 66.

JAN 67 14P Pontarelli, Donald A. ;  
REPT. NO. IITRI-A6093-27  
CONTRACT: DA-28-043-AMC-00164(E)  
PROJ: IITRI-A6093  
TASK: 1P6-20501-A448-02-03  
MONITOR: ECOM 00164-9

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also AD-644 963.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT, \*FIBER OPTICS), (\*OPTICAL SCANNING, FIBER OPTICS), MODULATORS, CIRCUITS, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), OPTICAL IMAGES, ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT COMPONENTS, EMBEDDING SUBSTANCES, FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION (U)

The objectives of the program are the design and construction of an advanced development model of a continuous facsimile transmitter employing a fiber optics scanner. The performance of the modulator circuit was evaluated and the black-to-white ratio was determined for different lamp and modulator voltage levels. Pertinent design features of the prototype scanner are presented and discussed.

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 644 963 17/2 20/6  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 8, 1 Apr-30 Jun 66.

SEP 66 38P Pontarelli, Donald A. ;  
REPT. NO. IITRI-A6093-24  
CONTRACT: DA-28-043-AMC-00164(E)  
PROJ: IITRI-A6093  
TASK: 1P6-20501-A448-02-03  
MONITOR: ECOM 00164-8

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also AD-642 675.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, \*FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT), (\*SCANNING, FIBER OPTICS), MODULATORS, AMPLIFIERS, DESIGN (U)

Design, fabrication, and testing of the modulator and amplifier are discussed in extensive detail. The design approach used has led to an operative equipment. (Author)

(U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 643 075 17/2 20/6  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 7, 1 Jan-31 Mar 66.

JUL 66 16P Pontarelli, Donald A. ;  
REPT. NO. IITRI-A6093-21  
CONTRACT: DA-28-043-AMC-00164(E)  
PROJ: IITRI-A6093  
TASK: 1P6-20501-A448-02-03  
MONITOR: ECOM 00164-7

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also AD-643 074.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, \*FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT),  
(\*SCANNING, FIBER OPTICS), DESIGN, PHOTOELECTRIC  
CELLS(SEMICONDUCTOR), CIRCUITS, MODULATORS (U)

Mechanical design features of the prototype facsimile scanner are listed and discussed in some detail. This phase of the program is estimated to be approximately 80% completed. The fiber optics detector system, consisting of a light source detector and modulator circuit, is approaching finalization. Problem areas in this phase are discussed. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

102

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 643 074 17/2 20/6  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 6, 1 Oct-31 Dec 65.

MAY 66 13P Pontarelli, Donald A. ;  
REPT. NO. IITRI-A6093-18  
CONTRACT: DA-28-043-AMC-00164(E)  
PROJ: IITRI-A6093  
TASK: 1E6-34301-D246-03-06  
MONITOR: ECOM 00164-6

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also AD-642 675 and AD-643 075.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, \*FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT),  
(\*SCANNING, FIBER OPTICS), DESIGN, PLASTIC COATINGS,  
HALOCARBON PLASTICS, PRECISION FINISHING, PHOTOELECTRIC  
CELLS(SEMICONDUCTOR) (U)

Work was continued on the selection, design and construction of the mechanical, electrical and optical components necessary to produce a functional facsimile transmitter. The major accomplishments during the report period were: (1) Design of a unitized prototype facsimile scanner. (2) Acquisition and classification of photodetector data. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

102

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 642 675 17/2 20/6  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 5, 1 Jul-30 Sep 65.

REPT. NO. MAY 66 18P Pontarelli, Donald A. ;  
CONTRACT: IITRI-A6093-15  
PROJ: DA-28-043-AMC-00164(E)  
TASK: DA-1E6-34301-D246  
MONITOR: 1E6-34301-D246-0306  
ECONV 00164-5

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also AD-624 696.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, \*FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT),  
(\*SCANNING, FIBER OPTICS), SURFACE PROPERTIES,  
DEFECTS(MATERIALS), PHOTOELECTRIC CELLS(SEMICONDUCTOR),  
PHOTOTUBES, PRECISION FINISHING (U)

The major achievements of the period covered by this report were: (1) Reduction by several orders of magnitude of the defects occurring at the core-coating interface of fibers. (2) Production of a photographic record essentially free of photometric imperfections by means of a 2.5 inch fiber optics facsimile scanner. (3) Identification of grinding and polishing as a phase which requires further detailed study. (4) Accumulation and cataloging of characteristic photodetector data. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 637 173 6/12 20/6 6/16  
SAINT LOUIS UNIV MO DEPT OF PHYSIOLOGY

PHOTOELECTRIC PLETHYSMOGRAPHY USING FIBER OPTICS FOR APPLICATION IN THERMAL PHYSIOLOGY.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. May 63-Sep 64.

APR 66 14P Hertzmann, Alrick B. ;Flath, Franz ;  
CONTRACT: AF 33(657)-11551, PHS-H-4939  
PROJ: AF-7164,  
TASK: 716409,  
MONITOR: AMRL TR-66-31

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Grant PHS-HE-07070.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*TEMPERATURE SENSITIVE ELEMENTS, \*FIBER OPTICS), (\*MEDICAL EQUIPMENT, TEMPERATURE SENSITIVE ELEMENTS), (\*HEAT PRODUCTION(BIOLOGY), MEASUREMENT), MOUTH, BODY TEMPERATURE, SKIN(ANATOMY), BLOOD CIRCULATION, MEMBRANES(BIOLOGY), BLOOD VOLUME, TISSUES(BIOLOGY), METABOLISM, ABSORPTION SPECTRA, PHOTOTUBES (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: PLETHYSMOGRAPHY (U)

Several designs of photoelectric plethysmographs utilizing fiber optics are described. One arrangement is used for studies on the cutaneous circulation. A modification of this design was applied successfully to the oral mucosa in climate chamber experiments. With a light wire substituted for the photocell, interference filters and multiplier phototubes may be combined for spectrophotometric recording. This arrangement is particularly useful for following changes in blood content of the illuminated tissue during changes in ambient temperature. (Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 637 064 20/6  
 FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO  
 LIGHT TRANSMITTING CABLES. (U)

MAY 66 7P Kung.K. Y. ;  
 REPT. NO. FTD-TT-65-725.  
 MONITOR: TT 66-62037

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Edited trans. of K'o Hsueh Ta  
 Chung (Chinese People's Republic) n12 p5 1963.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, GLASS), CHINA, LIGHT  
 TRANSMISSION, REFRACTIVE INDEX, REFLECTION (U)

A light cable is composed of two parts, the fiber center and the thin glass housing. The fiber is made of material of higher refractive index, and the housing of lower refractive index. The housing serves to protect the surface of each individual fiber so that it remains smooth and clean. It also separates one fiber from another in the cable. The main function of the housing is, however, to provide an outside layer of a lower refractive index on the fiber so that the phenomenon of total reflection is produced when a light beam enters a single light fiber. In this way, light can be transmitted through a curved and soft light cable. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

104

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 636 807 9/1 20/6  
 DUMONT ELECTRON TUBES CLIFTON N J  
 12 INCH DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC  
 FACEPLATE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarter interim development rept. no. 8,  
 1 Apr-30 Jun 66.

JUL 66 5P Cawein, Madison ;  
 CONTRACT: N0bsr-91206,  
 PROJ: SF0070501,  
 TASK: 6030,

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also AD-620 730

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBES, \*FIBER OPTICS),  
 MANUFACTURING, MILITARY REQUIREMENTS, SPECIFICATIONS,  
 ELECTRON TUBES, DISPLAY SYSTEMS (U)

In the eighth quarter, A new 12 inch fiber optic faceplate was fabricated, and subjected to a first inspection after rough polish. This preliminary inspection indicated that the plate might be acceptable, though not perfect. (Author) (U)



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 627 456 20/5 20/6  
OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC BELMONT CALIF

FIBER OPTICS AND THE LASER. (U)

65 26P Kapanv.N. S. ;  
CONTRACT: AF 49(638)-1200 ,Nonr-4333(00)  
PROJ: AF-9767  
TASK: 976702  
MONITOR: AFOSR . 65-1977

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Published in Annals of the New  
York Academy of Sciences v122 p615-37 May 28 1965.  
Copies to DDC users only.

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, LASERS). (\*LASERS, FIBER).  
MEDICAL RESEARCH. TISSUES(BIOLOGY). COAGULATION,  
NEODYMIUM, DOPING, GLASS (U)

The various applications made possible by the combination of the fields of lasers and fiber optics are discussed in some detail. The use of lasers in medicine for the coagulation of tissues accessible to direct observation and of tissues inside the human body inaccessible to direct observation, using laser-fiber optics endoscopes, is discussed. The possibility of using the fiber optics hypodermic probe, capable of ultraviolet excitation as well as laser coagulation in deep regions under the skin, are also discussed. More recent work done on lasing fibers, made possible with the availability of neodymiumdoped glasses, are described along with the output characteristics and potential applications. (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 624 696 17/2 20/6  
IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 4, 1 Apr-30 Jun 65,  
NOV 65 21P Pontarelli, Donald A. ;  
REPT. NO. IITRI-A6093-12  
CONTRACT: DA-28-043-AMC-00164(E)  
PROJ: IITRI-A6093  
TASK: 1E6-34301-D246-03-02

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also AD-623 204.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT).  
(\*FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT, FIBER OPTICS), (\*SCANNING, FIBER OPTICS). RECORDING PAPER, PHOTOGRAPHIC PAPER, SURFACE PROPERTIES, GLASS, RODS, PHOTOELECTRIC CELLS(SEMICONDUCTOR) (U)

Photometric imperfections occurring in copy exposed through a fiber sheet were reduced by use of bulk glass rods whose surface had been ground and polished to an optical finish. Evaluation of the linearity, temperature characteristics, and sensitivity of a number of light detectors resulted in selection of a type considered best choice for use in the facsimile scanner. Prototype of scanner assembled and functioned satisfactorily except for minor variations in speed of the copy feed belt. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 624 099 20/5 20/6

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INC DALLAS APPARATUS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LAB

LARGE-ANGLE DEFLECTION TECHNIQUE FOR LASER DISPLAY. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 1,

NOV 65 35P Fournier, G. R.; Parker, M. W.;

REPT. NO. UI-912008-1

CONTRACT: AF30(602)-3731

PROJ: AF-5597

MONITOR: RADC, TR-65-349

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*ELECTROOPTICS, LASERS), (\*LASERS, DISPLAY SYSTEMS), (\*FIBER OPTICS, LASERS), LIGHT, REFLECTORS, PIEZOELECTRIC TRANSDUCERS, DEFLECTION, ELECTRON OPTICS, TELEVISION DISPLAY SYSTEMS, OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT (U)

A large angle deflection technique for producing a 945-line T.V. type raster scan in an experimental laser display was developed, since conventional deflection methods could not be used. The horizontal scanner was comprised of a rotating mirror and a piezoelectric cartridge, coupled by a glass resonator shaft. A circular scan was generated and then transformed into a linear scan by a fiber optic converter. The use of the fiber optic bundle allowed zero flyback time. The linear beam was then deflected vertically by a galvanometer driven mirror at a 60 cycle per second rate. After vertical scanning, the light beam was projected through a lens on a screen. Circuitry for error sensing feedback for the scanners is continuing under study. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 106

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 623 815 17/2 20/6

GPL DIV GENERAL PRECISION INC PLEASANTVILLE N Y

WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION, VOLUME II, APPENDICES B AND C (SCHEMATICS). (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final engineering rept., phases 1 and 2,

OCT 64 26P Raitiere, Louis P.; Santone,

Urban M., Jr.;

CONTRACT: N61339-695

MONITOR: NAVTRADEVGEN 695-1-Vol-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Distribution: Microfiche only after original copies exhausted.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Volume 1, AD-621 711.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, TELEVISION EQUIPMENT), (\*TELEVISION EQUIPMENT, TELEVISION CAMERAS), TESTS, TELEVISION DISPLAY SYSTEMS, ICONOSCOPES, BACKGROUND, VISIBILITY (U)

Contents: Appendix B, Electrical schematic diagrams; Appendix C, Selected details of wide-angle lens. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 623 204

IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 3, 1 Jan-31 Mar 65.

OCT 65 18P Pontarelli, Donald A. ;

REPT. NO. IITRI-A6093-9

CONTRACT: DA28 043AMC00164E

PROJ: IITRI A6093

TASK: 1P6 20501A448 02 03

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also AD-615 526.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT), (\*FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT, FIBER OPTICS), (\*SCANNING, FIBER OPTICS), DRIVES, ELECTRIC MOTORS, PHOTOTUBES, OPTICAL SCANNING, FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION (U)

The major area of effort this quarter concerned the preparation of the design plan which was submitted at the end of February. Research effort in electronics has been concentrated on the motor drive photodetectors. Mechanical engineering has continued the design and fabrication of the copy transport drive which is essential to the further study of the fiber optic scanning system and the optical performance of single layers of fiber. In the latter area, intensive study of the causes of photometric defects in copy exposed through a fiber sheet has indicated the necessity of extensive and detailed study of all aspects of fiber drawing and fiber sheet fabrication. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 622 509

GENERAL ATRONICS CORP PHILADELPHIA PA ELECTRONIC TUBES AND INSTRUMENT DIV

THE DESIGN, DEVELOPMENT, AND FABRICATION OF A MINIATURE FIBEROPTIC FACEPLATE CATHODERAY TUBE FOR USE IN MICRO-DISPLAY. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final development rept. for May 63-31 Oct 65.

NOV 65 60P

CONTRACT: N0bsr89280

PROJ: SR0008035

TASK: 9477

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Available copy will not permit fully legible reproduction. Reproduction will be made if requested by users of DDC. Copy is available for public sale. See also AD-428 822.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS, FIBER OPTICS), (\*FIBER OPTICS, CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS), (\*CATHODE RAY TUBES, MINIATURE ELECTRON TUBES), ELECTRON OPTICS, ELECTRON GUNS, PHOSPHORESCENT MATERIALS, DEFLECTION, SENSITIVITY, RESOLUTION, DESIGN (U)

An attempt was made to design, develop, and produce two samples of a short, miniature, high resolution fiber optic face plate cathode-ray tube of high deflection sensitivity and low grid drive for use in a 'micro display'. The use of the 'ballistic' or folded electron optics principle was attempted in order to obtain in a very short tube the equivalent characteristics of a tube at least twice as long. Time and funds ran out before samples of this design could be produced. The tubes produced to implement the production phase of the contract are of the conventional straight line design. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

107

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 621 711

GENERAL PRECISION INC PLEASANTVILLE N Y GPL DIV

WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION, VOLUME I. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final engineering rept., Phases I and

2. Vol. 1, 158P Raitiere, Louis P. ; Santone,

Urban M., Jr.;

CONTRACT: N61339-695

MONITOR: NAVTRADEVEN 695-1-Vol-1

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Volume 2, AD-623 815.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, TELEVISION EQUIPMENT),  
 (\*TELEVISION EQUIPMENT, TELEVISION CAMERAS), TESTS,  
 TELEVISION DISPLAY SYSTEMS, INCONOSCOPES, BACKGROUND, (U)  
 VISIBILITY

The common objective of Phases I and II of the contract was to design, modify, construct, and arrange television equipments to provide a wide angle television system for viewing target and background information, and to adapt or modify commercially available equipment for electronically inserting the target information into the background. Reported in detail at this time is the development of the camera lens which provides an angle of view of 159 degrees in azimuth, and which is considered a significant achievement, and an examination of Fiber Optic Bundles. Phase III of the contract, presently in the study phase, to be reported upon completion of this Project, will deal with the design and construction of the combined system to project a wide angle TV picture for the realistic presentation of a trainee environment. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

108

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 620 730

DUMONT ELECTRON TUBES CLIFTON N J

12" DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly interim development rept. no. 4, 1 Apr-30 Jun 65,

AUG 65 11p

Cawein, Madison ;

CONTRACT: Nobsr91206

PROJ: SF0070501

TASK: 6030

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also AD-620 729.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBES, FIBER OPTICS), (\*FIBER OPTICS, CATHODE RAY TUBES), MANUFACTURING, MILITARY REQUIREMENTS, SPECIFICATIONS, ELECTRON TUBES, DISPLAY SYSTEMS (U)

Du Mont Electron Tubes Division utilized the fourth quarterly period to process and fabricate a second dummy F.O. tube and start the fabrication of a final, real F.O. tube of type KC2474P19. The second dummy was necessary to test an exhaust schedule cam which had to be fabricated in this quarter for bakeout of the final tubes. A potting fixture was designed and fabricated for potting the dummy and final tubes with RTV around the gold-foil frit seal. The cone and final assembly drawings were revised and up-dated at the start of this period. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 620 729

DUMONT ELECTRON TUBES CLIFTON N J

12" DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC  
FACEPLATE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly interim development rept. no. 3, 1 Jan-31 Mar 65, JUL 65

Cawein, Madison :

CONTRACT: NObsr91206

PROJ: SF0070501

TASK: 6030

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBES, FIBER OPTICS), (\*FIBER OPTICS, CATHODE RAY TUBES), MANUFACTURING, SPECIFICATIONS, ELECTRON TUBES, DISPLAY SYSTEMS (U)

The purpose of this program is to develop, fabricate and supply two fiber optic faceplate cathode ray tubes, having the electrical characteristics of the 12BCP19. These tubes shall be suitable for testing in the AN/SYA-4(V) Console Data Input Display, Du Mont Electron Tubes Division utilized the third quarter period to fabricate glass cones for dummy tubes and process and test the first dummy tube. Actually, three dummy tubes were fabricated by the vendor. Two of these were rejected at Du Mont. The third dummy was processed and tested. This third dummy passed all electrical MIL-E-1 specs; and, on the basis of its successful performance the design of the final tube was completed. Four glass cones were delivered to the vendor in this period. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 615 526

IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 2, 1 Oct-31 Dec 64, JAN 65

Pontarelli, Donald A. ;

REPT. NO. IITRI-A6093-6

CONTRACT: DA28 043AMC00164E

TASK: 1E6 34301D246 03 06

MONITOR: ECOM , 00614-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also AD-613 302.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*SCANNING, FIBER OPTICS), (\*FIBER OPTICS, SCANNING), (\*FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT, FIBER OPTICS), FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION, ILLUMINATION, SURFACE PROPERTIES, BRIGHTNESS, INTERFERENCE, RADIO WAVES, OSCILLATORS, TRANSMITTER RECEIVERS (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: AN/GXC-5 (U)

Effort was concentrated primarily towards design and fabrication of a test model to incorporate the fiber optics package suited to the space requirements dictated by the physical configurations of the GXC-5 facsimile transmitter. A copy transport mechanism was designed with a temporary drive attached in order to make it operable for a test program. Continued investigation with extensive consideration being given towards means for increasing copy illumination level. Study initiated to determine susceptibility to radio frequency interference. (Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 614 448

FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORP CLIFTON N J ALLEN B  
DUMONT LABS DIV12 INCH DIAMETER CATHODE RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC  
FACEPLATE. (U)DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Revision no. 1 to Quarterly progress  
rept. no. 1, 1 Jul-30 Sep 64,

JAN 65 14P Cawein, Madison ;

REPT. NO. SI-5874 rev. 1 ,MO-10159 rev. 1

CONTRACT: N08sr91206

PROJ: SF0070501

TASK: 6030

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Revision to rept. Program to  
Develop a 12 Inch Diameter Fiber Optic Faceplate  
Cathode Ray Tube, 20 Nov 64, AD-609 967.  
Available copy will not permit fully legible reproduction.  
Reproduction will be made if requested by users of DDC.  
Copy is not available for public sale.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBES, FIBER OPTICS), (\*FIBER  
OPTICS, CATHODE RAY TUBES), ELECTRON GUNS, GLASS,  
DESIGN (U)

IDENTIFIERS: FACEPLATES (U)

Du Mont Laboratories finalized basic and  
component designs and developed a method for pre-  
testing the electron gun design. Historical test  
evaluation data indicates that the major cause of  
rejections of tubes similar to the 128Cp19 are the  
result of mis-alignment of electron gun components.  
Electron gun assemblies for this program will be  
individually tested in 128Cp19 blanks before  
sealing into a fiber optic tube. Prior to  
fabrication of the fiber optic faceplate tubes, two  
experimental units with plain glass dummy faceplates  
will be processed through all operations, thereby  
proving reliability of manufacturing operations.  
Preliminary studies and reviews disclosed  
limitations were imposed by the fiber optic supplier,  
also available fixtures for fiber optic faceplate  
fabrication limit the faceplate diameter to 11-7/8  
inches (maximum). (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

110

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 613 302

IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER  
OPTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 1, 24 Jun-31 Oct

64, OCT 64

REPT. NO. IITRI-A6093-3 Pontarelli, Donald A. ;

CONTRACT: DA28 043AMC00164E

PROJ: A6093

TASK: 1P6 20501A448 02 03

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT, FIBER OPTICS),  
(\*FIBER OPTICS, FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT), SURFACE  
PROPERTIES, BRIGHTNESS, SCANNING (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: AN/GXC-5 (U)

Studies of optical and mechanical configurations  
towards design and placement of a fiber optics  
scanner within the confines of AN/GXC-5 Facsimile  
transmitter. Considerations relative to employment  
of major numbers of mechanical and electrical  
components now in use in the facsimile transmitter.  
Investigation and experimentations are being  
pursued to provide a higher surface brightness, above  
that obtained by use of large area fluorescent tubes,  
in the new fiber optics scanner. (Author) (U)



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 612 902

OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC BELMONT CALIF

LONG WAVELENGTH INFRARED FIBER OPTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim engineering rept. no. 3, 16  
Dec 64-15 Feb 65,

MAR 65 16P Kapanv,N. S. ; Simms,R. J. ;

CONTRACT: AF33 615 1952

PROJ: 4056

TASK: 405603

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, INFRARED OPTICAL MATERIALS), (\*INFRARED OPTICAL MATERIALS, FIBER OPTICS), (\*GLASS, FIBER OPTICS), CERAMIC FIBERS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION, COATINGS, PIPES, INFRARED RADIATION, ARSENIC COMPOUNDS, SULFIDES (U)

Development work on far infrared transmitting fiber optics is reported. Effort during the third quarter has been concentrated on the following: 1) additional samples of glass were evaluated in fiber draws; 2) techniques were developed to demonstrate the presence of the coating glass on a coated fiber; and 3) transmission profiles and radiation pattern measurements were recorded for two types of coated fibers. The results are included in this report. Furthermore, effort on the development of techniques for fabricating short flexible light pipes was continued and several successful samples have been made using uncoated fibers. Two glass combinations have been used to produce short lengths of good quality coated fibers. Devitrification is still a problem, producing some seeds in long lengths of fiber, but additional draws are scheduled with these glasses in an attempt to minimize this defect. The optical evaluation equipment has proved to be satisfactory for the measurements required and the characteristic curve concept has been demonstrated. Light pipe fabrication techniques have been developed and appear to be satisfactory for the production of short flexible components. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 612 637

OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC BELMONT CALIF

ROLE OF FIBER OPTICS IN PHOTOGRAPHY, (U)

64 4P Kapanv,N. S. ;  
CONTRACT: AF49 638 1200

MONITOR: AFOSR , 65-0445

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Also included in International Commission for Optics, Conference on Photographic and Spectroscopic Optics, 1-8 Sep 64, held at Tokyo and Kyoto.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, PHOTOGRAPHY), (\*PHOTOGRAPHY, FIBER OPTICS), IMAGE INTENSIFIERS (ELECTRONICS), RESOLUTION, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, PHOTOELECTRIC EFFECT (U)

Fiber Optics assemblies in the form of field flatteners, image dissectors, image intensifiers, FOCONS, and fiber coupling plates are described for use in various high speed, high resolution photographic systems and photoelectronic devices. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 611 944

STANFORD RESEARCH INST MENLO PARK CALIF POULTER LABS

OPTICAL PROBE TECHNIQUES. (U)

MAY 64 SP Goettelman, R. C. ; Crosby, J. K. ;

CONTRACT: AF08 635 2951

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Review of Scientific Instruments (U. S.) v35 n11 p1546-49 Nov 1964  
(Copies not available to DDC or Clearinghouse customers).

DESCRIPTORS: (\*PROBES (ELECTROMAGNETIC)). FIBER OPTICS). (\*FIBER OPTICS, PROBES (ELECTROMAGNETIC)). (\*TIMING DEVICES, FIBER OPTICS). ARGON, ENCAPSULATION, LIGHT, SIGNALS, ROTATING-MIRROR CAMERAS, SHOCK WAVES, VELOCITY, MEASUREMENT, HIGH PRESSURE, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT (U)

The application of fiber optics light guides to optical time-of-arrival measurements in the submicrosecond range is described. Methods are given for fabrication of small diameter guides which may be either rigid or flexible. Argon encapsulation techniques are described which make it possible to generate bright optical signals from flying plate arrivals in vacuum. Examples of applications of the techniques used in conjunction with a rotating mirror streak camera are given and the accuracy obtainable is discussed. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

112

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 609 967

FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORP CLIFTON N J ALLEN B DUMONT LABS DIV

PROGRAM TO DEVELOP A 12 INCH DIAMETER FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE CATHODE RAY TUBE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly progress rept. no. 1, 1 Jul-30 Sep 64,

NOV 64 13P Cawein, Madison ;

REPT. NO. SI-5874, MO-10159

CONTRACT: N008r-91206

PROJ: SF0070501

TASK: 6030

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, CATHODE RAY TUBES). (\*CATHODE RAY TUBES, MANUFACTURING). ELECTRON GUNS, ELECTRON TUBE PARTS, GLASS, SPECIFICATIONS, DESIGN IDENTIFIERS: FACEPLATES (U) (U)

The purpose of this program is to develop, fabricate and supply two fiber optic faceplate cathode-ray tubes, having the electrical characteristics of the 128CP19. These tubes will be suitable for testing in the AN/SVA-4(V) Console Data Input Display. The basic and component designs were completed and components were ordered. The electron gun design was evaluated for possible difficulties in manufacture and a method for pretesting the electron guns was developed. (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 609 842

OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC BELMONT CALIF

LONG WAVELENGTH INFRARED FIBER OPTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim engineering rept. no. 2, 16

Sep-15 Dec 64,

DEC 64 16P

Kapanay, N. S. ; Simms, R. J. ;

CONTRACT: AF33 615 1952

PROJ: 4056

TASK: 405603

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, INFRARED RADIATION), (\*INFRARED OPTICAL MATERIALS, FIBER OPTICS), GLASS, GERMANIUM, SELENIUM, ARSENIC, ANTIMONY, TELLURIUM, SILICON, LIGHT TRANSMISSION, GLASS TEXTILES, FIBERS, DRAWING (MACHINE PROCESSING), MANUFACTURING (U)

A description is given of the concentric crucible design developed for this contract. The results of several fiber draws are reported. The glasses used have been arsenic-sulphur (As-S), arsenic-selenium-tellurium (As-Se-Te) and germanium-arsenic-tellurium (Ge-As-Te) glasses. One As-Se-Te glass was shown to be adequate but shortcomings were found in the stability of the other glasses selected from the last two types. Several flexible bundles have been fabricated using As-S coated fibers and As-Se Te uncoated fibers. Techniques for fabricating short flexible bundles were investigated. During the third quarter, additional glass samples will be drawn and the resultant fibers and components evaluated. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 609 579

CORNING GLASS WORKS BRADFORD PA

MULTIPLE TAPPED PHOTOELASTIC DELAY LINE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.,

DEC 64 185P

Miller, I. C. ;

CONTRACT: AF30 602 2060

PROJ: 4506

TASK: 450601

MONITOR: RADC . TDR64 434

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, DELAY LINES), (\*DELAY LINES, PHOTOELASTICITY), (\*PHOTOELASTICITY, DELAY LINES), CORRELATORS, HIGH FREQUENCY, BANDWIDTH, SIGNAL-TO-NOISE RATIO, PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING), MATCHED FILTERS, LASERS, TRANSDUCERS, FEASIBILITY STUDIES, ULTRASONIC PROPERTIES, MODELS(SIMULATIONS), ILLUMINATION, POTASSIUM COMPOUNDS, SODIUM COMPOUNDS, NICOTATES, CERAMIC MATERIALS, QUARTZ, DEMODULATORS, DIODES (SEMICONDUCTORS) (U)

The effort covered by this report is concerned primarily with the investigation of methods of improving the performance of the multiple-tapped photoelastic delay line in the areas of higher frequency operation, wider bandwidth, and increased signal-to-noise ratio. The development of the supporting components necessary to provide a practical system capability was also part of this investigation. The design and evaluation of an experimental model of a 10 megabit matched-filter is described. This device represents a practical embodiment of the photoelastic delay line technique. Operating models were produced whenever possible, and when useful information could be obtained from an operating unit. These include, in addition to the correlator mentioned above, a high intensity delay line illuminator (for a 100 usec line), a 100 channel (0.1 microsecond tap spacing) tapping device, a transistorized wideband delay line driver and a photomultiplier receiver-amplifier both operational around 15 mc/s. Designs were also obtained for the 30 mc versions of the delay line driver and receiver amplifiers. A signal-to-noise ratio of 40 db was achieved at 15 mc/s by reimagining and concentrating the arc source.

(U)



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 607 323

OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC BELMONT CALIF

LONG WAVELENGTH INFRARED FIBER OPTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim engineering rept. no. 1. 15  
Jun-15 Sep 64. 4P

SEP 64

CONTRACT: AF33 615 1952

PROJ: 4056

TASK: 405603

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, INFRARED RADIATION),  
(\*INFRARED OPTICAL MATERIALS, FIBER OPTICS), GLASS,  
GERMANIUM, SELENIUM, ARSENIC, ANTIMONY, TELLURIUM,  
SILICON, LIGHT TRANSMISSION, REVIEWS, GLASS TEXTILES,  
FIBERS, DRAWING (MACHINE PROCESSING) (U)

The results of a literature survey for glasses with longer wavelength infrared transmission than arsenic-sulphur glasses are described in detail. The conclusions of this survey are discussed and samples were obtained of some of the selected glasses. The equipment necessary for this program is described and progress on its fabrication reported. Preliminary attempts to draw fibers with the available samples using existing fiber drawing equipment indicated that closer environmental control is necessary to produce seed-free fibers. This was anticipated, and new equipment is now being built. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

114

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 606 636

OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC BELMONT CALIF

FIBER OPTICS IMAGE DEVICE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. for Apr 62-Jul 63,  
AUG 64 35P Capellaro, D. F. ;

CONTRACT: AF30 602 2746

PROJ: 5578

TASK: 557803

MONITOR: RADC , TOR64 217

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Legibility of this document is in part unsatisfactory. Reproduction has been made from best available copy.

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, IMAGES), OPTICAL EQUIPMENT,  
MANUFACTURING, FIBERS, BONDING, MACHINES, DESIGN,  
FEASIBILITY STUDIES, DISPLAY SYSTEMS (U)

The development of a fiber optics image device using the 'cylindrical fibers redistribution system' is discussed. The program included the investigation of various fabrication techniques and the construction of equipment for the suitable manipulation of fiber layers to form an image device. Three fabrication techniques, (1) rotating substrate, (2) expanding substrate, and (3) expanding-contracting, were investigated. A machine was designed and constructed for the production of fiber layers which would be close packed at one end and spaced by 12 times the diameters of the fibers at the other end. The basic feasibility of a fiber optics image enlargement device and the machinery required for its fabrication was fairly well proven in the program. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 605 431

AMERICAN OPTICAL CO SOUTHBRIIDGE MASS

FIBER OPTIC LASER.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Semiannual rept. no. 2, 1 Nov 62-29

Mar 63.

MAR 63

8P

Snitzer, Elias ;

CONTRACT: DA-19-020-ORD-5575

PROJ: 3209

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*LASERS, FIBER OPTICS), (\*FIBER OPTICS, LASERS), (\*NEODYMIUM, GLASS), SPECTROSCOPY, OSCILLATION, DAMPING, PUMPING (ELECTRONICS), EMISSION, FREQUENCY, CONTROL (U)

Some spectral and time properties of neodymium glass lasers of conventional geometry are described. The spectral output vs. pump power was investigated. The effect of temperature on the spectra and time traces was also looked at. The results of attempts to control the frequency of the laser emission are reported. Work on long single fibers and fused multifiber bundles was carried out. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

115

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 601 572

OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC BELMONT CALIF

INFRARED FIBER OPTICS INVESTIGATIONS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Rept. for 15 May 63-15 Apr 64,

JUN 64

84P

Kapany, N. S. ; Simms, R. J. ;

CONTRACT: AF 33(657)-11480

PROJ: AF-4030

TASK: 403004

MONITOR: AFAL TDR-64-98

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, GLASS), (\*GLASS, FIBER OPTICS), (\*INFRARED OPTICAL MATERIALS, GLASS), FIBERS (SYNTHETIC), LIGHT TRANSMISSION, SPECTRA (INFRARED), RARE EARTH ELEMENTS, ARSENIC, SULFUR, GLASS TEXTILES IDENTIFIERS: ARSENIC SULFUR GLASS (U)

The development of the fiber optics technology for a lanthanate-soda lime glass combination and for an arsenic sulphur glass combination is reported. The former glasses can be used over the wavelength range of 0.4 to 5 microns and the fiber drawing processes are those normally used for high softening point glasses available in a rod and tube form. The fabrication of fused plates, field flatteners, light pipes, image dissectors and high resolution imaging cones is reported. The arsenic sulphur glasses, for use over the 1 to 12 micron range, are not available in a rod and tube form so a concentric crucible technique was developed for the production of single coated fibers. This process and the processes used for drawing multiple fibers and fabricating components are fully described. These components include high resolution fused plates, field flatteners, light pipes, image dissectors and low resolution imaging cones. A full description is also given of the processes developed to evaluate these fiber optics components at infrared wavelengths and data are presented on the spectral transmission, edge response and detailed optical transfer functions of each component. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

115

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 441 373

NATIONAL CASH REGISTER CO HAWTHORNE CALIF

DATA DISPLAY STUDY.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim rept. no. 4, 1 Sep-20 Dec 63.

DEC 63 67P Bjelland, M. L. ;

CONTRACT: DA36 039SC90855

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBES, PHOTOCHROMISM), (\*FIBER OPTICS, CATHODE RAY TUBES), (\*PHOTOCHROMISM, CATHODE RAY TUBES). CIRCUITS, POWER SUPPLIES, RESOLUTION, DATA TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS, DIGITAL SYSTEMS, DISPLAY SYSTEMS, THEORY, TEST EQUIPMENT (ELECTRICAL + ELECTRONIC), TRANSISTORS, ELECTRON GUNS, ELECTRON BEAMS, DESIGN, TESTS, FOCUSING, VOLTAGE

(U)

In the fourth report period of this contract, and the interim to the start of the follow-on contract, work was concentrated on development of the EPIC or Photochromic/CRT Display System. Two fiber optic CRT's have been received and are being evaluated. Measurements were made on factors affecting photochromic writing speed. Experimental results are compared with calculated results. Additional equipment for CRT-lens writing tests has been fabricated. (Author)

(U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 434 382

IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

STUDY OF FACSIMILE SCANNING AND RECORDING TECHNIQUES EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 7, 15 July-15 Oct 63.

MAR 64 10P Pontarelli, D. A. ;

REPT. NO: A1203 22

CONTRACT: DA36 039sc88927

PROJ: A203

TASK: 3A99 22 001 02 04

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, RECORDING SYSTEMS), (\*FACSIMILE RECORDING, OPTICAL SCANNING), ANALYSIS, PHOTOMETERS, REPRODUCTION, ILLUMINATION, PHOTOGRAPHIC FILM

(U)

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: MICRODENSITOMETERS

An investigation has been made of the two types of imperfections present in reproductions made with the fiber optics modified facsimile system. A number of experiments were designed to furnish data which would assist in the analysis of the problem. Important conclusions have resulted from those experiments which have been performed and it is expected that others will be revealed when the schedule is completed. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

116

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 428 986

NAVAL ORDNANCE LAB WHITE OAK MD

NON-CONDUCTIVE MONITORING OF MISSILE COMPONENTS AND SYSTEMS. - (U)

OCT 63 13P Blair.R. H. ;  
REPT. NO. NOLTR-63-229

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*GUIDED MISSILE COMPONENTS, CHECKOUT PROCEDURES), (\*FIBER OPTICS, CHECKOUT PROCEDURES), (\*GUIDED MISSILE WARHEADS, CHECKOUT PROCEDURES), MONITORS, RELIABILITY, TEST METHODS, NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING, ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES, FAILURE, MODIFICATION KITS, MODELS (SIMULATIONS), SIMULATION, ATTACHMENT (U)

Both the reliability and safety of an adaption kit/warhead system could be increased if nonelectrical monitoring were used. To overcome the disadvantages of electrical monitoring, a new system was designed using fiber optics, or the transmission of light by flexible-glass pipes. No electrical current is used for this monitor system. Induced light is transmitted from component to component, indicating component or subcomponent condition and/or presence. Fiber optics has a further advantage in its adaptability for separating reliability and safety features monitored. Poorly mated or unmated connections will interrupt the light path, thus indicating questionable system reliability. The condition of the components can be monitored by passing a light beam through a prearranged screen or port within each device. A system using this non-conductive method of monitoring requires no special test equipment; only a light source is necessary. (Author) (U)

## UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 428 822

GENERAL ATRONICS CORP PHILADELPHIA PA

DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE MINIATURE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE CATHODE RAY TUBES. (U)

OCT 63, 7P  
DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly progress rept. no. 2, Aug-Guy ; Moore, Robert S. ; Pearlman, Sam ;  
Hilliard, Robert C. ; Barnett,

CONTRACT: N00sr-89280

PROJ: SR008035

TASK: 9477

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS, FIBER OPTICS), (\*FIBER OPTICS, CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS), (\*CATHODE RAY TUBES, MINIATURE ELECTRON TUBES), VACUUM APPARATUS, ELECTRON GUNS, ELECTRON OPTICS, ELECTRON ACCELERATORS, PHOSPHORESCENT MATERIALS, DEFLECTION, SENSITIVITY, DISTORTION, RESOLUTION (U)

Efforts were continued on the development of miniature fiber optic faceplate cathode ray tubes. The bell jar vacuum system demountable setup was completed and one assembly using a stock gun was made to check the electron optics of the ballistic and post acceleration region. A second assembly was made using a stock gun and a graded pitch spiraled post accelerator. A third assembly was made using a gun designed with regard to its electron optical performance. The ballistic and post accelerator of the second setup were used. Two sealed off gun test tubes and three sealed off phosphor test tubes were also made. The conclusions were as follows: (1) a uniform field in the ballistic region was desirable; (2) a graded pitch spiral in the post acceleration region gave divergence which improved the deflection sensitivity as full scan; (3) some pattern distortion resulted from lack of field matching between the ballistic and post acceleration region; (4) the overall system with the gun designed for this tube should be capable of giving an undeflected spot size of 0.0018 inches; and (5) P28 phosphor was not a good candidate for high resolution work. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 425 492

OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC BELMONT CALIF

INFRARED FIBER OPTICS INVESTIGATION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim engineering rept. no. 2,  
NOV 63 56P Kapany, Narinder S. ;

CONTRACT: AF33 657 11480

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, INFRARED RESEARCH),  
EXPERIMENTAL DATA, INFRARED OPTICAL MATERIALS, GLASS,  
FLAT PLATE MODELS, CONICAL BODIES, OPTICAL MATERIALS,  
OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, THEORY, MEASUREMENT, ARSENIC, (U)

(U)

Work on the Research and Development of Infrared Fiber Optics is reported. The results of the experimental evaluation of fused fiber optics components from IR 442 glass are presented. These results are discussed in detail for fused fiber optics plates, imaging cones and single conical elements and, where applicable, conclusions drawn on their performance potential in optical systems. With the availability of a theory describing the skew ray performance of conical fibers and the results of edge response measurements, this evaluation will be complete. Edge response measuring equipment has been designed and is under construction. A concentric crucible has been built and used for the production of coated arsenic-sulphur glass fibers and these fibers are of sufficient quality for fabrication into fused components. (U)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

118

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 425 416

OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC BELMONT CALIF

INFRARED FIBER OPTICS INVESTIGATION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim engineering rept. no. 1, 15  
May-15 Aug 63, 14P Kapany, Narinder S. ; Simms, R. J. ;

CONTRACT: AF33 657 11480

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, MANUFACTURING), LIGHT  
TRANSMISSION, RARE EARTH ELEMENTS, OXIDES, GLASS,  
SULFUR, ARSENIC, FEASIBILITY STUDIES, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT  
TESTS, OPTICAL ANALYSIS (U)

(U)

Work is reported on the 'Research and Development of Infrared Fiber Optics.' The experimental work falls into two categories: (1) the fabrication and evaluation of fiber optics devices made from rare earth oxide glasses; and (2) the fabrication and evaluation of fiber optics devices made from arsenic-sulphur glasses. The fiber optics components of oxide glasses have been fabricated and are being tested and evaluated. The processes required for the construction of fiber optics components from arsenic sulphur glasses have been demonstrated on pilot quantities and will be used with larger quantities during the second quarter. (Author)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 424 987

RADIO CORP OF AMERICA CAMDEN N J DEFENSE ELECTRONIC  
PRODUCTS

A FIBER OPTIC SENSING DEVICE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.

OCT 63 53P

CONTRACT: AF30 602 2802

PROJ: 6244

TASK: 558101

MONITOR: RADC

TDR63 438

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, PHOTOELECTRIC CELLS  
(SEMICONDUCTOR)), (\*PHOTOELECTRIC CELLS (SEMICONDUCTOR),  
FIBER OPTICS), SERVOMECHANISMS, LIGHT TRANSMISSION,  
TELEPHOTO LENSES, ANALOG SYSTEMS, ELECTRIC MOTORS,  
CIRCUITS (U)

The report describes a fiber optic device which has  
optical inputs and analog current outputs. Fiber  
optics were used in order to preserve the analog  
nature of the input patterns. The device as built  
will be used as an optical input device for the  
analog learning machine under construction at Rome  
Air Development Center. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 423 755

IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

STUDY OF FACSIMILE SCANNING AND RECORDING TECHNIQUES  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 2.

NOV 63 9P

REPT. NO. A1203 7

CONTRACT: DA36 039sc88927

TASK: 3A99 22 001 02 04

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT),  
(\*FACSIMILE RECORDING SYSTEMS, FIBER OPTICS),  
(\*FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT, FIBER OPTICS), (\*OPTICAL  
SCANNING, FIBER OPTICS), DIELECTRIC FILMS, RESOLUTION,  
REFLECTION, SPECTROPHOTOMETERS, FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION,  
OPTICAL COATINGS, TEST EQUIPMENT, TEST METHODS, TENSILE  
PROPERTIES (U)

Research was continued on a study of theoretical  
and experimental problems related to the utilization  
of dielectric fibers in a facsimile scanner and  
recorder. An elemental scanner was constructed to  
study scanning parameters and resolution of fiber  
optics illuminating and scanning systems. For the  
purpose, an automatic microdensitometer, designed to  
measure and record transmission density of film, was  
modified to measure reflection density of opaque  
copy. A recording spectrophotometer was modified  
to measure spectral transmission of fiber bundles in  
a study of transmission characteristics of individual  
fibers. A study of strength coefficients of coated  
fibers was initiated in connection with a search for  
glass combinations with optimum strength consistent  
with acceptable optical properties. Facsimile set  
NA/GXC-4(XC-2) was delivered and work is in  
progress for its modification to accommodate fiber  
optics components. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

119

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07



UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 420 252

GENERAL ATRONICS CORP PHILADELPHIA PA

DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE MINIATURE, FIBER OPTIC  
FACEPLATE CATHODE RAY TUBES. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly progress rept. no. 1, May-  
July 63, by Robert C.

JUN 63

Barnett, ;Sam .Moore and ;

CONTRACT: N00sr81280

PROJ: SR008035

TASK: 9477

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (\*CATHODE RAY TUBES, FIBER OPTICS), (\*FIBER  
OPTICS, CATHODE RAY TUBES), (\*ELECTRON OPTICS, CATHODE  
RAY TUBES), ELECTRON BEAMS, PARTICLE TRAJECTORIES,  
PHOPHORESCENT MATERIALS, ELECTRON GUNS, MINIATURE  
ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT, RESOLUTION, DEFLECTION,  
SENSITIVITY, HELEXIS, THEORY, COATINGS, MECHANICAL  
DRAWINGS, TABLES(DATA) (U)

Progress is described toward the fabrication of a  
miniature fiber optic Cathode Ray Tube. Work  
was done in thliipal areas of phosphor evaluation,  
gun design and electron optics. Preliminary guns  
have been constructed, tested and evaluated. Gun  
computations and design have been completed and the  
new assemblies have been fabricated for further test  
and evaluation. Phosphor samples have been studied  
and results of the study indicate the need for more  
efficiency. Components for the electron optics are  
being designed and manufactured. Spray apparatus  
has been set up for producing conductive films on  
glass substrates prior to phosphor deposition.  
(Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

120

UNCLASSIFIED

ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 409 312

IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL

STUDY OF FACSIMILE SCANNING AND RECORDING TECHNIQUES  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Quarterly rept. no. 5 (Final), 15  
Dec 62 15 Mar 63.

JUN 63

REPT. NO. ARF A1203 16

CONTRACT: DA36 039sc88927

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (\*FIBER OPTICS, FACSIMILE), (\*FIBERS  
(SYNTHETIC), MANUFACTURING), ELECTRONIC SCANNERS, GLASS,  
CLEANING, CLEANING COMPOUNDS, DRAWING, MELTING, VACUUM,  
LIGHT TRANSMISSION. (U)

Efforts were directed towards the design and  
construction of equipment for the drawing ole core  
fiber and multiple core fiber of improved optical  
quality. The results of this work will be the  
fabrication of 50 micron diameter multiple fiber  
containing 5 micron diameter cores of uniformly high  
transmission. This fiber is to be used in a high  
resolution-facsimile scanner. (Author) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 400 246

RAULAND CORP CHICAGO ILL

EXPERIMENTAL CATHODE RAY TUBES WITH FIBER OPTIC  
INSERTS IN FACEPLATE

(U)

62

1V

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*FIBER OPTICS, CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS,  
CATHODE RAY TUBES, GLASS SEALS, MANUFACTURING, MATERIAL  
FORMING, PHOSPHORUS, PRODUCTION (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: AN/SPA-8 (M)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. ZOM07

AD- 299 007

AMERICAN OPTICAL CO SOUTHBRIDGE MASS

STUDY OF OPTICAL FIBER TECHNIQUES FOR DATA  
PROCESSING

(U)

AUG 62

1V

KOESTER, CHARLES J.;

CONTRACT: AF30 602 2440

MONITOR: RADC TDR-62-478

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: \*FIBER OPTICS, \*LASERS, \*PHOSPHORESCENT  
MATERIALS, COMPUTER LOGIC, MEMORY DEVICES, COMPUTERS,  
DATA PROCESSING, DATA STORAGE SYSTEMS, DIODES,  
ELECTRONIC SWITCHES, FLUORESCENCE, INFRARED OPTICAL  
MATERIALS, MAGNETOOPTICS, NEODYMIUM, REFRACTIVE INDEX,  
RUBY, SILICON (U)  
IDENTIFIERS: KERR EFFECT (U)

STUDY OF OPTICAL FIBER TECHNIQUES FOR DATA PROCESSING.  
LASER SWITCHING EXPERIMENTS. FARADAY AND KEN EFFECT  
EXPERIMENTS. PHOSPHOR AND DETECTOR STUDIES. NEURISTOR  
LASER ANALYSIS.

# UNCLASSIFIED

## CORPORATE AUTHOR - MONITORING AGENCY

\*ADVISORY GROUP FOR AEROSPACE RESEARCH  
AND DEVELOPMENT NEUILLY-SUR-SEINE  
(FRANCE)

AGARD-CP-219

Optical Fibres, Integrated  
Optics and Their Military  
Applications.

AD-A050 748

\*AEROSPACE MEDICAL RESEARCH LAB WRIGHT-  
PATTERSON AFB OHIO

AMRL-TR-66-31

PHOTOELECTRIC PLETHYSMOGRAPHY  
USING FIBER OPTICS FOR APPLICATION  
IN THERMAL PHYSIOLOGY.

AD- 637 173

\*AEROSPACE RESEARCH LABS WRIGHT-  
PATTERSON AFB OHIO

ARL-68-0182

Development of an Image Isocon  
with Fiber Optics Faceplate.

AD- 843 963

\*AIR FORCE AERO PROPULSION LAB WRIGHT-  
PATTERSON AFB OHIO

AFAPL-TR-67-31

ULTRAVIOLET FIBER OPTICS FOR  
FIRE AND EXPLOSION DETECTION.

AD- 809 848

AFAPL-TR-69-78

FIBER OPTICS HAZARD  
IDENTIFICATION DEVICE.

AD- 697 036

AFAPL-TR-75-48  
Sapphire Fiber Transmission at  
Temperatures up to 1000 F.

AD-A022 373

\*AIR FORCE AVIONICS LAB WRIGHT-  
PATTERSON AFB OHIO

AFAL-TR-64-98

INFRARED FIBER OPTICS  
INVESTIGATIONS.

AD- 601 572

AFAL-TR-73-164

Optoelectronic Aspects of  
Avionic Systems.

AD- 910 760

AFAL-TR-73-267-PT-1

Fiber Optics and Related  
Technology.

AD- 917 450

AFAL-TR-73-271

Optoelectronic Data Bus.

AD- 914 009

AFAL-TR-77-151

A Star Scene Simulator for Test  
and Evaluation of Imaging Systems  
Used in Point- Source Detection.

AD-A048 201

AFAL-TR-77-190

Fiber Optics Cost Analysis  
Program (FOCAP).

AD-A049 859

AFAL-TR-78-4

The Impact of Wideband  
Multiplex Concepts on  
Microprocessor-Based Avionic System  
Architectures.

AD-A057 878

\*AIR FORCE CAMBRIDGE RESEARCH LABS  
HANSCOM AFB MASS

AFCLR-68-0557

ADAPTIVE LOGIC ELEMENTS USING  
NON-GALVANIC MODIFYING INPUTS.

AD- 690 517

AFCLR-196

CYLINDRICAL DIELECTRIC  
WAVEGUIDE MODES.

AD- 674 600

AFCLR-197

OBSERVED DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDE  
MODES IN THE VISIBLE SPECTRUM.

AD- 673 366

AFCLR-PSRP-627

Radiation Effects on Fiber  
Optics.

AD-A013 786

AFCLR-TR-75-0190

Radiation Effects on Fiber  
Optics.

AD-A013 786

\*AIR FORCE FLIGHT DYNAMICS LAB WRIGHT-  
PATTERSON AFB OHIO

AFFDL-TR-77-54

Simulated Lightning Test on the  
Navy Airborne Light Optical Fiber  
Technology (ALOFT) A-7 Aircraft.

AD-A046 370

\*AIR FORCE INST OF TECH WRIGHT-  
PATTERSON AFB OHIO SCHOOL OF  
ENGINEERING

AFIT/GEO/PH/77-2

Design and Evaluation of  
Couplers for a Multimode Single  
Fiber Optical Data Bus.

AD-A047 773

GEO/PH/75-10

A Theoretical Study of  
Fiberoptics for Avionic  
Applications.

AD-A019 859

\*AIR FORCE MATERIALS LAB WRIGHT-  
PATTERSON AFB OHIO

AFML-TR-70-62

Optical Fiber Image Evaluation  
Studies.

AD- 869 699

AFML-TR-70-279

Exploratory Development of  
Improved Optical Fiber Bundles.

AD- 881 276

\*AIR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC  
RESEARCH BOLLING AFB D C

CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-1  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07



# UNCLASSIFIED

## AIR-ARM

AFOSR-65-0445  
 ROLE OF FIBER OPTICS IN  
 PHOTOGRAPHY.  
 AD- 612 637

AFOSR-65-1977  
 FIBER OPTICS AND THE LASER.  
 AD- 627 456

AFOSR-67-0834  
 A TRANSIENT FIBER OPTICS PROBE  
 FOR SPACE RESOLVED DIAGNOSTICS OF  
 DENSE PLASMAS.  
 AD- 650 234

AFOSR-67-1699  
 DIFFRACTION BY FIBER MOSAICS,  
 AD- 655 751

AFOSR-70-0140TR  
 DIFFRACTION AND COHERENCE  
 PHENOMENA IN OPTICAL WAVEGUIDES.  
 AD- 705 250

AFOSR-70-1321TR  
 WAVE PROPAGATION ALONG HOLLOW  
 DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDES,  
 AD- 705 885

AFOSR-70-1322TR  
 THERMALLY INDUCED BEAT  
 PHENOMENON IN COUPLED OPTICAL  
 WAVEGUIDES.  
 AD- 705 886

AFOSR-TR-76-0750  
 Direct Transmission of  
 Pictorial Information in Multimode  
 Optical Fibers.  
 AD-A027 937

AFOSR-TR-76-0752  
 On Transmission and Recovery of  
 Three-Dimensional Image Information  
 in Optical WAVEGUIDES,  
 AD-A027 747

AFOSR-TR-76-1442  
 Three-Dimensional Pictorial  
 Transmission in Optical Fibers.

AD-A034 616

AFOSR-TR-77-0007  
 Coupling between Rectangular  
 Optical Waveguides.  
 AD-A034 910

AFOSR-TR-78-0626  
 Thin-Film Acoustooptic Devices  
 With Applications to  
 Integrated/Fiber Optic Signal  
 Processing and Communications.  
 AD-A052 949

\*AIR FORCE WEAPONS LAB KIRTLAND AFB N  
 MEX

AFWL-TR-76-291  
 Preliminary Investigation of  
 Mechanical Responses of Fiber  
 Optics to Nuclear Radiation.  
 AD-A041 264

\*AMERICAN OPTICAL CO KEENE N H

SCIENTIFIC-2  
 OBSERVED DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDE  
 MODES IN THE VISIBLE SPECTRUM,  
 (AFCLR-197)  
 AD- 673 366

\*AMERICAN OPTICAL CO SOUTHBRIDGE MASS

STUDY OF OPTICAL FIBER  
 TECHNIQUES FOR DATA PROCESSING  
 (RADC-TDR-62-478)  
 AD- 299 007

FIBER OPTIC LASER.  
 AD- 605 431

\*AMERICAN OPTICAL CORP SOUTHBRIDGE  
 MASS

Exploratory Development of  
 Improved Optical Fiber Bundles.  
 (AFWL-TR-70-279)  
 AD- 881 276

\*AMERICAN OPTICAL CORP SOUTHBRIDGE

MASS RESEARCH GROUP

SCIENTIFIC-1  
 CYLINDRICAL DIELECTRIC  
 WAVEGUIDE MODES,  
 (AFCLR-196)  
 AD- 674 600

\*ARMY COMMUNICATIONS COMMAND FORT  
 HUACHUCA ARIZ ADVANCED CONCEPTS  
 OFFICE

ACC-ACD-12-74  
 Design Curves for Optical  
 Waveguide Digital Communication  
 Systems.  
 AD-A003 994

\*ARMY ELECTRONICS COMMAND FORT  
 MONMOUTH N J

Effect of Neutron- and Gamma-  
 Radiation on Glass Optical  
 Waveguides,  
 AD- 775 502

ECOM-73-0348-1  
 Research and Development on  
 Ultra-Lightweight Low-Loss Optical  
 Fiber Communication Cable.  
 AD- 922 892

ECOM-73-0348-F  
 Research and Development on  
 Ultra-Light-Weight Low-Loss Optical  
 Fiber Communication Cable.  
 AD-A015 017

ECOM-75-1328-1  
 Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable  
 Assemblies for Local Distribution  
 Systems.  
 AD-A022 651

ECOM-75-1328-F  
 Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable  
 Assemblies for Local Distribution  
 Systems.  
 AD-A040 717

ECOM-76-1357-1

CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-2  
 UNCLASSIFIED  
 ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

ARM-ARM

Connectors for Optical Fiber  
TDM Cables.  
AD-A047 055

ECOM-77-1777-F  
AN/TTC-38 Fiber-Optic  
Verification Study.  
AD-A058 236

ECOM-00164-5  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 642 675

ECOM-00164-6  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 643 074

ECOM-00164-7  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 643 075

ECOM-00164-8  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 644 963

ECOM-00164-9  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 646 856

ECOM-00164-10  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 649 185

ECOM-00164-F  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 691 753

ECOM-0542-2  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 670 079

ECOM-0542-3  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED

ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 678 490

ECOM-0542-4  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 686 338

ECOM-0542-5  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 693 259

ECOM-0542-6  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 698 489

ECOM-0542-7  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 704 322

ECOM-0542-F  
Fiber Optics with Extended  
Ultraviolet Transmission.  
AD- 736 514

ECOM-00614-2  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 615 526

ECOM-1343-1  
Multiplexing and Filtering of  
Optical Signals.  
AD-A040 068

ECOM-1343-F  
Multiplexing and Filtering of  
Optical Signals.  
AD-A047 224

ECOM-02057-1  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 800 818

ECOM-02057-2  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.

CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-3  
UNCLASSIFIED  
ZOM07

AD- 807 413

ECOM-02057-F  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 708 579

ECOM-4052  
An Experimental Analysis of New  
Ultraviolet Emitting Fiber Optic  
Faceplate Cathode Ray Tubes.  
AD- 755 509

ECOM-4271  
Application of Fiber Optic  
Technology to Army Aircraft  
Systems.  
AD-8000 108

ECOM-4545  
Fiber-Optics Dosimeter for  
Civil Defense.  
AD-A047 853

\*ARMY FOREIGN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY  
CENTER WASHINGTON D C

FSTC-HT-23-008-70  
FEASIBILITY OF APPLYING FIBER  
OPTICS IN LINEAR MEASUREMENTS BY  
TELEVISION METHODS.  
AD- 698 080

FSTC-HT-23-413-69  
CHARACTERISTICS OF RADIATION  
PROPAGATION THROUGH A FIBER-OPTIC  
ELEMENT.  
AD- 694 581

\*ARMY RESEARCH OFFICE RESEARCH  
TRIANGLE PARK N C

ARO-12049.4-EL  
Excitation of an Optical Fiber  
by a Gaussian Beam.  
AD-A004 019

\*ARMY STRATEGIC COMMUNICATIONS COMMAND  
FORT HUACHUCA ARIZ

Optical Fiber Links for

ARM-COL

UNCLASSIFIED

Telecommunications. Part One.  
AD- 754 566

\*ARMY STRATEGIC COMMUNICATIONS COMMAND  
FORT HUACHUCA ARIZ ADVANCED  
CONCEPTS OFFICE  
\* \* \*  
SCC-ACO-1-73  
Optical Fiber Links for  
Telecommunications. Part Two.  
AD- 767 544

\*ARNOLD ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT CENTER  
ARNOLD AIR FORCE STATION TENN  
\* \* \*  
AEDC-TR-73-111  
Fiber Optics Particle-Sizing  
System.  
AD- 766 647

\*AUTONETICS ANAHEIM CALIF  
\* \* \*  
X9-1130/601  
Wideband Fiberoptic Analog  
Information Link.  
(IDEP-817.60.00.00-C1-02)  
AD- 867 695

\*BOEING AEROSPACE CO SEATTLE WA NAVY  
SYSTEMS AND ADVANCED PROJECTS DIV  
\* \* \*  
D236-10048-1  
Feasibility Demonstration of  
Fiber Optic Digital Status  
Monitoring Devices.  
AD-A059 016

\*BROOKE ARMY MEDICAL CENTER FORT SAM  
HOUSTON TEX ARMY INST OF SURGICAL  
RESEARCH  
\* \* \*  
Fiberoptic Bronchoscopy in  
Acute Inhalation Injury.  
AD-A016 541

\*BUNKER-RAMO CORP BROADVIEW ILL  
AMPHENOL CONNECTOR DIV  
\* \* \*  
Connectors for Fiber Optics  
Cable Systems.  
(NAFI-TR-2031)

AD-A019 828

\*CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH PASADENA  
\* \* \*  
On Transmission and Recovery of  
Three-Dimensional Image Information  
in Optical Waveguides.  
(AFOSR-TR-76-0752)  
AD-A027 747

\* \* \*  
Direct Transmission of  
Pictorial Information in Multimode  
Optical Fibers.  
(AFOSR-TR-76-0750)  
AD-A027 937

\* \* \*  
Three-Dimensional Pictorial  
Transmission in Optical Fibers.  
(AFOSR-TR-76-1442)  
AD-A034 616

\*CALIFORNIA UNIV LOS ANGELES SCHOOL  
OF ENGINEERING AND APPLIED SCIENCE  
\* \* \*  
UCLA-ENG-7175  
Guided Waves Along Non-Circular  
Fibers.  
AD- 734 015

\* \* \*  
UCLA-ENG-7671  
Theoretical Studies of Fiber  
Optical Waveguides and Integrated  
Optical Circuits.  
AD-A035 643

\*CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIV PITTSBURGH PA  
DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING  
\* \* \*  
Thin-Film Acoustooptic Devices  
with Applications to  
Integrated/Fiber Optic Signal  
Processing and Communications.  
(AFOSR-TR-78-0626)  
AD-A052 949

\*CATHOLIC UNIV OF AMERICA WASHINGTON  
D C VITREOUS STATE LAB  
\* \* \*  
Fiber Optic Waveguides by  
Molecular Stuffing.  
AD-A022 273

CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-4  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

\* \* \*  
Research and Development in  
Glass Technology Related to Fiber  
Optic Waveguides.  
AD-A025 660

\* \* \*  
Development of a Low Loss  
Optical Fiber with a Parabolic  
Profile.  
AD-A049 168

\* \* \*  
TR-25  
Equilibrium Compressibilities  
and Density Fluctuations in K2O-  
SiO2 Glasses.  
AD- 767 146

\*CHICAGO AERIAL INDUSTRIES INC  
BARRINGTON ILL  
\* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRA-  
VIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 673 446

\* \* \*  
7521-1  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
(ECOM-02057-1)  
AD- 800 818

\* \* \*  
7521-2  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
(ECOM-02057-2)  
AD- 807 413

\* \* \*  
CAI-7521-F  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
(ECOM-02057-F)  
AD- 708 579

\*COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK ELECTRONICS  
RESEARCH LABS  
\* \* \*  
A TRANSIENT FIBER OPTICS PROBE  
FOR SPACE RESOLVED DIAGNOSTICS OF  
DENSE PLASMAS.  
(AFOSR-67-0834)  
AD- 650 234



UNCLASSIFIED

COM-FOR

\*COMMUNICATIONS RESEARCH CENTRE OTTAWA  
(ONTARIO) \* \* \*

CRC-1296  
The CCS-280 Optical-Fiber Link  
Task.  
(DRB-TELS-40)  
AD-A035 435

\*CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING RESEARCH LAB  
(ARMY) CHAMPAIGN ILL  
\* \* \*

CERL-IR-E-94  
Fiber Optic Communications Link  
Performance in EMP and Intense  
Light Transient Environments.  
AD-A032 126

CERL-IR-E-111  
State of the Art in Fiber  
Optics Communications and Data  
Transfer.  
AD-A042 579

CERL-IR-E-112  
The Effects of Fast and Thermal  
Neutron Flux and Gamma Radiation on  
the Transmission Characteristics of  
Optical Fibers.  
AD-A042 429

CERL-SR-M-241  
Potential Uses of Fiber Optics  
in Army Fixed Facilities.  
AD-A057 956

\*CONTROL DATA CORP SAN DIEGO CALIF  
\* \* \*  
Program Management Plan. A-7  
Aloft.  
(NELC-TD-369)  
AD-A012 546

\*CORNING GLASS WORKS BRADFORD PA  
\* \* \*  
MULTIPLE TAPPED PHOTOELASTIC  
DELAY LINE.  
(RADC-TDR64 434)  
AD- 609 579

\*CORNING GLASS WORKS N Y

\* \* \*  
Optimization of Optical  
Waveguides--Electro-Optic Studies.  
AD- 774 733

\* \* \*  
Optimization of Optical  
Waveguides Strength Studies.  
AD- 777 118

\* \* \*  
Research and Development on  
Ultra-Lightweight Low-Loss Optical  
Fiber Communication Cable.  
(ECOM-73-0348-1)  
AD- 922 892

\* \* \*  
Research and Development on  
Ultra-Light-Weight Low-Loss Optical  
Fiber Communication Cable.  
(ECOM-73-0348-F)  
AD-A015 017

\*DATA CORP DAYTON OHIO  
\* \* \*

DTR-70-4  
Optical Fiber Image Evaluation  
Studies.  
(AFML-TR-70-62)  
AD- 869 699

\*DEFENCE RESEARCH BOARD OTTAWA  
(ONTARIO) \* \* \*

DRB-TELS-40  
The CCS-280 Optical-Fiber Link  
Task.  
AD-A035 435

\*DUMONT ELECTRON TUBES CLIFTON N J  
\* \* \*  
12" DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE  
WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.  
AD- 620 729

\* \* \*  
12" DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE  
WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.  
AD- 620 730

\* \* \*  
12 INCH DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY  
TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.  
AD- 636 807

CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-5  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

12 IN. DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY  
TUBE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.  
AD- 824 489

\*FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORP  
CLIFTON N J ALLEN B DUMONT LABS  
DIV \* \* \*

MO-10159  
PROGRAM TO DEVELOP A 12 INCH  
DIAMETER FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE  
CATHODE RAY TUBE.  
AD- 609 967

\* \* \*  
MO-10159 REV. 1  
12 INCH DIAMETER CATHODE RAY  
TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.  
AD- 614 448

SI-5874  
PROGRAM TO DEVELOP A 12 INCH  
DIAMETER FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE  
CATHODE RAY TUBE.  
AD- 609 967

\* \* \*  
SI-5874 REV. 1  
12 INCH DIAMETER CATHODE RAY  
TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.  
AD- 614 448

\*FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-  
PATTERSON AFB OHIO \* \* \*

FTD-GT-23-895-68  
CERTAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF A  
FIBER OPTICS LASER.  
AD- 684 670

\* \* \*  
FTD-HC-23-506-70  
Fiber Optics in Electron-  
Optical Systems.  
AD- 717 838

\* \* \*  
FTD-HT-23-520-69  
New Developments in Fiber  
Optics.  
AD- 866 951

\* \* \*  
FTD-HT-23-694-67  
A METHOD FOR THE FAST  
MEASUREMENT OF THE PERMEABILITY OF

FRA-NAR

GLASS FIBERS.  
AD- 830 356

FTD-WT-23-1235-68  
Fiber Optics for Optical  
Electron Tubes.  
AD- 861 175

FTD-WT-66-442  
MEASURING THE PERMEABILITY OF  
FIBERS MADE FROM ARTIFICIAL MATTER  
(MERENI PROPUSNOSTI VLAKEN Z  
UMELICH HMOT).  
AD- 824 045

FTD-WT-66-754  
FIBER-OPTIC DIGITAL POSITION  
DETECTOR.  
AD- 654 651

FTD-ID(RS)I-1298-76  
The Current State and Future of  
Optical Information Transmission.  
AD-A039 073

FTD-TT-65-725  
LIGHT TRANSMITTING CABLES.  
(TT-66-62037)  
AD- 637 064

\*FRANKFORD ARSENAL PHILADELPHIA PA  
FA-TR-75016  
Fabrication Techniques for  
Fiber Optic Fire Control Elements.  
AD-A021 885

\*GENERAL ATRONICS CORP PHILADELPHIA  
PA

DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE  
MINIATURE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE  
CATHODE RAY TUBES.  
AD- 420 252

DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE  
MINIATURE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE  
CATHODE RAY TUBES.  
AD- 428 822

\*GENERAL ATRONICS CORP PHILADELPHIA

UNCLASSIFIED

PA ELECTRONIC TUBES AND INSTRUMENT  
DIV

THE DESIGN, DEVELOPMENT, AND  
FABRICATION OF A MINIATURE  
FIBEROPTIC FACEPLATE CATHODERAY  
TUBE FOR USE IN MICRO-DISPLAY.  
AD- 622 509

\*GENERAL ELECTRIC CO OWENSBORO KY  
TUBE DEPT

Design, Development, and  
Fabrication of an Eight Inch Remote  
View Display Cathode Ray Tube.  
AD- 729 399

\*GENERAL PRECISION INC PLEASANTVILLE  
N Y GPL DIV

WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION  
PROJECTION, VOLUME I.  
(NAVTRADEVEN-695-1-VOL-1)  
AD- 621 711

\*GENERAL PRECISION SYSTEMS INC  
PLEASANTVILLE N Y GPL DIV

WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION  
PROJECTION, VOLUME I. (BASIC AND  
APPENDICES A, B, AND C).  
(NAVTRADEVEN-695-2-VOL-1)  
AD- 673 444

WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION  
PROJECTION, VOLUME II.  
(APPENDICES D, E, F, G, AND H).  
(NAVTRADEVEN-695-2-VOL-2)  
AD- 673 445

\*GOVERNMENT-INDUSTRY DATA EXCHANGE  
PROGRAM

GIDEP-E052-1342  
Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable  
Assemblies for Local Distribution  
Systems.  
AD-A022 651

GIDEP-E074-2556  
Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable  
CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-6  
UNCLASSIFIED Z0M07

Assemblies for Local Distribution  
Systems.  
AD-A040 717

\*GOVERNMENT-INDUSTRY DATA EXCHANGE  
PROGRAM

GIDEP-347.45.00.00-Y3-08  
Fiber Optic Towed Array.  
AD-A002 249

GIDEP-361.00.14.00-N3-01  
Fiber Optic Seals: Improved  
Seal Assemblies and Inspection  
Equipment for Field Use in  
International Safeguards and Arms  
Control Applications.  
AD- 785 540

\*GPL DIV GENERAL PRECISION INC  
PLEASANTVILLE N Y

WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION  
PROJECTION, VOLUME II, APPENDICES  
B AND C (SCHEMATICS).  
(NAVTRADEVEN-695-1-VOL-2)  
AD- 623 815

\*HARRIS CORP MELBOURNE FLA ELECTRONIC  
SYSTEMS DIV

Optical Cable Communications  
Study.  
(RADC-TR-75-187)  
AD-A016 846

Fiber Optics Communications  
Link Study.  
AD-A018 898

Fiber Optics Design Aid  
Package.  
(RADC-TR-77-163)  
AD-A040 772

AN/TTC-38 Fiber-Optic  
Verification Study.  
(ECOM-77-1777-F)  
AD-A058 236

\*HARRY DIAMOND LABS ADELPHI MD

UNCLASSIFIED

HAR-III

HDL-TR-1729 Fiber Optic Seals: Glass and Plastic Fiber Optic Safing Systems for International Safeguards and Arms Control Applications. AD-A019 898	(RADC-TR-77-284) AD-A047 315 Diffusion Process for Formation of Single-Mode Waveguide. AD-A049 558	AD- 704 322 Fiber Optics with Extended Ultraviolet Transmission. (ECOM-0542-F) AD- 736 514
HDL-TR-1847 Fiber Optic Safeguards Sealing System. AD-A052 312	*IBM FEDERAL SYSTEMS DIV OWEGO N Y ELECTRONICS SYSTEMS CENTER IBM-71-531-001 Wavelength Division Multiplexing in Light Interface Technology. AD- 721 085	ULTRAVIOLET FIBER OPTICS FOR FIRE AND EXPLOSION DETECTION. (AFAPL-TR-67-31) AD- 809 848
*HARRY DIAMOND LABS WASHINGTON D C HDL-TM-72-5 The Use of Fiber Optics for Oscilloscope External Triggering. AD- 742 677	IBM-71-531-007 Light Interface Technology Improvement Investigation. AD- 733 076	A1203 7 STUDY OF FACSIMILE SCANNING AND RECORDING TECHNIQUES EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 423 755
HDL-TR-1571 Fiber Optic Seals: A Portable System for Field Use in International Safeguards and Arms Control Applications. AD- 732 851	*IIT RESEARCH INST CHICAGO ILL STUDY OF DETERMINE DESIGN CRITERIA FOR A STEREO FIBER OPTIC PERISCOPE FOR AIRCRAFT APPLICATION. AD- 651 060	A1203 22 STUDY OF FACSIMILE SCANNING AND RECORDING TECHNIQUES EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 434 382
HDL-TR-1669 Fiber Optic Seals: Improved Seal Assemblies and Inspection Equipment for Field Use in International Safeguards and Arms Control Applications. (GIDEP-361.00.14.00-N3-01) AD- 785 540	FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. (ECOM-0542-3) AD- 678 490 FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. (ECOM-0542-4) AD- 686 338 FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. (ECOM-0542-5) AD- 693 259 FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. (ECOM-0542-6) AD- 698 489	ARF A1203 16 STUDY OF FACSIMILE SCANNING AND RECORDING TECHNIQUES EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 409 312 IITRI-A6093-3 CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 613 302 IITRI-A6093-6 CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. (ECOM-00614-2) AD- 615 526 IITRI-A6093-9 CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 623 204 IITRI-A6093-12 CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 624 696
*HONEYWELL INC MINNEAPOLIS MINN SYSTEMS AND RESEARCH CENTER 77SRC90 The Impact of Wideband Multiplex Concepts on Microprocessor-Based Avionic System Architectures. (AFAL-TR-78-4) AD-A057 878	FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. (ECOM-0542-7) AD- 698 489	
*HUGHES RESEARCH LABS MALIBU CALIF Components for Single Strand Multimode Fiber Systems.	FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. (ECOM-0542-7)	

CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-7  
UNCLASSIFIED  
ZOM07



# UNCLASSIFIED

ILL-LAS

II TRI-A6093-15  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
(ECOM-00164-5)  
AD- 642 675

II TRI-A6093-18  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
(ECOM-00164-6)  
AD- 643 074

II TRI-A6093-21  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
(ECOM-00164-7)  
AD- 643 075

II TRI-A6093-24  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
(ECOM-00164-8)  
AD- 644 963

II TRI-A6093-27  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
(ECOM-00164-9)  
AD- 646 856

II TRI-A6093-30  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
(ECOM-00164-10)  
AD- 649 185

II TRI-E6332  
Optical Couplers for Fiber to  
Integrated Optics Systems.  
AD- A030 184

II TRI-G6018-2  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
(ECOM-0542-2)  
AD- 670 079

II TRI-V6015-55  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
(ECOM-00164-F)

AD- 691 753

\*ILLINOIS UNIV URBANA  
ELECTROMAGNETICS LAB  
\* \* \*

UIEL-74-16  
Excitation of an Optical Fiber  
by a Gaussian Beam.  
(ARO-12049.4-EL)  
AD-A004 019

UIIU-ENG-74-2559  
Excitation of an Optical Fiber  
by a Gaussian Beam.  
(ARO-12049.4-EL)  
AD-A004 019

\*ILLINOIS UNIV AT CHICAGO CIRCLE  
COMMUNICATIONS LAB  
\* \* \*

76-4  
Coupling between Rectangular  
Optical Waveguides.  
(AFOSR-TR-77-0007)  
AD-A034 910

\*ILLINOIS UNIV AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN  
DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE  
\* \* \*

UIUCDCS-R-77-882  
Optobundle - A Unique Fiber  
Optic Multiplier.  
AD-A044 599

\*INTERAGENCY DATA EXCHANGE PROGRAM  
\* \* \*

IDEP-545.80.20.00-S6-02  
MODEL II IMAGE DISSECTOR CAMERA  
SYSTEM.  
AD- 684 795

IDEP-817.60.00-C1-02  
Wideband Fiber-optic Analog  
Information Link.  
AD- 867 695

\*INTERSTATE ELECTRONICS CORP ANAHEIM  
CALIF OCEANICS DIV  
\* \* \*

IEC-OCEANICS-440-900-VOL-1  
Feasibility Study of a Fiber  
CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-8  
UNCLASSIFIED  
Z0M07

Optics Plotter. Volume I.  
Technical Aspects.  
AD-A046 843

\*ITT CANNON ELECTRIC SANTA ANA CALIF  
\* \* \*

Connectors for Optical Fiber  
TDM Cables.  
(ECOM-76-1357-1)  
AD-A047 055

\*ITT ELECTRO-OPTICAL PRODUCTS DIV  
ROANOKE VA  
\* \* \*

Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable  
Assemblies for Local Distribution  
Systems.  
(ECOM-75-1328-1)  
AD-A022 651

\*ITT ELECTRO-OPTICS DIV ROANOKE VA  
\* \* \*

300 Meter Sonobuoy Cable 500  
Meter Tow Cable.  
AD-A035 107

Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable  
Assemblies for Local Distribution  
Systems.  
(ECOM-75-1328-F)  
AD-A040 717

\*JOHN CARROLL UNIV CLEVELAND OHIO  
DEPT OF PHYSICS  
\* \* \*

PH-78-2  
Acoustically Induced Phase and  
Intensity Modulation in Optical  
Fibers.  
AD-A058 694

\*JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV SILVER SPRING MD  
APPLIED PHYSICS LAB  
\* \* \*

APL-TG-1019  
MODEL II IMAGE DISSECTOR CAMERA  
SYSTEM.  
(IDEP-545.80.20.00-S6-02)  
AD- 684 795

\*LASER DIODE LABS INC METUCHEN N J

## UNCLASSIFIED

LIB-NAV

*** Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications. AD-A038 678	*** Liquid Phase Epitaxy of GaAsSb on InP Substrates. AD-A052 291	*** A-7 ALOFT Economic Analysis Development Concept. AD-A013 221
*** Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications. AD-A040 481	*** *NATIONAL CASH REGISTER CO HAWTHORNE CALIF	NELC/TD-438 A-7 Aloft Demonstration. Master Test Plan. AD-A013 193
*** Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications. AD-A040 660	*** DATA DISPLAY STUDY. AD- 441 373	NELC/TD-460 ALOFT Fiber Optic Component Tests. AD-A024 302
*** Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications. AD-A051 791	*** NAFI-TR-2031 Connectors for Fiber Optics Cable Systems. AD-A019 828	NELC-TR-1762-REV-1 Transfer of Information on Naval Vessels via Fiber Optics Transmission Lines. AD- 736 613
*** Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications. AD-A051 792	*** *NAVAL ELECTRONICS LAB CENTER SAN DIEGO CALIF	NELC-TR-1861 Integrated Optical Circuits. AD- 757 342
*** Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications. AD-A053 657	*** DoD/Industry-Wide Integrated Optics and Fiber Optics Communications Conference, 15-17 May 1974. AD-A022 593	NELC-TR-1869 Fiber Optic Cable Test. AD- 767 017
*LIBRARY OF CONGRESS WASHINGTON D C AEROSPACE TECHNOLOGY DIV	*** NELC-1900 Fiber Optic Cable Hardware Test. AD- 774 714	NELC-TR-1909 Waveguide Techniques for Integrated Optics. AD- 777 029
FOREIGN SCIENCE BULLETIN, VOL. 3, NO. 4, 1967. AD- 652 210	*** NELC-TD-194 Independent Research and Independent Exploratory Development. AD- 903 446	NELC-TR-1921 Fiber-Optic Data Bus. AD- 782 661
*LITTLE (ARTHUR D) INC CAMBRIDGE MASS	*** NELC-TD-349 The Effects of Contaminants on Fiber Optic Connector Radiation Patterns. AD- 783 691	NELC/TR-1930 Fiber Optics Data Bus System (Presents Current State of the Art in the Suitability of Fiber Optics for Multiterminal Data Communications). AD-A002 222
ADL-C-75519 Growth and Characterization of Optical Waveguides for 10.6 micrometer Light. AD-A005 635	*** NELC-TD-369 Program Management Plan. A-7 Aloft. AD-A012 546	NELC/TR-1964 Integrated Optics Components - Fabrication and Testing. AD-A017 598
*LTV AEROSPACE CORP DALLAS TEX VOUGHT SYSTEMS DIV	*** NELC/TD-435	NELC/TR-1968
2-57110/4R-3142 Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optics as Applied to the SOSTEL (Solid State Electric Logic) Data Handling System. AD- 783 918		
*MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE		

CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-9  
UNCLASSIFIED Z0M07

# NAV-NAV

Interim Progress Summary and  
Description of A-7 Aloft System.  
AD-A021 257

NELC/TR-1969  
Eight-Terminal, Bidirectional,  
Fiber Optic Trunk Data Bus.  
AD-A019 429

NELC/TR-1982  
A-7 Aloft Life-Cycle Cost and  
Measures of Effectiveness Models.  
AD-A026 206

NELC/TR-1995  
Fiber Optics Applications in  
the SHIPBOARD Data Multiplex  
System.  
AD-A039 505

NELC/TR-1998  
Results of A-7 Aloft 'Bottoms  
Up' Model and Weight Sensitivity  
Analysis.  
AD-A033 767

NELC/TR-2006  
Fiber-Optic Undersea Tow Cable  
Optical and Environmental Tests.  
AD-A040 024

NELC/TR-2013  
Fiber Optics and Integrated  
Optics Techniques for Signal  
Processing.  
AD-A035 867

NELC/TR-2024  
A-7 Airborne Light Optical  
Fiber Technology (ALOFT)  
demonstration Project.  
AD-A038 455

NAVAL OCEAN SYSTEMS CENTER SAN DIEGO  
CA

NOOSC/TR-274  
Manufacturing Technology for  
Fiber Optic Bundle Cabling.  
AD-A058 954

# UNCLASSIFIED

NAVAL OCEAN SYSTEMS CENTER SAN DIEGO  
CALIF

NOOSC/TR-148  
Fiber Optic Sonobuoy Cable  
Development FY76. Electro-Optical  
Components for Data Transfer  
between Deep Submerged Acoustic  
Sensors and Surface Buoys.  
AD-A046 171

NOOSC/TR-171  
Evaluation of Multipoint Fiber-  
Optic Bundle Couplers.  
AD-A049 268

NAVAL ORDNANCE LAB WHITE OAK MD

NOLTR-63-229  
NON-CONDUCTIVE MONITORING OF  
MISSILE COMPONENTS AND SYSTEMS.  
AD- 428 986

NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY  
CALIF

Fiber Optic and Laser Digital  
Pressure Transducers.  
AD- 767 653

A Video Bandwidth  
Communications System Utilizing  
Optical Fiber Transmission.  
AD- 775 013

Wide Band Analog Signal  
Propagation in a Fiber Optic  
System.  
AD- 775 017

An Approach to the Estimation  
of Life Cycle Costs of a Fiber-  
Optic Application in Military  
Aircraft.  
AD-A019 379

Experimentation and Design for  
a Computer to Computer Fiber Optic  
Data Link.  
AD-A020 078

CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-10  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

The A-7 Aloft Cost Model: A  
Study of High Technology Cost  
Estimating.  
AD-A021 913

Survey of Current Technology  
Related to Fiber Optics.  
AD-A052 653

NPS-32UR74061  
A Wideband RF Application of  
Fiber Optics.  
AD- 781 867

NPS-55US76031  
Life Cycle Costing of an  
Emerging Technology: The Fiber  
Optics Case.  
AD-A031 839

NAVAL RESEARCH LAB WASHINGTON D C

NRL-8062  
Fiber Optics for Naval  
Applications: An Assessment of  
Present and Near-Term Capabilities.  
AD-A032 465

NRL-8182  
Feasibility of a Fiber-Optic  
Communications Link between a  
Submarine and a Towed Buoy.  
(SBIE-AD-E000 189)  
AD-A058 359

NRL-MR-2479  
Development of Optical  
Information Transfer Technology for  
Military Applications.  
AD- 747 946

NRL-MR-2704  
Radiation Effects in Fiber  
Optic Waveguides.  
AD- 770 850

NRL-MR-2934  
Radiation Effects in Fiber  
Optic Waveguides.  
AD-A001 703



## UNCLASSIFIED

## NAV-OPT

\*NAVAL TRAINING DEVICE CENTER ORLANDO  
 FLA  
     \*\* \*  
     NAVTRADEVEN-695-1-VOL-1  
     WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION  
     PROJECTION, VOLUME I.  
     AD- 621 711  
     \*\* \*  
     NAVTRADEVEN-695-1-VOL-2  
     WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION  
     PROJECTION, VOLUME II, APPENDICES  
     B AND C (SCHEMATICS).  
     AD- 623 815  
     \*\* \*  
     NAVTRADEVEN-695-2-VOL-1  
     WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION  
     PROJECTION, VOLUME I. (BASIC AND  
     APPENDICES A, B, AND C).  
     AD- 673 444  
     \*\* \*  
     NAVTRADEVEN-695-2-VOL-2  
     WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION  
     PROJECTION, VOLUME II.  
     (APPENDICES D, E, F, G, AND H).  
     AD- 673 445  
 \*NAVAL TRAINING EQUIPMENT CENTER  
 ORLANDO FLA  
     \*\* \*  
     NAVTRAEQUIPC-TN-55  
     Peri-Apollar 360 Degree Lens  
     Distortion Free Linear Mapping.  
     AD-A036 150  
 \*NAVAL UNDERSEA CENTER SAN DIEGO  
 CALIF  
     \*\* \*  
     NUC-TP-414  
     Fiber Optic Towed Array.  
     (GIDEP-347.45.00.00-Y3-08)  
     AD-A002 249  
 \*NAVAL UNDERWATER SYSTEMS CENTER NEW  
 LONDON CONN NEW LONDON LAB  
     \*\* \*  
     NUSC/NL-3025  
     Signal Processing by Fiber  
     Optical Modeling of an Acoustic  
     Array.  
     AD- 876 995

\*NAVAL WEAPONS CENTER CHINA LAKE  
 CALIF  
     \*\* \*  
     NWC-TP-5954  
     ALOFT Flight Test Report.  
     AD-B025 099  
 \*NAVAL WEAPONS LAB DAHLGREN VA  
     \*\* \*  
     NWL-TR-3111  
     Multichannel Signal  
     Conditioning Unit.  
     AD- 919 959  
 \*OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH LONDON  
 (ENGLAND)  
     \*\* \*  
     ONRL-C-8-77  
     Colloquium on Optical Fiber  
     Cable, Institution of Electrical  
     Engineers (U.K.).  
     AD-A043 637  
     \*\* \*  
     ONRL-C-12-77  
     Optical Fibers, Integrated  
     Optics and Their Military  
     Applications, London, England, 16-  
     20 May 1977.  
     AD-A045 704  
 \*OFFICE OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS BOULDER  
 COLO INST FOR TELECOMMUNICATION  
 SCIENCES  
     \*\* \*  
     Optical Fiber Links for  
     Telecommunications. Part Two.  
     (SCC-ACQ-1-73)  
     AD- 767 544  
 \*OPTILECOM INC GAITHERSBURG MD  
     \*\* \*  
     Out of Line of Sight Missile  
     Link.  
     AD-A024 569  
     \*\* \*  
     Development of an Optical Fiber  
     Video Data Link.  
     AD-A025 220  
 \*OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC BELMONT CALIF  
     \*\* \*

INFRARED FIBER OPTICS  
 INVESTIGATION.  
 AD- 425 416  
     \*\* \*  
 INFRARED FIBER OPTICS  
 INVESTIGATION.  
 AD- 425 492  
     \*\* \*  
 INFRARED FIBER OPTICS  
 INVESTIGATIONS.  
 (AFAL-TDR-64-98)  
 AD- 601 572  
     \*\* \*  
 FIBER OPTICS IMAGE DEVICE.  
 (RADC-TDR64 217)  
 AD- 606 636  
     \*\* \*  
 LONG WAVELENGTH INFRARED FIBER  
 OPTICS.  
 AD- 607 323  
     \*\* \*  
 LONG WAVELENGTH INFRARED FIBER  
 OPTICS.  
 AD- 609 842  
     \*\* \*  
 ROLE OF FIBER OPTICS IN  
 PHOTOGRAPHY.  
 (AFOSR-65-0445)  
 AD- 612 637  
     \*\* \*  
 LONG WAVELENGTH INFRARED FIBER  
 OPTICS.  
 AD- 612 902  
     \*\* \*  
 FIBER OPTICS AND THE LASER,  
 (AFOSR-65-1977)  
 AD- 627 456  
 \*OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC PALO ALTO  
 CALIF  
     \*\* \*  
 DIFFRACTION BY FIBER MOSAICS.  
 (AFOSR-67-1699)  
 AD- 655 751  
     \*\* \*  
 WAVE PROPAGATION ALONG HOLLOW  
 DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDES,  
 (AFOSR-70-1321TR)  
 AD- 705 885  
     \*\* \*  
 THERMALLY INDUCED BEAT

CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-11  
 UNCLASSIFIED  
 ZOM07

CPT-ROM

UNCLASSIFIED

PHENOMENON IN COUPLED OPTICAL WAVEGUIDES.  
(AFOSR-70-1322TR)  
AD- 705 886 \* \* \*

11014R  
FIBER OPTICS HAZARD IDENTIFICATION DEVICE.  
(AFAPL-TR-69-78)  
AD- 697 036 \* \* \*

\*OPTICS TECHNOLOGY INC PALO ALTO  
CALIF RESEARCH DEPT \* \* \*

DIFFRACTION AND COHERENCE PHENOMENA IN OPTICAL WAVEGUIDES.  
(AFOSR-70-0140TR)  
AD- 705 250 \* \* \*

\*PARKE MATHEMATICAL LABS INC CARLISLE MASS \* \* \*

Topics in Optical Materials and Device Research.  
(RADC-TR-78-61)  
AD-A055 432 \* \* \*

\*RADIO CORP OF AMERICA CAMDEN N J  
DEFENSE ELECTRONIC PRODUCTS \* \* \*

A FIBER OPTIC SENSING DEVICE.  
(RADC-TDR63 438)  
AD- 424 987 \* \* \*

\*RAULAND CORP CHICAGO ILL \* \* \*

EXPERIMENTAL CATHODE RAY TUBES WITH FIBER OPTIC INSERTS IN FACEPLATE  
AD- 400 246 \* \* \*

\*RCA ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS LANCASTER PA INDUSTRIAL TUBE DIV \* \* \*

Development of an Image Isocon with Fiber Optics Faceplate.  
(ARL-68-0132)  
AD- 843 963 \* \* \*

\*RCA LABS PRINCETON N J \* \* \*

ADAPTIVE LOGIC ELEMENTS USING NON-GALVANIC MODIFYING INPUTS.  
(AFCLR-68-0557)  
AD- 690 517 \* \* \*

Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate Communication.  
AD-A028 043 \* \* \*

Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate Communication.  
AD-A033 415 \* \* \*

PRRL-75-CR-37  
High-Speed Light-Emitting Diodes.  
AD-A018 757 \* \* \*

PRRL-75-CR-76  
Fiber-Optic Switch Study.  
AD-A023 034 \* \* \*

PRRL-77-CR-13  
Injection Laser for High Data Rate Communications.  
AD-A039 992 \* \* \*

\*ROCKWELL INTERNATIONAL LOS ANGELES CALIF LOS ANGELES AIRCRAFT DIV \* \* \*

NA-77-729  
Fiber Optics Cost Analysis Program (FOCAP).  
(AFAL-TR-77-190)  
AD-A049 859 \* \* \*

\*ROME AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER MANSCOM AFB MASS DEPUTY FOR ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY \* \* \*

RADC/ETR-78-0063  
Fiber Optic Guides of Noncircular Cross Section.  
AD-A057 776 \* \* \*

\*ROME AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER GRIFFISS AFB N Y \* \* \*

RADC-TDR-62-478  
STUDY OF OPTICAL FIBER TECHNIQUES FOR DATA PROCESSING  
CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-12 UNCLASSIFIED /ZOM07

AD- 299 007 \* \* \*

RADC-TDR63 438  
A FIBER OPTIC SENSING DEVICE.  
AD- 424 987 \* \* \*

RADC-TDR64 217  
FIBER OPTICS IMAGE DEVICE.  
AD- 606 636 \* \* \*

RADC-TDR64 434  
MULTIPLE TAPPED PHOTOELASTIC DELAY LINE.  
AD- 609 579 \* \* \*

RADC-TR-65-349  
LARGE-ANGLE DEFLECTION TECHNIQUE FOR LASER DISPLAY.  
AD- 624 099 \* \* \*

RADC-TR-75-187  
Optical Cable Communications Study.  
AD-A016 846 \* \* \*

RADC-TR-77-140  
Refractive Index Changes in Optical Fibers Subject to Diametral Stress.  
AD-A043 035 \* \* \*

RADC-TR-77-163  
Fiber Optics Design Aid Package.  
AD-A040 772 \* \* \*

RADC-TR-77-200  
Coupling of Single-Mode Optical Fibers to GaAs Waveguides.  
AD-A046 284 \* \* \*

RADC-TR-77-284  
Components for Single Strand Multimode Fiber Systems.  
AD-A047 315 \* \* \*

RADC-TR-78-61  
Topics in Optical Materials and Device Research.  
AD-A055 432 \* \* \*

UNCLASSIFIED

SAI-WAS

\*SAINT LOUIS UNIV MO DEPT OF  
PHYSIOLOGY \* \* \*  
PHOTOELECTRIC PLETHYSMOGRAPHY  
USING FIBER OPTICS FOR APPLICATION  
IN THERMAL PHYSIOLOGY.  
(AMRL-TR-66-31)  
AD- 637 173

\*SHARED BIBLIOGRAPHIC INPUT EXPERIMENT  
\* \* \*  
SBIE-AD-E000 189  
Feasibility of a Fiber-Optic  
Communications Link between a  
Submarine and a Towed Buoy.  
AD-A058 359

\*SIGNALS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT  
ESTABLISHMENT CHRISTCHURCH  
(ENGLAND) \* \* \*  
SRDE-70024  
DETERMINATION OF THE  
ATTENUATION OF OPTICAL GLASS  
fibres.  
(TRC-BR-20711)  
AD- 713 262

\*SPECTRONICS INC RICHARDSON TEX  
\* \* \*  
Optoelectronic Aspects of  
Avionic Systems.  
(AFAL-TR-73-164)  
AD- 910 760

\*Optoelectronic Data Bus.  
(AFAL-TR-73-271)  
AD- 914 009

\*Fiber Optic Led.  
AD-A010 356

\*SPERRY RESEARCH CENTER SUDBURY MASS  
\* \* \*  
SCRC-CR-76-65

Multiplexing and Filtering of  
Optical Signals.  
(ECOM-1343-1)  
AD-A040 068

SCRC-CR-77-40  
Multiplexing and Filtering of  
Optical Signals.  
(ECOM-1343-F)  
AD-A047 224

\*STANFORD RESEARCH INST MENLO PARK  
CALIF POULTER LABS  
\* \* \*  
OPTICAL PROBE TECHNIQUES,  
AD- 611 944

\*TECHNOLOGY REPORTS CENTRE ORPINGTON  
(ENGLAND) \* \* \*  
TRC-BR-20711  
DETERMINATION OF THE  
ATTENUATION OF OPTICAL GLASS  
fibres.  
AD- 713 262

TRC-BR-23407  
Determination of the Scattering  
Loss in Optical Glass Fibres,  
AD- 720 937

\*TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INC DALLAS  
APPARATUS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT  
LAB \* \* \*  
UI-912008-1  
LARGE-ANGLE DEFLECTION  
TECHNIQUE FOR LASER DISPLAY.  
(RADC-TR-65-349)  
AD- 624 099

\*TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INC DALLAS  
SEMICONDUCTOR GROUP \* \* \*  
TI-03-72-50  
Modularized Fiber-Optic-Coupled  
Laser Arrays.  
AD- 903 811

TI-03-72-159  
Fiber-Optic-Coupled LOC  
\* \* \*

CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-13  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

Injection-Laser Array for 8500  
Angstroms Room-Temperature  
Emission.  
AD-A042 490

\*THOMSON-CSF PARIS (FRANCE)  
\* \* \*  
REVUE TECHNIQUE THOMSON-CSF.  
VOLUME 1, NUMERO 3.  
AJ- 700 891

\*TRW DEFENSE AND SPACE SYSTEMS GROUP  
REDONDO BEACH CALIF  
\* \* \*  
AT-ATD-TR-78-3  
Feasibility Demonstration of  
Fiber Optic Detection of Low  
Frequency Sound.  
AD-A059 241

AT-SSD-TR-77-3  
Feasibility Demonstration of  
Fiber Optic Detection of Low  
Frequency Sound.  
AD-A040 382

\*UTAH UNIV SALT LAKE CITY  
\* \* \*  
Liquid Crystal Fiber-optic  
Temperature Probe.  
AD-A014 655

\*WALTER REED ARMY INST OF RESEARCH  
WASHINGTON D C \* \* \*  
AN IMPROVED TECHNIQUE FOR  
OBTAINING CORTICAL PHOTOELECTRIC  
PLETHYSMOGRAMS,  
AD- 650 421

\*WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF  
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING \* \* \*  
Laser-Waveguide Transition  
Coupling Structure Fabrication.  
AD-A015 318

Optical Coupler Development.  
AD-A015 319

Fabrication of Linear



UNCLASSIFIED

WAS-WAS

Waveguides and Horn Shaped Coupling Structures.  
AD-A016 633

\*\*\*  
Optical Fiber Coupling and Strength Tests.  
AD-A023 491

\*\*\*  
The Parabolic Cylinder Functions of Miller's Second Kind for Complex Parameter.  
AD-A025 314

\*\*\*  
UW-EE-TR-207  
Optical Properties of Single Mode Rectangular Fibers.  
AD-A052 290

\*\*\*  
WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF MINING METALLURGICAL AND CERAMIC ENGINEERING

\*\*\*  
Fabrication of Special Waveguide Shapes and Mechanical Properties of Glass Fiber Waveguides.  
AD-A016 300

\*\*\*  
Mechanical Properties of Glass Fiber Waveguides and Fabrication of Special Waveguide Shapes.  
AD-A016 301

\*\*\*  
Fiber Strength.  
AD-A017 720

\*\*\*  
Fabrication of Low-Loss Optical Waveguides by Post Deposition Microstructure Modification.  
AD-A022 069

\*\*\*  
WASHINGTON UNIV ST LOUIS MO LAB FOR APPLIED ELECTRONIC SCIENCES

\*\*\*  
Coupling of Single-Mode Optical Fibers to GaAs Waveguides.  
(RADC-TR-77-200)  
AD-A046 284

CORP AUTHOR-MONITOR AGENCY-14  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED  
SUBJECT INDEX

- ACOUSTIC ARRAYS  
Feasibility Demonstration of  
Fiber Optic Detection of Low  
Frequency Sound.\*  
AD-A040 382
- ACOUSTIC DETECTION  
Feasibility Demonstration of  
Fiber Optic Detection of Low  
Frequency Sound.\*  
AD-A040 382
- Feasibility Demonstration of  
Fiber Optic Detection of Low  
Frequency Sound.\*  
AD-A059 241
- ACOUSTIC SIGNALS  
Acoustically Induced Phase and  
Intensity Modulation in Optical  
Fibers.\*  
AD-A058 694
- ACQUSTOOPTICS  
Feasibility Demonstration of  
Fiber Optic Detection of Low  
Frequency Sound.\*  
AD-A040 382
- Thin-Film Acoustooptic Devices  
with Applications to  
Integrated/Fiber Optic Signal  
Processing and Communications.\*  
AD-A052 949
- Feasibility Demonstration of  
Fiber Optic Detection of Low  
Frequency Sound.\*  
AD-A059 241
- AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT  
Manufacturing Technology for  
Fiber Optic Bundle Cabling.\*  
AD-A058 954
- FIRE ALARM SYSTEMS  
FIBER OPTICS HAZARD  
IDENTIFICATION DEVICE.\*  
AD- 697 036
- PERISCOPES  
STUDY OF DETERMINE DESIGN  
CRITERIA FOR A STEREO FIBER OPTIC  
PERISCOPE FOR AIRCRAFT
- APPLICATION.\*  
AD- 651 060
- ANTI-DISTURBANCE DEVICES  
Fiber Optic Safeguards Sealing  
System.\*  
AD-A052 312
- ARMS CONTROL  
NUCLEAR WEAPONS  
Fiber Optic Seals: A Portable  
System for Field Use in  
International Safeguards and Arms  
Control Applications.\*  
AD- 732 851
- ATTACK AIRCRAFT  
Simulated Lightning Test on the  
Navy Airborne Light Optical Fiber  
Technology (ALOFT) A-7 Aircraft.\*  
AD-A046 370
- ALOFT Flight Test Report.\*  
AD-B025 099
- ATTACK BOMBERS  
Results of A-7 ALOFT 'Bottoms  
Up' Model and Weight Sensitivity  
Analysis.\*  
AD-A033 767
- AVALANCHE DIODES  
SIGNALS  
Reprint: Revue technique  
thomson-CSF. Volume 1, numero 3.  
AD- 700 891
- AVIONICS  
A-7 ALOFT Economic Analysis  
Development Concept.\*  
AD-A013 221
- A Theoretical Study of  
Fiberoptics for Avionic  
Applications.\*  
AD-A019 859
- Fiber Optics Cost Analysis  
Program (FOCAP).  
AD-A049 859
- The Impact of Wideband Multiplex  
Concepts on Microprocessor-Based  
Avionic System Architectures.\*  
AD-A057 878
- FIBER OPTICS  
Application of Fiber Optic  
Technology to Army Aircraft  
Systems.\*  
AD-B000 108
- BRONCHI  
Reprint: Fiberoptic  
Bronchoscopy in Acute Inhalation  
Injury.  
AD-A016 541
- BUS CONDUCTORS  
Fiber-Optic Data Bus.\*  
AD- 782 661
- Fiber Optics Data Bus System  
(Presents Current State of the Art  
in the Suitability of Fiber Optics  
for Multiterminal Data  
Communications).  
AD-A002 222
- Eight-Terminal, Bidirectional,  
Fiber Optic Trunk Data Bus.\*  
AD-A019 429
- CABLES  
Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable  
Assemblies for Local Distribution  
Systems.\*  
AD-A022 651
- Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable  
Assemblies for Local Distribution  
Systems.\*  
AD-A040 717
- Fiber Optic Sonobuoy Cable  
Development FY76. Electro-Optical  
Components for Data Transfer  
between Deep Submerged Acoustic  
Sensors and Surface Buoys.\*  
AD-A046 171
- CADMIUM SULFIDES  
CRYSTAL GROWTH  
Reprint: Revue technique  
thomson-CSF. Volume 1, numero 3.  
AD- 700 891
- CAMERA TUBES  
FIBER OPTICS  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*

# CAT-CON

UNCLASSIFIED

- AD- 691 753  
Feasibility of applying fiber optics in linear measurements by television methods--Translations.  
AD- 698 080  
Development of an Image Isocon with Fiber Optics Faceplate.\*  
AD- 843 963
- \*CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS  
FIBER OPTICS  
Miniature, fiber optic faceplate cathode ray tubes.  
AD- 428 822  
Design, development, and fabrication of a miniature fiberoptic faceplate cathode-ray tube for use in microdisplay.  
AD- 622 509  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 670 079  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 678 490  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 686 338  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 693 259  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 698 489  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 704 322  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 708 579  
Fiber Optics with Extended Ultraviolet Transmission.\*  
AD- 736 514  
An Experimental Analysis of New Ultraviolet Emitting Fiber Optic Faceplate Cathode Ray Tubes.\*  
AD- 755 509  
12 IN. DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.\*  
AD- 824 489
- \*CATHODE RAY TUBES  
FIBER OPTICS  
DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE MINIATURE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE CATHODE RAY TUBES.\*  
AD- 420 252  
< INCH DIAMETER CATHODE RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACE PLATE.  
AD- 614 448  
Twelve-inch-diameter cathode-ray tube with fiber optic faceplate.  
AD- 620 729  
Twelve-inch-diameter cathode-ray tube with fiber optic faceplate.  
AD- 620 730  
12 INCH DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.\*  
AD- 636 807  
Design, Development, and Fabrication of an Eight Inch Remote View Display Cathode Ray Tube.\*  
AD- 729 399  
12 IN. DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.\*  
AD- 824 489  
MANUFACTURING  
Program to develop a 12 inch diameter fiber optic faceplate cathode ray tube.  
AD- 609 967  
MINIATURE ELECTRON TUBES  
Miniature, fiber optic faceplate cathode ray tubes.  
AD- 428 822  
Design, development, and fabrication of a miniature fiberoptic faceplate cathode-ray tube for use in microdisplay.  
AD- 622 509  
PHOTOCHROMISM  
DATA DISPLAY STUDY.\*  
AD- 441 373  
\*CEREBRAL CORTEX  
MEDICAL EXAMINATION  
Reprint: An improved technique for obtaining cortical photoelectric plethysmograms.
- AD- 650 421  
\*CIVIL DEFENSE  
Fiber-Optics Dosimeter for Civil Defense.\*  
AD-A047 853  
\*COHERENT RADIATION  
FIBER OPTICS  
Reprint: Diffraction by fiber mosaics.  
AD- 655 751  
\*COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEMS  
The CCS-280 Optical-Fiber Link Task.\*  
AD-A035 435  
\*COMMAND GUIDANCE  
Out of Line of Sight Missile Link.\*  
AD-A024 569  
\*COMMUNICATION BUOYS  
Feasibility of a Fiber-Optic Communications Link between a Submarine and a Towed Buoy.\*  
AD-A058 359  
\*COMPUTER LOGIC  
FIBER OPTICS  
ADAPTIVE LOGIC ELEMENTS USING NON-GALVANIC MODIFYING INPUTS.\*  
AD- 690 517  
\*COMPUTER PROGRAMS  
Fiber Optics Design Aid Package.\*  
AD-A040 772  
\*CONNECTORS  
Connectors for Fiber Optics Cable Systems.\*  
AD-A019 828  
Connectors for Optical Fiber TDM Cables.\*  
AD-A047 055  
\*CONTROLLED ATMOSPHERES  
SPACECRAFT CABINS  
FOREIGN SCIENCE BULLETIN, VOL.

SUBJECT INDEX-2  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07



## UNCLASSIFIED

## COS-ELE

3. NO. 4, 1967.\*  
AD- 652 210

\*COST ANALYSIS  
A-7 ALOFT Economic Analysis  
Development Concept.\*  
AD-A013 221  
A-7 ALOFT Life-Cycle Cost and  
Measures of Effectiveness Models.\*  
AD-A026 206  
Fiber Optics Cost Analysis  
Program (FOCAP).  
AD-A049 859

\*COST EFFECTIVENESS  
A-7 ALOFT Economic Analysis  
Development Concept.\*  
AD-A013 221

\*COST ESTIMATES  
The A-7 ALOFT Cost Model: A  
Study of High Technology Cost  
Estimating.\*  
AD-A021 913

\*COUPLERS  
Optical Couplers for Fiber to  
Integrated Optics Systems.\*  
AD-A030 184  
Components for Single Strand  
Multimode Fiber Systems.\*  
AD-A047 315  
Design and Evaluation of  
Couplers for a Multimode Single  
Fiber Optical Data Bus.\*  
AD-A047 773  
Evaluation of Multipoint Fiber-  
Optic Bundle Couplers.\*  
AD-A049 258  
The Impact of Wideband Multiplex  
Concepts on Microprocessor-Based  
Avionic System Architectures.\*  
AD-A057 878

\*COUPLING CIRCUITS  
Fabrication of Linear Waveguides  
and Horn Shaped Coupling  
Structures.\*  
AD-A016 633

\*CRYSTAL GROWTH

Growth and Characterization of  
Optical Waveguides for 10.6  
micrometer Light.\*  
AD-A005 635

\*DATA LINKS  
Feasibility Demonstration of  
Fiber Optics as Applied to the  
SOSTEL (Solid State Electric Logic)  
Data Handling System.\*  
AD- 783 918

Experimentation and Design for a  
Computer to Computer Fiber Optic  
Data Link.\*  
AD-A020 078

ALOFT Fiber Optic Component  
Tests.\*  
AD-A024 302

Out of Line of Sight Missile  
Link.\*  
AD-A024 569

Potential Uses of Fiber Optics  
in Army Fixed Facilities.\*  
AD-A057 956

\*DATA TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS  
Fiber-Optic Data Bus.\*  
AD- 782 661

Fiber Optics Data Bus System  
(Presents Current State of the Art  
in the Suitability of Fiber Optics  
for Multiterminal Data  
Communications).\*

AD-A002 222  
Program Management Plan. A-7  
ALOFT.\*

AD-A012 546  
A-7 ALOFT Demonstration. Master  
Test Plan.\*

AD-A013 193  
Fiber Optics Applications in the  
SHIPBOARD Data Multiplex System.\*  
AD-A039 505

State of the Art in Fiber Optics  
Communications and Data Transfer.\*  
AD-A042 579

Design and Evaluation of  
Couplers for a Multimode Single  
Fiber Optical Data Bus.\*  
AD-A047 773

Potential Uses of Fiber Optics

in Army Fixed Facilities.\*  
AD-A057 956

ELECTROOPTICS  
Optoelectronic Aspects of  
Avionic Systems.\*  
AD- 910 760

FIBER OPTICS  
Optoelectronic Data Bus.\*  
AD- 914 009

OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS  
Wideband Fiber-optic Analog  
Information Link.\*  
AD- 867 695

\*DEFLECTORS  
Thin-Film Acoustooptic Devices  
with Applications to  
Integrated/Fiber Optic Signal  
Processing and Communications.\*  
AD-A052 949

\*DELAY LINES  
PHOTOELASTICITY  
Multiple tapped photoelastic  
delay line.  
AD- 609 579

\*DIGITAL SYSTEMS  
Feasibility Demonstration of  
Fiber Optic Digital Status  
Monitoring Devices.\*  
AD-A059 016

\*DOSIMETERS  
Fiber-Optics Dosimeter for Civil  
Defense.\*  
AD-A047 853

\*DRAWING(FORMING)  
Mechanical Properties of Glass  
Fiber Waveguides and Fabrication of  
Special Waveguide Shapes.\*  
AD-A016 301

\*ELECTRIC CABLES  
300 Meter Sonobuoy Cable 500  
Meter Tow Cable.\*  
AD-A035 107

SUBJECT INDEX-3  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

ELE-F18

UNCLASSIFIED

Manufacturing Technology for  
Fiber Optic Bundle Cabling.\*  
AD-A058 954

\*ELECTRIC DETONATORS  
VULNERABILITY  
Multichannel Signal Conditioning  
Unit.\*  
AD- 919 959

\*ELECTRON OPTICS  
CATHODE RAY TUBES  
DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE  
MINIATURE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE  
CATHODE RAY TUBES.\*  
AD- 420 252

ELECTROOPTICS  
Optoelectronic Aspects of  
Avionic Systems.\*  
AD- 910 760

FIBER OPTICS  
Fiber Optics in Electron-Optical  
Systems--Translation.  
AD- 717 838

\*ELECTROOPTICS  
Optimization of Optical  
Waveguides--Electro-Optic Studies.\*  
AD- 774 733  
Waveguide Techniques for  
Integrated Optics.\*  
AD- 777 029  
A Wideband RF Application of  
Fiber Optics.\*  
AD- 781 867

ELECTRON OPTICS  
Optoelectronic Aspects of  
Avionic Systems.\*  
AD- 910 760

LASERS  
Large-angle deflection technique  
for laser display.  
AD- 624 099

MODULATORS  
Integrated Optical Circuits.\*  
AD- 757 342

\*EPITAXIAL GROWTH  
Liquid Phase Epitaxy of GaAsSb  
on InP Substrates.\*  
AD-A052 291

\*EXPLOSIONS  
ULTRAVIOLET DETECTORS  
ULTRAVIOLET FIBER OPTICS FOR  
FIRE AND EXPLOSION DETECTION.\*  
AD- 809 848

\*EXPLOSIVES INITIATORS  
ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY  
Multichannel Signal Conditioning  
Unit.\*  
AD- 919 959

\*FACEPLATES  
Fabrication Techniques for Fiber  
Optic Fire Control Elements.\*  
AD-A021 885

\*FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT  
FIBER OPTICS  
Study of facsimile scanning and  
recording techniques employing  
fiber optics.  
AD- 423 755  
Continuous facsimile scanner  
employing fiber optics. 1  
AD- 613 302  
Continuous facsimile scanner  
employing fiber optics.  
AD- 615 526  
Continuous facsimile scanner  
employing fiber optics.  
AD- 623 204  
Continuous facsimile scanner  
employing fiber optics.  
AD- 624 696  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*  
AD- 642 675  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*  
AD- 643 074  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*  
AD- 643 075  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*

AD- 644 963  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*

AD- 646 856  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*

AD- 649 185  
SCANNING  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*

AD- 691 753  
\*FACSIMILE RECORDING  
OPTICAL SCANNING  
STUDY OF FACSIMILE SCANNING AND  
RECORDING TECHNIQUES EMPLOYING  
FIBER OPTICS.\*

AD- 434 382  
\*FACSIMILE RECORDING SYSTEMS  
FIBER OPTICS  
Study of facsimile scanning and  
recording techniques employing  
fiber optics.  
AD- 423 755

\*FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION  
Reprint: On Transmission and  
Recovery of Three-Dimensional Image  
Information in Optical Waveguides.  
AD-A027 747

\*FIBER OPTICS  
STUDY OF OPTICAL FIBER  
TECHNIQUES FOR DATA PROCESSING.  
LASER SWITCHING  
FARADAY AND KEN EFFECT  
EXPERIMENTS. PHOSPHOR AND DETECTOR  
STUDIES. NEURISTOR LASER ANALYSIS.  
AD- 299 007  
EXPERIMENTAL CATHODE RAY TUBES  
WITH FIBER OPTIC INSERTS IN  
FACEPLATE.\*  
AD- 400 246  
Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic  
Waveguides.\*  
AD- 770 850  
A Wideband RF Application of  
Fiber Optics.\*  
AD- 781 867

SUBJECT INDEX-4

UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

ELE-FIB

- The Effects of Contaminants on Fiber Optic Connector Radiation Patterns.\*  
AD-783 691
- Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic Waveguides.\*  
AD-A001 703
- Design Curves for Optical Waveguide Digital Communication Systems.\*  
AD-A003 994
- Excitation of an Optical Fiber by a Gaussian Beam.\*  
AD-A004 019
- Growth and Characterization of Optical Waveguides for 10.6 micronmeter Light.\*  
AD-A005 635
- Fiber Optic Led.\*  
AD-A010 356
- Radiation Effects on Fiber Optics.\*  
AD-A013 786
- Laser-Waveguide Transition Coupling Structure Fabrication.\*  
AD-A015 318
- Optical Coupler Development.\*  
AD-A015 319
- Fabrication of Special Waveguide Shapes and Mechanical Properties of Glass Fiber Waveguides.\*  
AD-A016 300
- Mechanical Properties of Glass Fiber Waveguides and Fabrication of Special Waveguide Shapes.\*  
AD-A016 301
- Reprint: Fiberoptic Bronchoscopy in Acute Inhalation Injury.  
AD-A016 541
- Fabrication of Linear Waveguides and Horn Shaped Coupling Structures.\*  
AD-A016 633
- Integrated Optics Components - Fabrication and Testing.\*  
AD-A017 598
- Fiber Strength.\*  
AD-A017 720
- High-Speed Light-Emitting Diodes.\*
- Reprint: Direct Transmission of Pictorial Information in Multimode Optical Fibers.  
AD-A027 937
- Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate Communication.\*  
AD-A028 043
- Optical Couplers for Fiber to Integrated Optics Systems.\*  
AD-A030 184
- Life Cycle Costing of an Emerging Technology: The Fiber Optics Case.\*  
AD-A031 839
- Fiber Optics for Naval Applications: An Assessment of Present and Near-Term Capabilities.\*  
AD-A032 465
- Theoretical Studies of Fiber Optical Waveguides and Integrated Optical Circuits.\*  
AD-A035 643
- Fiber Optics and Integrated Optics Techniques for Signal Processing.\*  
AD-A035 867
- Peri-Apollar 360 Degree Lens Distortion Free Linear Mapping.\*  
AD-A036 150
- Fiber Optics Applications in the SHIPBOARD Data Multiplex System.\*  
AD-A039 505
- Injection Laser for High Data Rate Communications.\*  
AD-A039 992
- Multiplexing and Filtering of Optical Signals.\*  
AD-A040 068
- Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic Detection of Low Frequency Sound.\*  
AD-A040 382
- Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications.\*  
AD-A040 481
- Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications.\*  
AD-A040 660
- Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable Assemblies for Local Distribution
- AD-A018 757  
An Approach to the Estimation of Life Cycle Costs of a Fiber-Optic Application in Military Aircraft.\*  
AD-A019 379  
A Theoretical Study of Fiber Optics for Avionic Applications.\*  
AD-A019 859  
Experimentation and Design for a Computer to Computer Fiber Optic Data Link.\*  
AD-A020 078  
Fabrication Techniques for Fiber Optic Fine Control Elements.\*  
AD-A021 885  
The A-7 ALOFT Cost Model: A Study of High Technology Cost Estimating.\*  
AD-A021 913  
Fiber Optic Waveguides by Molecular Stuffing.\*  
AD-A022 273  
Sapphire Fiber Transmission at Temperatures up to 1000 F.\*  
AD-A022 373  
DoD/Industry-Wide Integrated Optics and Fiber Optics Communications Conference, 15-17 May 1974.\*  
AD-A022 593  
Fiber-Optic Switch Study.\*  
AD-A023 034  
ALOFT Fiber Optic Component Tests.\*  
AD-A024 302  
Out of Line of Sight Missile Link.\*  
AD-A024 569  
The Parabolic Cylinder Functions of Miller's Second Kind for Complex Parameter.\*  
AD-A025 314  
Research and Development in Glass Technology Related to Fiber Optic Waveguides.\*  
AD-A025 660  
Reprint: On Transmission and Recovery of Three-Dimensional Image Information in Optical Waveguides.  
AD-A027 747

UNCLASSIFIED  
SUBJECT INDEX-5  
ZOM07



- Systems.\*  
 AD-A040 717 Fiber Optics Design Aid Package.\*  
 AD-A040 772 Preliminary Investigation of Mechanical Responses of Fiber Optics to Nuclear Radiation.\*  
 AD-A041 264 Fiber-Optic-Coupled LOC Injection-Laser Array for 8500 Angstroms Room-Temperature Emission.\*  
 AD-A042 490 State of the Art in Fiber Optics Communications and Data Transfer.\*  
 AD-A042 579 Refractive Index Changes in Optical Fibers Subject to Diametral Stress.\*  
 AD-A043 035 Optobundle - A Unique Fiber Optic Multiplier.\*  
 AD-A044 599 Optical Fibers, Integrated Optics and Their Military Applications. London, England, 16-20 May 1977.\*  
 AD-A045 704 Fiber Optic Sonobuoy Cable Development FY76. Electro-Optical Components for Data Transfer between Deep Submerged Acoustic Sensors and Surface Buoys.\*  
 AD-A046 171 Coupling of Single-Mode Optical Fibers to GaAs Waveguides.\*  
 AD-A046 284 Simulated Lightning Test on the Navy Airborne Light Optical Fiber Technology (ALOFF) A-7 Aircraft.\*  
 AD-A046 370 Feasibility Study of a Fiber Optics Plotter. Volume I. Technical Aspects.\*  
 AD-A046 843 Connectors for Optical Fiber TDM Cables.\*  
 AD-A047 055 Multiplexing and Filtering of Optical Signals.\*
- AD-A047 224 Components for Single Strand Multimode Fiber Systems.\*  
 AD-A047 315 Design and Evaluation of Couplers for a Multimode Single Fiber Optical Data Bus.\*  
 AD-A047 773 Fiber-Optics Dosimeter for Civil Defense.\*  
 AD-A047 853 A Star Scene Simulator for Test and Evaluation of Imaging Systems Used in Point-Source Detection.\*  
 AD-A048 201 Development of a Low Loss Optical Fiber with a Parabolic Profile.\*  
 AD-A049 168 Diffusion Process for Formation of Single-Mode Waveguide.\*  
 AD-A049 558 Fiber Optics Cost Analysis Program (FOCAP).\*
 AD-A049 859 Optical Fibers, Integrated Optics and Their Military Applications.\*  
 AD-A050 748 Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications.\*  
 AD-A051 791 Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications.\*  
 AD-A051 792 Optical Properties of Single Mode Rectangular Fibers.\*  
 AD-A052 290 Fiber Optic Safeguards Sealing System.\*  
 AD-A052 312 Survey of Current Technology Related to Fiber Optics.\*  
 AD-A052 653 Thin-Film Acoustooptic Devices with Applications to Integrated/Fiber Optic Signal Processing and Communications.\*  
 AD-A052 949 Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications.\*
- AD-A053 657 Reprint: Fiber Optic Guides of Noncircular Cross Section.  
 AD-A057 776 AN/TTC-38 Fiber-Optic Verification Study.\*  
 AD-A058 236 Acoustically Induced Phase and Intensity Modulation in Optical Fibers.\*  
 AD-A058 694 Manufacturing Technology for Fiber Optic Bundle Cabling.\*  
 AD-A058 954 Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic Digital Status Monitoring Devices.\*  
 AD-A059 016 Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic Detection of Low Frequency Sound.\*  
 AD-A059 241 ALOFT Flight Test Report.\*  
 AD-8025 099
- AVIONICS  
 Application of Fiber Optic Technology to Army Aircraft Systems.\*  
 AD-8000 108
- CAMERA TUBES  
 CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*  
 AD- 691 753 Feasibility of applying fiber optics in linear measurements by television methods--Translations.  
 AD- 698 080 Development of an Image Isocon with Fiber Optics Faceplate.\*  
 AD- 843 963
- CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS  
 Miniature, fiber optic faceplate cathode ray tubes.  
 AD- 428 822 Design, development, and fabrication of a miniature fiberoptic faceplate cathode-ray tube for use in microdisplay.

## UNCLASSIFIED

## ELE-FIB

AD- 622 509  
An Experimental Analysis of New  
Ultraviolet Emitting Fiber Optic  
Faceplate Cathode Ray Tubes.\*

AD- 755 509  
12 IN. DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY  
TUBE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.\*

AD- 824 489  
CATHODE RAY TUBES  
DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE  
MINIATURE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE  
CATHODE RAY TUBES.\*

AD- 420 252  
DATA DISPLAY STUDY.\*

AD- 441 373  
Program to develop a 12 inch  
diameter fiber optic faceplate  
cathode ray tube.

AD- 609 967  
< INCH DIAMETER CATHODE RAY TUBE  
WITH FIBER OPTIC FACE= PLATE.

AD- 614 448  
Twelve-inch-diameter cathode-ray  
tube with fiber optic faceplate.

AD- 620 729  
Twelve-inch-diameter cathode-ray  
tube with fiber optic faceplate.

AD- 620 730  
12 INCH DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY  
TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.\*

AD- 636 807  
CHECKOUT PROCEDURES  
Non-conductive monitoring of  
missile components and systems.

AD- 428 986  
COMPUTER LOGIC  
ADAPTIVE LOGIC ELEMENTS USING  
NON-GALVANIC MODIFYING INPUTS.\*

AD- 690 517  
CZECHOSLOVAKIA  
New Developments in Fiber Optics-  
-Translation.

AD- 866 951  
DELAY LINES  
Multiple tapped photoelastic  
delay line.

AD- 609 579  
DIFFRACTION  
Reprint: Diffraction by fiber  
mosaics.

AD- 655 751  
ELECTRON OPTICS  
Fiber Optics in Electron-Optical  
Systems--Translation.

AD- 717 838  
FACSIMILE  
Glass fiber drawing for fiber  
optics. High resolution facsimile  
scanner.

AD- 409 312  
FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT  
Study of facsimile scanning and  
recording techniques employing  
fiber optics.

AD- 423 755  
Continuous facsimile scanner  
employing fiber optics. 1

AD- 613 302  
Continuous facsimile scanner  
employing fiber optics.

AD- 623 204  
Continuous facsimile scanner  
employing fiber optics.

AD- 624 696  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*

AD- 642 675  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*

AD- 643 074  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*

AD- 643 075  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*

AD- 644 963  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*

AD- 646 856  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*

AD- 649 185  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*

GLASS  
Infrared fiber optics  
investigations-development of  
arsenic sulfur glass fibers.

AD- 601 572  
Translation of Chinese research.  
Light transmitting cables.

AD- 637 064  
IMAGE TUBES  
Reprint: Revue technique  
thomson-CSF. Volume 1, numero 3.

AD- 700 891  
Fiber Optics for Optical  
Electron Tubes--Translation.

AD- 861 175  
IMAGES  
Fiber optics image enlargement  
device.

AD- 606 636  
INFRARED OPTICAL MATERIALS  
Long wavelength infrared fiber  
optics.

AD- 612 902  
INFRARED RADIATION  
Long wavelength infrared fiber  
optics.

AD- 607 323  
Long wavelength infrared fiber  
optics.

AD- 609 842  
INFRARED RESEARCH  
INFRARED FIBER OPTICS  
INVESTIGATION.\*

AD- 425 492  
LASERS  
Fiber optic lasers from  
neodymium glass.

AD- 605 431  
Large-angle deflection technique  
for laser display.

AD- 624 099  
Reprint: Fiber optics and the  
laser.

AD- 627 456  
FOREIGN SCIENCE BULLETIN, VOL.

SUBJECT INDEX-7  
UNCLASSIFIED ZON07

3. NO. 4. 1967.\*  
AD- 652 210  
Certain characteristics of a  
fiber optics laser--Translation.  
AD- 694 670  
Modularized Fiber-Optic-Coupled  
Laser Arrays.\*  
AD- 903 811
- LIGHT TRANSMISSION  
Characteristics of radiation  
propagation through a fiber-optic  
element--Translation.  
AD- 694 581
- DIFFRACTION AND COHERENCE  
PHENOMENA IN OPTICAL WAVEGUIDES.\*  
AD- 705 250  
Reprint: Wave propagation along  
hollow dielectric waveguides.  
AD- 705 885
- DETERMINATION OF THE ATTENUATION  
OF OPTICAL GLASS FIBRES.\*  
AD- 713 262  
Determination of the Scattering  
Loss in Optical Glass Fibres.\*  
AD- 720 937  
Wavelength Division Multiplexing  
in Light Interface Technology.\*  
AD- 721 085
- Light Interface Technology  
Improvement Investigation.\*  
AD- 733 076
- Guided Waves Along Non-Circular  
Fibers.\*  
AD- 734 015
- MANUFACTURING  
INFRARED FIBER OPTICS  
INVESTIGATION.\*  
AD- 425 416
- Exploratory Development of  
Improved Optical Fiber Bundles.\*  
AD- 881 276
- MEDICAL EXAMINATION  
Reprint: An improved technique  
for obtaining cortical  
photoelectric plethysmograms.  
AD- 650 421
- MODELS(SIMULATIONS)
- Signal Processing by Fiber  
Optical Modeling of an Acoustic  
Array.\*  
AD- 876 995
- OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS  
Development of Optical  
Information Transfer Technology for  
Military Applications.\*  
AD- 747 946  
Wideband Fiberoptic Analog  
Information Link.\*  
AD- 867 695
- OPTICAL GLASS  
Reprint: Equilibrium  
Compressibilities and Density  
Fluctuations in K2O-SiO2 Glasses.  
AD- 767 146
- OPTICAL IMAGES  
OBSERVED DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDE  
MODES IN THE VISIBLE SPECTRUM.\*  
AD- 673 366  
Optical Fiber Image Evaluation  
Studies.\*  
AD- 869 699
- OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS  
Translation of Russian patent on  
fiber-optic digital position  
detector.  
AD- 654 651
- OPTICAL PROPERTIES  
Optical Fiber Links for  
Telecommunications. Part One.\*  
AD- 754 566  
Optical Fiber Links for  
Telecommunications. Part Two.\*  
AD- 767 544
- PERISCOPES  
STUDY OF DETERMINE DESIGN  
CRITERIA FOR A STEREO FIBER OPTIC  
PERISCOPE FOR AIRCRAFT  
APPLICATION.\*  
AD- 651 060
- PERMEABILITY  
A method for the fast
- measurement of the permeability of  
glass fibers--Translation.  
AD- 830 356
- PHOTODIODES  
Optoelectronic Aspects of  
Avionic Systems.\*  
AD- 910 760
- PHOTOELECTRIC CELLS (SEMICONDUCTOR)  
A FIBER OPTIC SENSING DEVICE.\*  
AD- 424 987
- PHOTOGRAPHY  
Role of fiber optics in  
photography.  
AD- 612 637
- PHYSICAL PROPERTIES  
Fiber Optic Cable Test.\*  
AD- 767 017
- PLASMA MEDIUM  
Reprint: A transient fiber  
optics probe for space resolved  
diagnostics of dense plasmas.  
AD- 650 234
- PROBES (ELECTROMAGNETIC)  
Reprint: Optical probe  
techniques using fiber optics light  
guides.  
AD- 611 944
- RECORDING SYSTEMS  
STUDY OF FACSIMILE SCANNING AND  
RECORDING TECHNIQUES EMPLOYING  
FIBER OPTICS.\*  
AD- 434 382
- SCANNING  
Continuous facsimile scanner  
employing fiber optics.  
AD- 615 526
- SEALS  
Fiber Optic Seals: A Portable  
System for Field Use in  
International Safeguards and Arms  
Control Applications.\*  
AD- 732 851



UNCLASSIFIED

FIB-FIB

SYNTHETIC FIBERS  
Measuring the Permeability of  
Fibers Made from Artificial Matter-  
translation.  
AD- 824 045

TECHNOLOGY  
Fiber Optics and Related  
Technology.\*  
AD- 917 450

TELEVISION CAMERAS  
MODEL II IMAGE DISSECTOR CAMERA  
SYSTEM.\*  
AD- 684 795

TELEVISION DISPLAY SYSTEMS  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION  
PROJECTION. VOLUME I. (BASIC AND  
APPENDICES A, B, AND C).  
AD- 673 444  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION  
PROJECTION. VOLUME II.  
(APPENDICES D, E, F, G, AND H).  
AD- 673 445

TELEVISION EQUIPMENT  
Wide angle television system  
capable of viewing and projecting a  
scene 160 degrees wide by 90  
degrees high.  
AD- 621 711  
Wide-angle television system  
capable of viewing and projecting a  
scene 160 degrees wide by 90  
degrees high.  
AD- 623 815

TEMPERATURE SENSITIVE ELEMENTS  
PHOTOELECTRIC PLETHYSMOGRAPHY  
USING FIBER OPTICS FOR APPLICATION  
IN THERMAL PHYSIOLOGY.\*  
AD- 637 173

THERMAL PROPERTIES  
Reprint: Thermally induced beat  
phenomenon in coupled optical  
waveguides.  
AD- 705 886

TRANSMISSION LINES

Transfer of Information on Naval  
Vessels via Fiber Optics  
Transmission Lines.\*  
AD- 736 613

TRANSMITTER RECEIVERS  
Multichannel Signal Conditioning  
Unit.\*  
AD- 919 959

TRIGGER CIRCUITS  
The Use of Fiber Optics for  
Oscilloscope External Triggering.\*  
AD- 742 677

ULTRAVIOLET DETECTORS  
ULTRAVIOLET FIBER OPTICS FOR  
FIRE AND EXPLOSION DETECTION.\*  
AD- 809 848

ULTRAVIOLET OPTICAL MATERIALS  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 670 079  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRA-  
VIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*

AD- 673 446  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*

AD- 686 338  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*

AD- 693 259  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*

AD- 698 489  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*

AD- 704 322  
Fiber Optics with Extended  
Ultraviolet Transmission.\*

AD- 736 514  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*

AD- 800 818  
ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 708 579

WAVE PROPAGATION  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 807 413

WAVEGUIDES  
CYLINDRICAL DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDE  
MODES.\*  
AD- 674 600  
Integrated Optical Circuits.\*  
AD- 757 342

\*FIBER OPTICS TRANSMISSION LINES  
Fiber Optic Cable Hardware  
Test.\*

AD- 774 714  
Optimization of Optical  
Waveguides--Electro-Optic Studies.\*  
AD- 774 733

A Video Bandwidth Communications  
System Utilizing Optical Fiber  
Transmission.\*

AD- 775 013  
Wide Band Analog Signal  
Propagation in a Fiber Optic  
System.\*

AD- 775 017  
Reprint: Effect of Neutron- and  
Gamma-Radiation on Glass Optical  
Waveguides.

AD- 775 502  
Waveguide Techniques for  
Integrated Optics.\*

AD- 777 029  
Optimization of Optical  
Waveguides Strength Studies.\*

AD- 777 118  
Fiber-Optic Data Bus.\*

AD- 782 661  
Feasibility Demonstration of  
Fiber Optics as Applied to the  
SOSTEL (Solid State Electric Logic)  
Data Handling System.\*

AD- 783 918  
Fiber Optics Data Bus System  
(Presents Current State of the Art  
in the Suitability of Fiber Optics  
for Multiterminal Data  
Communications).\*

AD-A002 222  
Fiber Optic Towed Array.\*

SUBJECT INDEX-9  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

AD-A002 249 Program Management Plan. A-7 Aloft.*	A-7 ALOFT Life-Cycle Cost and Measures of Effectiveness Models.*	Engineers (U.K.).*
AD-A012 546 A-7 Aloft Demonstration. Master Test Plan.*	AD-A026 206 Life Cycle Costing of an Emerging Technology: The Fiber Optics Case.*	AD-A043 637 Development of a Low Loss Optical Fiber with a Parabolic Profile.*
AD-A013 193 A-7 ALOFT Economic Analysis Development Concept.*	AD-A031 839 Fiber Optic Communications Link Performance in EMP and Intense Light Transient Environments.*	AD-A049 168 Evaluation of Multipoint Fiber-Optic Bundle Couplers.*
AD-A013 221 Research and Development on Ultra-Light-Weight Low-Loss Optical Fiber Communication Cable.*	AD-A032 128 Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate Communication.*	AD-A049 268 Topics in Optical Materials and Device Research.*
AD-A015 017 Fabrication of Linear Waveguides and Horn Shaped Coupling Structures.*	AD-A033 415 Results of A-7 ALOFT 'Bottoms Up' Model and Weight Sensitivity Analysis.*	AD-A055 432 The Impact of Wideband Multiplex Concepts on Microprocessor-Based Avionic System Architectures.*
AD-A016 633 Optical Cable Communications Study.*	AD-A033 767 Reprint: Three-Dimensional Pictorial Transmission in Optical fibers.	AD-A057 878 Potential Uses of Fiber Optics in Army Fixed Facilities.*
AD-A016 846 Fiber Optics Communications Link Study.*	AD-A034 616 Coupling between Rectangular Optical Waveguides.*	AD-A057 956 Feasibility of a Fiber-Optic Communications Link between a Submarine and a Towed Buoy.*
AD-A018 898 Eight-Terminal, Bidirectional, Fiber Optic Trunk Data Bus.*	AD-A034 910 300 Meter Sonobuoy Cable 500 Meter Tow Cable.*	AD-A058 359 LIGHTWEIGHT Research and Development on Ultra-Lightweight Low-Loss Optical Fiber Communication Cable.*
AD-A019 429 Connectors for Fiber Optics Cable Systems.*	AD-A035 107 The CCS-280 Optical-Fiber Link Task.*	AD- 922 892
AD-A019 828 Interim Progress Summary and Description of A-7 Aloft System.*	AD-A035 435 A-7 Airborne Light Optical Fiber Technology (ALOFT) Demonstration Project.*	*FIBERS (SYNTHETIC) MANUFACTURING Glass fiber drawing for fiber optics. High resolution facsimile scanner.
AD-A021 257 DoD/Industry-Wide Integrated Optics and Fiber Optics Communications Conference, 15-17 May 1974.*	AD-A038 455 Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications.*	AD- 409 312
AD-A022 593 Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable Assemblies for Local Distribution Systems.*	AD-A038 678 The Current State and Future of Optical Information Transmission.*	*FIRE ALARM SYSTEMS AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT FIBER OPTICS HAZARD IDENTIFICATION DEVICE.*
AD-A022 651 Optical Fiber Coupling and Strength Tests.*	AD-A039 073 Fiber-Optic Undersea Tow Cable Optical and Environmental Tests.*	AD- 697 036
AD-A023 491 ALOFT Fiber Optic Component Tests.*	AD-A040 024 The Effects of Fast and Thermal Neutron Flux and Gamma Radiation on the Transmission Characteristics of Optical Fibers.*	ULTRAVIOLET DETECTORS ULTRAVIOLET FIBER OPTICS FOR FIRE AND EXPLOSION DETECTION.*
AD-A024 302 Development of an Optical Fiber Video Data Link.*	AD-A042 429 Colloquium on Optical Fiber Cable, Institution of Electrical	AD- 809 848
AD-A025 220		*FIRE CONTROL COMPUTERS ALOFT Flight Test Report.*
		AD-8025 099

UNCLASSIFIED

FLO-INJ

- \*FLOW FIELDS  
PARTICLE SIZE  
Fiber Optics Particle-Sizing  
System.\*  
AD- 766 647
- \*FUSION(VELTING)  
Optical Couplers for Fiber to  
Integrated Optics Systems.\*  
AD-A030 184
- \*GALLIUM ANTIMONIDES  
Liquid phase Epitaxy of GaAsSb  
on InP Substrates.\*  
AD-A052 291
- \*GALLIUM ARSENIDES  
Fiber Optic Led.\*  
AD-A010 356  
Coupling of Single-Mode Optical  
Fibers to GaAs Waveguides.\*  
AD-A046 284  
Liquid Phase Epitaxy of GaAsSb  
on InP Substrates.\*  
AD-A052 291
- \*GERMANIUM  
Growth and Characterization of  
Optical Waveguides for 10.6  
micrometer Light.\*  
AD-A005 635
- \*GLASS  
Reprint: Effect of Neutron- and  
Gamma-Radiation on Glass Optical  
Waveguides.  
AD- 775 502
- FIBER OPTICS  
Infrared fiber optics  
investigations-development of  
arsenic sulfur glass fibers.  
AD- 601 572  
Long wavelength infrared fiber  
optics.  
AD- 612 902
- \*GLASS FIBERS  
Fabrication of Special Waveguide  
Shapes and Mechanical Properties of  
Glass Fiber Waveguides.\*
- AD-A016 300  
Mechanical Properties of Glass  
Fiber Waveguides and Fabrication of  
Special Waveguide Shapes.\*  
AD-A016 301  
Fiber Strength.\*  
AD-A017 720  
Optical Fiber Coupling and  
Strength Tests.\*  
AD-A023 491  
Research and Development in  
Glass Technology Related to Fiber  
Optic Waveguides.\*  
AD-A025 660
- \*GLASS TEXTILES  
PERMEABILITY  
A method for the fast  
measurement of the permeability of  
glass fibers--Translation.  
AD- 830 356
- \*GUIDED MISSILE COMPONENTS  
CHECKOUT PROCEDURES  
Non-conductive monitoring of  
missile components and systems.  
AD- 428 986
- \*GUIDED MISSILE WARHEADS  
CHECKOUT-PROCEDURES  
Non-conductive monitoring of  
missile components and systems.  
AD- 428 986
- \*HEAT PRODUCTION(BIOLOGY)  
MEASUREMENT  
PHOTOELECTRIC PLETHYSMOGRAPHY  
USING FIBER OPTICS FOR APPLICATION  
IN THERMAL PHYSIOLOGY.\*  
AD- 637 173
- \*HEAT RESISTANT PLASTICS  
DEGRADATION  
FOREIGN SCIENCE BULLETIN, VOL.  
3, NO. 4, 1967.\*  
AD- 652 210
- \*IMAGE PROCESSING  
Development of an Optical Fiber  
Video Data Link.\*  
AD-A025 220
- AD-A027 937  
Reprint: Direct Transmission of  
Pictorial Information in Multimode  
Optical Fibers.
- \*IMAGE TUBES  
FIBER OPTICS  
Reprint: Revue technique  
thomson-CSF. Volume 1, numero 3.  
AD- 700 891  
Fiber Optics for Optical  
Electron Tubes--Translation.  
AD- 861 175
- \*INFRARED COMMUNICATIONS  
AIRBORNE  
Optoelectronic Data Bus.\*  
AD- 914 009
- \*INFRARED LASERS  
Fiber-Optic-Coupled LOC  
Injection-Laser Array for 8500  
Angstroms Room-Temperature  
Emission.\*  
AD-A042 490
- \*INFRARED OPTICAL MATERIALS  
Topics in Optical Materials and  
Device Research.\*  
AD-A055 432
- FIBER OPTICS  
Long wavelength infrared fiber  
optics.  
AD- 607 323  
Long wavelength infrared fiber  
optics.  
AD- 609 842  
Long wavelength infrared fiber  
optics.  
AD- 612 902
- GLASS  
Infrared fiber optics  
investigations-development of  
arsenic sulfur glass fibers.  
AD- 601 572
- \*INJECTION DIODES  
Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.\*

SUBJECT INDEX-11  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07



INU-LIG

UNCLASSIFIED

- AD-A038 678  
Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.\*
- AD-A040 481  
Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.\*
- AD-A051 792
- \*INJECTION LASERS  
Fabrication of Linear Waveguides  
and Horn Shaped Coupling  
Structures.\*
- AD-A016 633  
Injection Laser for High-Data-  
Rate Communication.\*
- AD-A028 043  
Injection Laser for High-Data-  
Rate Communication.\*
- AD-A033 415  
Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.\*
- AD-A038 578  
Injection Laser for High Data  
Rate Communications.\*
- AD-A039 932  
Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.\*
- AD-A040 481  
Fiber-Optic-Coupled LOC  
Injection-Laser Array for 8500  
Angstroms Room-Temperature  
Emission.\*
- AD-A042 490  
Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.\*
- AD-A051 792
- \*INPUT OUTPUT DEVICES  
Experimentation and Design for a  
Computer to Computer Fiber Optic  
Data Link.\*
- AD-A020 078
- \*INSTRUMENTATION  
Feasibility Demonstration of  
Fiber Optic Digital Status  
Monitoring Devices.\*
- AD-A059 016
- \*INTEGRATED SYSTEMS  
Diffusion Process for Formation
- of Single-Mode Waveguide.\*
- AD-A049 558  
Optical Properties of Single  
Mode Rectangular Fibers.\*
- AD-A052 290
- \*INTERCOMMUNICATION SYSTEMS  
A-7 ALOFT Life-Cycle Cost and  
Measures of Effectiveness Models.\*
- AD-A026 206
- ELECTROOPTICS  
Optoelectronic Data Bus.\*
- AD- 914 009
- FIBER OPTICS  
Transfer of Information on Naval  
Vessels via Fiber Optics  
Transmission Lines.\*
- AD- 736 613
- \*INTEREQUIPMENT COMMUNICATION  
Interim Progress Summary and  
Description of A-7 Aloft System.\*
- AD-A021 257
- \*ION ACCELERATORS  
OPERATION  
Reprint: Revue technique  
thomson-CSF. Volume 1, numero 3.
- AD- 700 891
- \*LASER BEAMS  
Excitation of an Optical Fiber  
by a Gaussian Beam.\*
- AD-A004 019
- \*LASER COMMUNICATIONS  
Injection Laser for High-Data-  
Rate Communication.\*
- AD-A033 415  
Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.\*
- AD-A038 678
- \*LASERS  
STUDY OF OPTICAL FIBER  
TECHNIQUES FOR DATA PROCESSING.  
LASER SWITCHING  
FARADAY AND KEN EFFECT  
EXPERIMENTS. PHOSPHOR AND DETECTOR
- AD- 299 007
- DISPLAY SYSTEMS  
Large-angle deflection technique  
for laser display.
- AD- 624 099
- FIBER  
Reprint: Fiber optics and the  
laser.
- AD- 627 456
- FIBER OPTICS  
Fiber optic lasers from  
neodymium glass.
- AD- 605 431  
FOREIGN SCIENCE BULLETIN, VOL.  
3, NO. 4, 1967.\*
- AD- 652 210  
Certain characteristics of a  
fiber optics laser--Translation.
- AD- 684 670  
Modularized Fiber-Optic-Coupled  
Laser Arrays.\*
- AD- 903 811
- \*LENSES  
Peri-Apollar 360 Degree Lens  
Distortion Free Linear Mapping.\*
- AD-A036 150
- \*LIFE CYCLE COSTS  
An Approach to the Estimation of  
Life Cycle Costs of a Fiber-Optic  
Application in Military Aircraft.\*
- AD-A019 379  
The A-7 ALOFT Cost Model: A  
Study of High Technology Cost  
Estimating.\*
- AD-A021 913  
A-7 ALOFT Life-Cycle Cost and  
Measures of Effectiveness Models.\*
- AD-A026 206  
Life Cycle Costing of an  
Emerging Technology: The Fiber  
Optics Case.\*
- AD-A031 839
- \*LIGHT COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS  
TRANSMISSION LINES

SUBJECT INDEX-12  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

LIG-NAV

Light Interface Technology  
Improvement Investigation.\*  
AD- 733 076

\*LIGHT EMITTING DIODES  
Fiber Optic Led.\*

AD-A010 356  
High-Speed Light-Emitting  
Diodes.\*

AD-A018 757  
Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.\*

AD-A040 660  
Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.\*

AD-A051 791  
Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.\*

AD-A053 657  
Light Transmission  
Wide Band Analog Signal  
Propagation in a Fiber Optic  
System.\*

AD- 775 017  
Excitation of an Optical Fiber  
by a Gaussian Beam.\*

AD-A004 019  
Sapphire Fiber Transmission at  
Temperatures up to 1000 F.\*

AD-A022 373  
The Effects of Fast and Thermal  
Neutron Flux and Gamma Radiation on  
the Transmission Characteristics of  
Optical Fibers.\*

AD-A042 429  
Refractive Index Changes in  
Optical Fibers Subject to Diametral  
Stress.\*

AD-A043 035  
FIBER OPTICS  
Reprint: Wave propagation along  
hollow dielectric waveguides.

AD- 705 885  
WAVEGUIDES  
Integrated Optical Circuits.\*

AD- 757 342  
\*LIGHTNING

Simulated Lightning Test on the  
Navy Airborne Light Optical Fiber  
Technology (ALOFT) A-7 Aircraft.\*  
AD-A046 370

\*LIQUID PHASES  
Liquid Phase Epitaxy of GaAsSb  
on InP Substrates.\*

AD-A052 291  
\*LOGIC CIRCUITS  
FIBER OPTICS  
ADAPTIVE LOGIC ELEMENTS USING  
NON-GALVANIC MODIFYING INPUTS.\*

AD- 690 517  
\*LUMINESCENCE  
MATERIALS  
Independent Research and  
Development.\*

AD- 903 446  
\*MEDICAL EQUIPMENT  
TEMPERATURE SENSITIVE ELEMENTS  
PHOTOELECTRIC PLETHYSMOGRAPHY  
USING FIBER OPTICS FOR APPLICATION  
IN THERMAL PHYSIOLOGY.\*

AD- 637 173  
\*MEDICAL EXAMINATION  
FIBER OPTICS  
Reprint: An improved technique  
for obtaining cortical  
photoelectric plethysmograms.

AD- 650 421  
\*METALORGANIC COMPOUNDS  
PHYSIOLOGY  
FOREIGN SCIENCE BULLETIN, VOL.  
3, NO. 4, 1967.\*

AD- 652 210  
\*MICROCOMPUTERS  
Experimentation and Design for a  
Computer to Computer Fiber Optic  
Data Link.\*

AD-A020 078  
\*MILITARY AIRCRAFT  
A-7 Airborne Light Optical Fiber

Technology (ALOFT) Demonstration  
Project.\*  
AD-A038 455

\*MILITARY APPLICATIONS  
Optical Fibres, Integrated  
Optics and Their Military  
Applications.\*

AD-A050 748  
\*MODULATORS  
ELECTROOPTICS  
Integrated Optical Circuits.\*

AD- 757 342  
\*MONITORS  
Feasibility Demonstration of  
Fiber Optic Digital Status  
Monitoring Devices.\*

AD-A059 016  
\*MULTICHANNEL COMMUNICATIONS  
TEST EQUIPMENT  
Multichannel Signal Conditioning  
Unit.\*

AD- 919 959  
\*MULTIMODE  
Components for Single Strand  
Multimode Fiber Systems.\*

AD-A047 315  
\*MULTIPLEXING  
Fiber Optics Applications in the  
SHIPBOARD Data Multiplex System.\*

AD-A039 505  
Multiplexing and Filtering of  
Optical Signals.\*

AD-A047 224  
\*MULTIPLICATION  
Optobundle - A Unique Fiber  
Optic Multiplier.\*

AD-A044 599  
\*NAVAL AIRCRAFT  
Fiber-Optic Data Bus.\*

AD- 782 661  
\*NAVIGATION SATELLITES  
NAVIGATIONAL AIDS

SUBJECT INDEX-13

UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

Reprint: Revue technique  
thomson-CSF. Volume 1, numero 3.  
AD- 700 891

#### •NAVIGATIONAL AIDS NAVIGATION SATELLITES

Reprint: Revue technique  
thomson-CSF. Volume 1, numero 3.  
AD- 700 891

#### •NEODYMIUM GLASS

Fiber optic lasers from  
neodymium glass.  
AD- 605 431

#### •NUCLEAR RADIATION

Preliminary Investigation of  
Mechanical Responses of Fiber  
Optics to Nuclear Radiation.\*  
AD-A041 264

#### •NUCLEAR WEAPONS

ARMS CONTROL  
Fiber Optic Seals: A Portable  
System for Field Use in  
International Safeguards and Arms  
Control Applications.\*  
AD- 732 851

#### •OPTICAL CIRCUITS

Theoretical Studies of Fiber  
Optical Waveguides and Integrated  
Optical Circuits.\*  
AD-A035 643  
Fiber Optics and Integrated  
Optics Techniques for Signal  
Processing.\*  
AD-A035 867

#### •OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS

A Video Bandwidth Communications  
System Utilizing Optical Fiber  
Transmission.\*  
AD- 775 013  
A Wideband RF Application of  
Fiber Optics.\*  
AD- 781 867  
Design Curves for Optical  
Waveguide Digital Communication  
Systems.\*

AD-A003 994

Integrated Optics Components -  
Fabrication and Testing.\*  
AD-A017 598  
High-Speed Light-Emitting  
Diodes.\*

AD-A018 757

A Theoretical Study of  
Fiber Optics for Avionic  
Applications.\*

AD-A019 859

DoD/Industry-Wide Integrated  
Optics and Fiber Optics  
Communications Conference, 15-17  
May 1974.\*

AD-A022 593

Out of Line of Sight Missile  
Link.\*

AD-A024 569

Development of an Optical Fiber  
Video Data Link.\*  
AD-A025 220

Reprint: On Transmission and  
Recovery of Three-Dimensional Image  
Information in Optical Waveguides.

AD-A027 747

Reprint: Direct Transmission of  
Pictorial Information in Multimode  
Optical Fibers.

AD-A027 937

Life Cycle Costing of an  
Emerging Technology: The Fiber  
Optics Case.\*

AD-A031 839

Fiber Optics for Naval  
Applications: An Assessment of  
Present and Near-Term  
Capabilities.\*

AD-A032 465

Results of A-7 ALOFT 'Bottoms  
Up' Model and Weight Sensitivity  
Analysis.\*

AD-A033 757

Theoretical Studies of Fiber  
Optical Waveguides and Integrated  
Optical Circuits.\*

AD-A035 643

The Current State and Future of  
Optical Information Transmission.\*  
AD-A039 073

Fiber Optics Applications in the

SHIPBOARD Data Multiplex System.\*  
AD-A039 505

Multiplexing and Filtering of  
Optical Signals.\*

AD-A040 068

Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.\*

AD-A040 481

Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.\*

AD-A040 560

Fiber Optics Design Aid  
Package.\*

AD-A040 772

State of the Art in Fiber Optics  
Communications and Data Transfer.\*

AD-A042 579

Optical Fibers, Integrated  
Optics and Their Military  
Applications, London, England, 16-  
20 May 1977.\*

AD-A045 704

Survey of Current Technology  
Related to Fiber Optics.\*

AD-A052 653

#### FIBER OPTICS

Transfer of Information on Naval  
Vessels via Fiber Optics  
Transmission Lines.\*

AD- 736 613

Development of Optical  
Information Transfer Technology for  
Military Applications.\*

AD- 747 946

Optical Fiber Links for  
Telecommunications. Part One.\*

AD- 754 566

Integrated Optical Circuits.\*

AD- 757 342

Optical Fiber Links for  
Telecommunications. Part Two.\*

AD- 767 544

Wideband Fiberoptic Analog  
Information Link.\*

AD- 867 695

Independent Research and  
Independent Exploratory  
Development.\*

AD- 903 446

Application of Fiber Optic



# UNCLASSIFIED

## OPT-OPT

Technology to Army Aircraft Systems.\*  
AD-800 108

MULTIPLEXING  
Wavelength Division Multiplexing in Light Interface Technology.\*  
AD- 721 085

PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)  
DETERMINATION OF THE ATTENUATION OF OPTICAL GLASS FIBRES.\*  
AD- 713 262

TELEMETERING DATA  
Multichannel Signal Conditioning Unit.\*  
AD- 919 959

TRANSMISSION LINES  
Determination of the Scattering Loss in Optical Glass Fibres.\*  
AD- 720 937

\*OPTICAL DETECTION  
Fiber Optics Communications Link Study.\*  
AD-A018 898

\*OPTICAL DETECTORS  
Optical Fibers, Integrated Optics and Their Military Applications. London, England, 16-20 May 1977.\*  
AD-A045 704

\*OPTICAL EQUIPMENT COMPONENTS  
Connectors for Optical Fiber TDM Cables.\*  
AD-A047 055

\*OPTICAL FILTERS  
Multiplexing and Filtering of Optical Signals.\*  
AD-A047 224

\*OPTICAL GLASS  
Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic Waveguides.\*  
AD- 770 850

Research and Development in

Glass Technology Related to Fiber Optic Waveguides.\*  
AD-A025 660

Optical Couplers for Fiber to Integrated Optics Systems.\*  
AD-A030 184

ATTENUATION  
DETERMINATION OF THE ATTENUATION OF OPTICAL GLASS FIBRES.\*  
AD- 713 262

DENSITY  
Reprint: Equilibrium Compressibilities and Density Fluctuations in K2O-SiO2 Glasses.  
AD- 767 146

LIGHT TRANSMISSION  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 670 079

FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 686 338

FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 693 259

FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 698 489

FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 704 322

Exploratory Development of Improved Optical Fiber Bundles.\*  
AD- 881 276

PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 678 490

ULTRAVIOLET SPECTROSCOPY  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*  
AD- 807 413

\*OPTICAL IMAGES  
Reprint: Three-Dimensional Pictorial Transmission in Optical

fibers.  
AD-A034 616

FIBER OPTICS  
Optical Fiber Image Evaluation Studies.\*  
AD- 869 699

\*OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS  
FLOW VISUALIZATION  
Fiber Optics Particle-Sizing System.\*  
AD- 766 647

\*OPTICAL INTERFEROMETERS  
Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic Detection of Low Frequency Sound.\*  
AD-A059 241

\*OPTICAL MATERIALS  
Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic Waveguides.\*  
AD- 770 850

Radiation Effects on Fiber Optics.\*  
AD-A013 786

An Approach to the Estimation of Life Cycle Costs of a Fiber-Optic Application in Military Aircraft.\*  
AD-A019 379

Diffusion Process for Formation of Single-Mode Waveguide.\*  
AD-A049 558

\*OPTICAL SCANNING  
Thin-Film Acoustooptic Devices with Applications to Integrated/Fiber Optic Signal Processing and Communications.\*  
AD-A052 949

FIBER OPTICS  
Study of facsimile scanning and recording techniques employing fiber optics.  
AD- 423 755

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\*  
AD- 646 856

## OPT-PLA

UNCLASSIFIED

- \*OPTICAL SWITCHING  
Fiber-Optic Switch Study.\*  
AD-A023 034
- \*OPTICAL WAVEGUIDES  
Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic Waveguides.\*  
AD-A001 703  
Growth and Characterization of Optical Waveguides for 10.6 micrometer Light.\*  
AD-A005 635  
Laser-Waveguide Transition  
Coupling Structure Fabrication.\*  
AD-A015 318  
Optical Coupler Development.\*  
AD-A015 319  
Fabrication of Special Waveguide Shapes and Mechanical Properties of Glass Fiber Waveguides.\*  
AD-A016 300  
Mechanical Properties of Glass Fiber Waveguides and Fabrication of Special Waveguide Shapes.\*  
AD-A016 301  
Integrated Optics Components - Fabrication and Testing.\*  
AD-A017 598  
Fabrication of Low-Loss Optical Waveguides by Post Deposition Microstructure Modification.\*  
AD-A022 069  
Fiber Optic Waveguides by Molecular Stuffing.\*  
AD-A022 273  
Fiber-Optic Switch Study.\*  
AD-A023 034  
Research and Development in Glass Technology Related to Fiber Optic waveguides.\*  
AD-A025 660  
Reprint: On Transmission and Recovery of Three-Dimensional Image Information in Optical Waveguides.  
AD-A027 747  
Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate Communication.\*  
AD-A028 043  
Coupling between Rectangular Optical Waveguides.\*  
AD-A034 910
- Theoretical Studies of Fiber Optical Waveguides and Integrated Optical Circuits.\*  
AD-A035 643  
Coupling of Single-Mode Optical Fibers to GaAs Waveguides.\*  
AD-A046 284  
Reprint: Fiber Optic Guides of Noncircular Cross Section.  
AD-A057 776
- \*OPTICS  
Optical Fibers, Integrated Optics and Their Military Applications. London, England, 16-20 May 1977.\*  
AD-A045 704
- INTEGRATED SYSTEMS  
Independent Research and Independent Exploratory Development.\*  
AD- 903 446
- \*OSCILLOSCOPES  
TRIGGER CIRCUITS  
The Use of Fiber Optics for Oscilloscope External Triggering.\*  
AD- 742 677
- \*PERISCOPES  
FIBER OPTICS  
STUDY OF DETERMINE DESIGN CRITERIA FOR A STEREO FIBER OPTIC PERISCOPE FOR AIRCRAFT APPLICATION.\*  
AD- 651 060
- \*PHOSPHORESCENT MATERIALS  
STUDY OF OPTICAL FIBER TECHNIQUES FOR DATA PROCESSING. LASER SWITCHING AND KEN EFFECT FARADAY AND KEN EFFECT EXPERIMENTS. PHOSPHOR AND DETECTOR STUDIES. NEURISTOR LASER ANALYSIS.  
AD- 299 007
- \*PHOTOCHROMISM  
CATHODE RAY TUBES  
DATA DISPLAY STUDY.\*  
AD- 441 373
- \*PHOTODETECTION  
Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic Detection of Low Frequency Sound.\*  
AD-A059 241
- \*PHOTOIDDIDES  
FIBER OPTICS  
Optoelectronic Aspects of Avionic Systems.\*  
AD- 910 760
- \*PHOTOELASTICITY  
Refractive Index Changes in Optical Fibers Subject to Diametral Stress.\*  
AD-A043 035
- DELAY LINES  
Multiple tapped photoelastic delay line.  
AD- 609 579
- \*PHOTOELECTRIC CELLS (SEMICONDUCTOR) FIBER OPTICS  
A FIBER OPTIC SENSING DEVICE.\*  
AD- 424 987
- \*PHOTOGRAPHIC PROJECTORS  
TELEVISION DISPLAY SYSTEMS  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION. VOLUME I. (BASIC AND APPENDICES A, B, AND C).\*  
AD- 673 444  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION. VOLUME II. (APPENDICES D, E, F, G, AND H).\*  
AD- 673 445
- \*PHOTOGRAPHY  
FIBER OPTICS  
Role of fiber optics in photography.  
AD- 612 637
- \*PLASMA MEDIUM PROBES  
Reprint: A transient fiber optics probe for space resolved diagnostics of dense plasmas.  
AD- 650 234

SUBJECT INDEX-16  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

PLO-SEA

- PLOTTERS
  - Feasibility Study of a Fiber Optics Plotter. Volume 1. Technical Aspects.\* AD-A046 843
- PRESSURE GAGES
  - DESIGN
    - Fiber Optic and Laser Digital Pressure Transducers.\* AD- 767 653
- PROBES
  - PLASMA MEDIUM
    - Reprint: A transient fiber optics probe for space resolved diagnostics of dense plasmas. AD- 650 234
  - PROBES (ELECTROMAGNETIC) FIBER OPTICS
    - Reprint: Optical probe techniques using fiber optics light guides. AD- 611 944
  - RADAR CROSS SECTIONS DETECTION
    - Reprint: Revue technique Thomson-CSF. Volume 1, numero 3. AD- 700 891
  - RADIATION DAMAGE
    - Preliminary Investigation of Mechanical Responses of Fiber Optics to Nuclear Radiation.\* AD-A041 264
    - The Effects of Fast and Thermal Neutron Flux and Gamma Radiation on the Transmission Characteristics of Optical Fibers.\* AD-A042 429
  - RADIATION EFFECTS
    - Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic Waveguides.\* AD- 770 850
    - Reprint: Effect of Neutron- and Gamma-Radiation on Glass Optical Waveguides. AD- 775 502
- Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic Waveguides.\* AD-A001 703
  - Radiation Effects on Fiber Optics.\* AD-A013 786
- RADIO LINKS
  - Feasibility of a Fiber-Optic Communications Link between a Submarine and a Towed Buoy.\* AD-A058 359
- RADIO TRANSMISSION
  - TROPOSPHERE
    - FOREIGN SCIENCE BULLETIN, VOL. 3, NO. 4, 1967.\* AD- 652 210
- RECONNAISSANCE SATELLITES TELEVISION CAMERAS
  - MODEL 11 IMAGE DISSECTOR CAMERA SYSTEM.\* AD- 684 795
- RECORDING SYSTEMS
  - Feasibility Study of a Fiber Optics Plotter. Volume 1. Technical Aspects.\* AD-A046 843
- REFRACTIVE INDEX
  - Refractive Index Changes in Optical Fibers Subject to Diametral Stress.\* AD-A043 035
- REMOTELY PILOTED VEHICLES
  - Development of an Optical Fiber Video Data Link.\* AD-A025 220
- REVIEWS
  - Fiber Optics for Naval Applications: An Assessment of Present and Near-Term Capabilities.\* AD-A032 465
- SAPPHIRE
  - Sapphire Fiber Transmission at
- Temperatures up to 1000 F.\* AD-A022 373
  - SCANNING FIBER OPTICS
    - Continuous facsimile scanner employing fiber optics. AD- 615 526
    - Continuous facsimile scanner employing fiber optics. AD- 623 204
    - Continuous facsimile scanner employing fiber optics. AD- 624 696
    - CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\* AD- 642 675
    - CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\* AD- 643 074
    - CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\* AD- 643 075
    - CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\* AD- 644 963
    - CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.\* AD- 649 185
  - SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH REVIEWS
    - FOREIGN SCIENCE BULLETIN, VOL. 3, NO. 4, 1967.\* AD- 652 210
  - SEALS
    - Fiber Optic Seals: Improved Seal Assemblies and Inspection Equipment for Field Use in International Safeguards and Arms Control Applications.\* AD- 785 540
    - Fiber Optic Seals: Glass and Plastic Fiber Optic Safing Systems for International Safeguards and Arms Control Applications.\* AD-A019 898
- FIBER OPTICS
  - Fiber Optic Seals: A Portable

SUBJECT INDEX-17  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07



- System for Field Use in International Safeguards and Arms Control Applications.\*  
AD- 732 851
- \*SEALS(STOPPERS)  
Fiber Optic Safeguards Sealing System.\*  
AD-A052 312
- \*SEMICONDUCTING FILMS  
ULTRASONIC RADIATION  
Reprint: Revue technique thomson-CSF. Volume 1, numero 3.  
AD- 700 891
- \*SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES  
Liquid Phase Epitaxy of GaAsSb on InP Substrates.\*  
AD-A052 291
- \*SEMICONDUCTOR DIODES  
Fiber-Optic-Coupled LOC Injection-Laser Array for 8500 Angstroms Room-Temperature Emission.\*  
AD-A042 490
- \*SEMICONDUCTOR LASERS  
Laser-Waveguide Transition Coupling Structure Fabrication.\*  
AD-A015 318  
Optical Coupler Development.\*  
AD-A015 319  
Fiber-Optic-Coupled LOC Injection-Laser Array for 8500 Angstroms Room-Temperature Emission.\*  
AD-A042 490  
Optical Fibres, Integrated Optics and Their Military Applications.\*  
AD-A050 748
- \*SIGNAL PROCESSING  
Fiber Optics and Integrated Optics Techniques for Signal Processing.\*  
AD-A035 867  
A-7 Airborne Light Optical Fiber Technology (ALOFT) Demonstration
- Project.\*  
AD-A038 455  
Thin-Film Acoustooptic Devices with Applications to Integrated/Fiber Optic Signal Processing and Communications.\*  
AD-A052 949
- \*SONAR ARRAYS  
Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic Detection of Low Frequency Sound.\*  
AD-A059 241
- DATA PROCESSING  
Signal Processing by Fiber Optical Modeling of an Acoustic Array.\*  
AD- 876 995
- \*SONOBUOYS  
Fiber Optic Sonobuoy Cable Development FY76. Electro-Optical Components for Data Transfer between Deep Submerged Acoustic Sensors and Surface Buoys.\*  
AD-A046 171
- \*SPACE SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS  
A Star Scene Simulator for Test and Evaluation of Imaging Systems Used in Point- Source Detection.\*  
AD-A048 201
- \*SPACECRAFT CABINS  
CONTROLLED ATMOSPHERES  
FOREIGN SCIENCE BULLETIN, VOL. 3, NO. 4, 1967.\*  
AD- 652 210
- \*SPECIAL FUNCTIONS(MATHEMATICAL)  
The Parabolic Cylinder Functions of Miller's Second Kind for Complex Parameter.\*  
AD-A025 314
- \*STRENGTH(MECHANICS)  
Optimization of Optical Waveguides Strength Studies.\*  
AD- 777 118
- \*STRESS ANALYSIS  
Refractive Index Changes in Optical Fibers Subject to Diametral Stress.\*  
AD-A043 035
- \*SURFACE FINISHING  
Fabrication Techniques for Fiber Optic Fine Control Elements.\*  
AD-A021 885
- \*SWITCHING CIRCUITS  
Multiplexing and Filtering of Optical Signals.\*  
AD-A047 224
- \*SYNTHETIC FIBERS  
PERMEABILITY  
Measuring the Permeability of Fibers Made from Artificial Matter-translation.  
AD- 824 045
- \*TELECOMMUNICATION  
Colloquium on Optical Fiber Cable, Institution of Electrical Engineers (U.K.).\*  
AD-A043 637
- \*TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT  
AN/TTC-38 Fiber-Optic Verification Study.\*  
AD-A058 236
- \*TELEVISION CAMERAS  
FIBER OPTICS  
MODEL II IMAGE DISSECTOR CAMERA SYSTEM.\*  
AD- 684 795
- \*TELEVISION DISPLAY SYSTEMS  
PHOTOGRAPHIC PROJECTORS  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION. VOLUME I. (BASIC AND APPENDICES A, B, AND C).\*  
AD- 673 444  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION. VOLUME II. (APPENDICES D, E, F, G, AND H).\*  
AD- 673 445

UNCLASSIFIED

TEL-WAV

- \*TELEVISION EQUIPMENT
  - TELEVISION CAMERAS
    - Wide angle television system capable of viewing and projecting a scene 160 degrees wide by 90 degrees high. AD- 621 711
    - Wide-angle television system capable of viewing and projecting a scene 160 degrees wide by 90 degrees high. AD- 623 815
  - \*TEMPERATURE MEASURING INSTRUMENTS
    - Liquid Crystal FiberOptic Temperature Probe..\* AD-A014 655
  - \*TEMPERATURE SENSITIVE ELEMENTS
    - FIBER OPTICS
      - PHOTOELECTRIC PLETHYSMOGRAPHY USING FIBER OPTICS FOR APPLICATION IN THERMAL PHYSIOLOGY.\* AD- 637 173
  - \*TIME DIVISION MULTIPLEXING
    - Multiplexing and Filtering of Optical Signals.\* AD-A040 068
  - \*TIMING DEVICES
    - FIBER OPTICS
      - Reprint: Optical probe techniques using fiber optics light guides. AD- 611 944
  - \*TOWED ARRAYS
    - Fiber Optic Towed Array.\* AD-A002 249
  - \*TOWED BOOIES
    - Feasibility of a Fiber-Optic Communications Link between a Submarine and a Towed Buoy.\* AD-A058 359
  - \*TOWING CABLES
    - Fiber-Optic Undersea Tow Cable Optical and Environmental Tests.\* AD-A040 024
- \*TRAINING DEVICES
  - TELEVISION DISPLAY SYSTEMS
    - WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION. VOLUME I. (BASIC AND APPENDICES A, B, AND C).\* AD- 673 444
    - WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION. VOLUME II. (APPENDICES D, E, F, G, AND H).\* AD- 673 445
  - \*TRANSIENT RADIATION EFFECTS
    - Fiber Optic Communications Link Performance in EMP and Intense Light Transient Environments.\* AD-A032 126
  - \*ULTRAVIOLET DETECTORS
    - FIRE ALARM SYSTEMS
      - ULTRAVIOLET FIBER OPTICS FOR FIRE AND EXPLOSION DETECTION.\* AD- 809 848
  - \*ULTRAVIOLET OPTICAL MATERIALS
    - FIBER OPTICS
      - FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\* AD- 670 079
      - FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*
        - FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\* AD- 686 338
        - FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\* AD- 693 259
        - FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\* AD- 698 489
        - FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\* AD- 704 322
      - Fiber Optics with Extended Ultraviolet Transmission.\* AD- 736 514
  - \*ULTRAVIOLET SPECTROSCOPY
    - OPTICAL GLASS
      - FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.\*
- AD- 807 413
  - \*WARNING SYSTEMS
    - FIBER OPTICS
      - FIBER OPTICS HAZARD IDENTIFICATION DEVICE.\* AD- 697 036
  - \*WAVEGUIDE COUPLERS
    - Laser-Waveguide Transition Coupling Structure Fabrication.\* AD-A015 318
    - Optical Coupler Development.\* AD-A015 319
    - The Parabolic Cylinder Functions of Miller's Second Kind for Complex Parameter.\* AD-A025 314
    - Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate Communication.\* AD-A028 043
    - Coupling between Rectangular Optical Waveguides.\* AD-A034 910
    - Coupling of Single-Mode Optical Fibers to GaAs Waveguides.\* AD-A046 284
  - \*WAVEGUIDES
    - Waveguide Techniques for Integrated Optics.\* AD- 777 029
    - Fabrication of Linear Waveguides and Horn Shaped Coupling Structures.\* AD-A016 633
  - FIBER OPTICS
    - CYLINDRICAL DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDE MODES.\* AD- 674 600
  - SEMICONDUCTING FILMS
    - Integrated Optical Circuits.\* AD- 757 342

SUBJECT INDEX-19  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

## TITLE INDEX

12" DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE. AD- 620 729	GALVANIC MODIFYING INPUTS. AD- 690 517	AD-A047 055
12" DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE. AD- 620 730	ALOFT Fiber Optic Component Tests. AD-A024 302	CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 613 302
12 IN. DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE. FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE. AD- 824 489	ALOFT Flight Test Report. AD-8025 099	CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 615 526
12 INCH DIAMETER CATHODE RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE. AD- 614 448	AN/TTC-38 Fiber-Optic Verification Study. AD-A058 236	CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 623 204
12 INCH DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE. AD- 636 807	Application of Fiber Optic Technology to Army Aircraft Systems. AD-B000 108	CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 624 696
300 Meter Sonobuoy Cable 500 Meter Tow Cable. AD-A035 107	An Approach to the Estimation of Life Cycle Costs of a Fiber-Optic Application in Military Aircraft. AD-A019 379	CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 642 675
A-7 Airborne Light Optical Fiber Technology (ALOFT) Demonstration Project. AD-A038 455	The CCS-280 Optical-Fiber Link Task. AD-A035 435	CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 643 074
The A-7 ALOFT Cost Model: A Study of High Technology Cost Estimating. AD-A021 913	CERTAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF A FIBER OPTICS LASER. AD- 684 670	CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 643 075
A-7 Aloft Demonstration. Master Test Plan. AD-A013 193	CHARACTERISTICS OF RADIATION PROPAGATION THROUGH A FIBER-OPTIC ELEMENT. AD- 694 581	CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 644 963
A-7 ALOFT Economic Analysis Development Concept. AD-A013 221	Colloquium on Optical Fiber Cable. Institution of Electrical Engineers (U.K.). AD-A043 637	CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 646 856
A-7 ALOFT Life-Cycle Cost and Measures of Effectiveness Models. AD-A026 206	Components for Single Strand Multimode Fiber Systems. AD-A047 315	CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 649 185
Acoustically Induced Phase and Intensity Modulation in Optical Fibers. AD-A058 594	Connectors for Fiber Optics Cable Systems. AD-A019 828	CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS. AD- 691 753
ADAPTIVE LOGIC ELEMENTS USING NON-	Connectors for Optical Fiber TDM Cables.	Coupling between Rectangular Optical Waveguides. AD-A034 910
		Coupling of Single-Mode Optical



- Fibers to GaAs Waveguides.  
AD-A046 284
- The Current State and Future of Optical Information Transmission.  
AD-A039 073
- CYLINDRICAL DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDE MODES.  
AD- 674 600
- DATA DISPLAY STUDY.  
AD- 441 373
- Design and Evaluation of Couplers for a Multimode Single Fiber Optical Data Bus.  
AD-A047 773
- Design Curves for Optical Waveguide Digital Communication Systems.  
AD-A003 994
- DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE MINIATURE. FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE CATHODE RAY TUBES.  
AD- 420 252
- DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE MINIATURE. FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE CATHODE RAY TUBES.  
AD- 428 822
- THE DESIGN, DEVELOPMENT, AND FABRICATION OF A MINIATURE FIBEROPTIC FACEPLATE CATHODERAY TUBE FOR USE IN MICRO-DISPLAY.  
AD- 622 509
- Design, Development, and Fabrication of an Eight Inch Remote View Display Cathode Ray Tube.  
AD- 729 399
- DETERMINATION OF THE ATTENUATION OF OPTICAL GLASS FIBRES.  
AD- 713 262
- Determination of the Scattering Loss in Optical Glass Fibres.  
AD- 720 937
- Development of a Low Loss Optical Fiber with a Parabolic Profile.  
AD-A049 168
- Development of an Image Isocon with Fiber Optics Faceplate.  
AD- 843 963
- Development of an Optical Fiber Video Data Link.  
AD-A025 220
- Development of Optical Information Transfer Technology for Military Applications.  
AD- 747 946
- DIFFRACTION AND COHERENCE PHENOMENA IN OPTICAL WAVEGUIDES.  
AD- 705 250
- DIFFRACTION BY FIBER MOSAICS.  
AD- 655 751
- Diffusion Process for Formation of Single-Mode Waveguide.  
AD-A049 558
- Direct Transmission of Pictorial Information in Multimode Optical Fibers.  
AD-A027 937
- DoD/Industry-Wide Integrated Optics and Fiber Optics Communications Conference, 15-17 May 1974.  
AD-A022 593
- Effect of Neutron- and Gamma-Radiation on Glass Optical Waveguides.  
AD- 775 502
- The Effects of Contaminants on Fiber Optic Connector Radiation Patterns.  
AD- 783 691
- The Effects of Fast and Thermal Neutron Flux and Gamma Radiation on the Transmission Characteristics of
- Optical Fibers.  
AD-A042 429
- Eight-Terminal, Bidirectional, Fiber Optic Trunk Data Bus.  
AD-A019 429
- Equilibrium Compressibilities and Density Fluctuations in K2O-SiO2 Glasses.  
AD- 767 146
- Evaluation of Multipoint Fiber-Optic Bundle Couplers.  
AD-A049 268
- Excitation of an Optical Fiber by a Gaussian Beam.  
AD-A004 019
- An Experimental Analysis of New Ultraviolet Emitting Fiber Optic Faceplate Cathode Ray Tubes.  
AD- 755 509
- EXPERIMENTAL CATHODE RAY TUBES WITH FIBER OPTIC INSERTS IN FACEPLATE  
AD- 400 246
- Experimentation and Design for a Computer to Computer Fiber Optic Data Link.  
AD-A020 078
- Exploratory Development of Improved Optical Fiber Bundles.  
AD- 881 276
- Fabrication of Linear Waveguides and Horn Shaped Coupling Structures.  
AD-A016 633
- Fabrication of Low-Loss Optical Waveguides by Post Deposition Microstructure Modification.  
AD-A022 069
- Fabrication of Special Waveguide Shapes and Mechanical Properties of Glass Fiber Waveguides.

UNCLASSIFIED

F-F

AD-A016 300	Fiber Optic Communications Link Performance in EMP and Intense Light Transient Environments. AD-A032 126	AD- 424 987	Fiber Optic Sonobuoy Cable Development Fv76. Electro-Optical Components for Data Transfer between Deep Submerged Acoustic Sensors and Surface Buoys. AD-A046 171
Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic Detection of Low Frequency Sound. AD-A040 382	Fiber-Optic-Coupled LDC Injection-Laser Array for 8500 Angstroms Room-Temperature Emission. AD-A042 490		Fiber-Optic Switch Study. AD-A023 034
Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic Detection of Low Frequency Sound. AD-A059 241	Fiber-Optic Data Bus. AD- 782 661		Fiber Optic Towed Array. AD-A002 249
Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic Digital Status Monitoring Devices. AD-A059 016	FIBER-OPTIC DIGITAL POSITION DETECTOR, AD- 654 651		Fiber-Optic Undersea Tow Cable Optical and Environmental Tests. AD-A040 024
Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optics as Applied to the SOSTEL (Solid State Electric Logic) Data Handling System. AD- 783 918	Fiber Optic Guides of Noncircular Cross Section, AD-A057 776		Fiber Optic Waveguides by Molecular Stuffing. AD-A022 273
Feasibility of a Fiber-Optic Communications Link between a Submarine and a Towed Buoy. AD-A058 359	FIBER OPTIC LASER. AD- 605 431		Fiber Optics and Integrated Optics Techniques for Signal Processing. AD-A035 867
FEASIBILITY OF APPLYING FIBER OPTICS IN LINEAR MEASUREMENTS BY TELEVISION METHODS. AD- 698 080	Fiber Optic Led. AD-A010 356		Fiber Optics and Related Technology. AD- 917 450
Feasibility Study of a Fiber Optics Plotter. Volume I. Technical Aspects. AD-A046 843	Fiber Optic Safeguards Sealing System. AD-A052 312		FIBER OPTICS AND THE LASER. AD- 627 456
Fiber Optic and Laser Digital Pressure Transducers. AD- 767 653	Fiber Optic Seals: A Portable System for Field Use in International Safeguards and Arms Control Applications, AD- 732 851		Fiber Optics Applications in the SHIPBOARD Data Multiplex System. AD-A039 505
Fiber Optic Cable Hardware Test. AD- 774 714	Fiber Optic Seals: Glass and Plastic Fiber Optic Safing Systems for International Safeguards and Arms Control Applications. AD-A019 898		Fiber Optics Communications Link Study. AD-A018 898
Fiber Optic Cable Test. AD- 767 017	Fiber Optic Seals: Improved Seal Assemblies and Inspection Equipment for Field Use in International Safeguards and Arms Control Applications. AD- 785 540		Fiber Optics Cost Analysis Program (FOCAP). AD-A049 859
	A FIBER OPTIC SENSING DEVICE.		Fiber Optics Data Bus System (Presents Current State of the Art in the Suitability of Fiber Optics for Multiterminal Data Communications).

UNCLASSIFIED

AD-A002 222	AD- 698 489	Avionic System Architectures. AD-A057 878
Fiber Optics Design Aid Package. AD-A040 772	FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. AD- 704 322	AN IMPROVED TECHNIQUE FOR OBTAINING CORTICAL PHOTOELECTRIC PLETHYSMOGRAMS. AD- 650 421
Fiber-Optics Dosimeter for Civil Defense. AD-A047 853	Fiber Optics with Extended Ultraviolet Transmission. AD- 736 514	Independent Research and Independent Exploratory Development. AD- 903 446
Fiber Optics for Naval Applications: An Assessment of Present and Near-Term Capabilities. AD-A032 465	FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRA-VIOLET TRANSMISSION. AD- 673 446	INFRARED FIBER OPTICS INVESTIGATION. AD- 425 416
Fiber Optics for Optical Electron Tubes. AD- 861 175	FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. AD- 708 579	INFRARED FIBER OPTICS INVESTIGATION. AD- 425 492
FIBER OPTICS HAZARD IDENTIFICATION DEVICE. AD- 697 036	FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. AD- 800 818	INFRARED FIBER OPTICS INVESTIGATIONS. AD- 601 572
FIBER OPTICS IMAGE DEVICE. AD- 606 636	FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. AD- 807 413	Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications. AD-A038 678
Fiber Optics in Electron-Optical Systems. AD- 717 838	Fiber Strength. AD-A017 720	Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications. AD-A040 481
Fiber Optics Particle-Sizing System. AD- 766 647	Fiberoptic Bronchoscopy in Acute Inhalation Injury. AD-A016 541	Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications. AD-A051 792
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. AD- 670 079	FOREIGN SCIENCE BULLETIN, VOL. 3, NO. 4, 1967. AD- 652 210	Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate Communication. AD-A028 043
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. AD- 678 490	Growth and Characterization of Optical Waveguides for 10.6 micrometer Light. AD-A005 635	Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate Communication. AD-A033 415
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. AD- 686 338	Guided Waves Along Non-Circular Fibers. AD- 734 015	Injection Laser for High Data Rate Communications. AD-A039 992
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION. AD- 693 259	High-Speed Light-Emitting Diodes. AD-A018 757	Integrated Optical Circuits. AD- 757 342
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.	The Impact of Wideband Multiplex Concepts on Microprocessor-Based	

TITLE INDEX-4  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07



UNCLASSIFIED

I-O

Integrated Optics Components - Fabrication and Testing. AD-A017 598	LONG WAVELENGTH INFRARED FIBER OPTICS. AD- 609 842	LINE. AD- 609 579
Interim Progress Summary and Description of A-7 Aloft System. AD-A021 257	LONG WAVELENGTH INFRARED FIBER OPTICS. AD- 612 902	Multiplexing and Filtering of Optical Signals. AD-A040 068
LARGE-ANGLE DEFLECTION TECHNIQUE FOR LASER DISPLAY. AD- 624 099	Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable Assemblies for Local Distribution Systems. AD-A022 651	Multiplexing and Filtering of Optical Signals. AD-A047 224
Laser-Waveguide Transition Coupling Structure Fabrication. AD-A015 318	Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable Assemblies for Local Distribution Systems. AD-A040 717	New Developments in Fiber Optics. AD- 866 951
Life Cycle Costing of an Emerging Technology: The Fiber Optics Case. AD-A031 839	Manufacturing Technology for Fiber Optic Bundle Cabling. AD-A058 954	NON-CONDUCTIVE MONITORING OF MISSILE COMPONENTS AND SYSTEMS. AD- 428 986
Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications. AD-A040 660	MEASURING THE PERMEABILITY OF FIBERS MADE FROM ARTIFICIAL MATTER (MERENI PROPUSTNOSTI VLAKEN Z UMELYCH HMOT). AD- 824 045	OBSERVED DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDE MODES IN THE VISIBLE SPECTRUM, AD- 673 366
Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber Optic Communications. AD-A053 657	Mechanical Properties of Glass Fiber Waveguides and Fabrication of Special Waveguide Shapes. AD-A016 301	On Transmission and Recovery of Three-Dimensional Image Information in Optical Waveguides, AD-A027 747
Light Interface Technology Improvement Investigation. AD- 733 076	A METHOD FOR THE FAST MEASUREMENT OF THE PERMEABILITY OF GLASS FIBERS. AD- 830 356	Optical Cable Communications Study. AD-A016 846
LIGHT TRANSMITTING CABLES. AD- 637 064	MODEL II IMAGE DISSECTOR CAMERA SYSTEM. AD- 684 795	Optical Coupler Development. AD-A015 319
Liquid Crystal Fiberoptic Temperature Probe. AD-A014 655	Modularized Fiber-Optic-Coupled Laser Arrays. AD- 903 811	Optical Couplers for Fiber to Integrated Optics Systems. AD-A030 184
Liquid Phase Epitaxy of GaAsSb on InP Substrates. AD-A052 291	Multichannel Signal Conditioning Unit. AD- 919 959	Optical Fiber Coupling and Strength Tests. AD-A023 491
LONG WAVELENGTH INFRARED FIBER OPTICS. AD- 607 323	MULTIPLE TAPPED PHOTOELASTIC DELAY	Optical Fiber Image Evaluation Studies. AD- 869 699
		Optical Fiber Links for Telecommunications. Part One, AD- 754 566
		Optical Fiber Links for Telecommunications. Part Two.

TITLE INDEX-5  
UNCLASSIFIED 20M07

Q-stu

UNCLASSIFIED

- AD- 767 544  
Optical Fibers, Integrated Optics and Their Military Applications, London, England, 16-20 May 1977.  
AD-A045 704
- Optical Fibres, Integrated Optics and Their Military Applications.  
AD-A050 748
- OPTICAL PROBE TECHNIQUES.  
AD- 611 944
- Optical Properties of Single Mode Rectangular Fibers.  
AD-A052 290
- Optimization of Optical Waveguides-- Electro-Optic Studies.  
AD- 774 733
- Optimization of Optical Waveguides Strength Studies.  
AD- 777 118
- Optobundle - A Unique Fiber Optic Multilayer.  
AD-A044 599
- Optoelectronic Aspects of Avionic Systems.  
AD- 910 760
- Optoelectronic Data Bus.  
AD- 914 009
- Out of Line of Sight Missile Link.  
AD-A024 569
- The Parabolic Cylinder Functions of Miller's Second Kind for Complex Parameter.  
AD-A025 314
- Peri-Apollar 360 Degree Lens Distortion Free Linear Mapping.  
AD-A036 150
- PHOTOELECTRIC PLETHYSMOGRAPHY USING FIBER OPTICS FOR APPLICATION IN
- THERMAL PHYSIOLOGY.  
AD- 637 173
- Potential Uses of Fiber Optics in Army Fixed Facilities.  
AD-A057 956
- Preliminary Investigation of Mechanical Responses of Fiber Optics to Nuclear Radiation.  
AD-A041 264
- Program Management Plan. A-7 Aloft.  
AD-A012 546
- PROGRAM TO DEVELOP A 12 INCH DIAMETER FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE CATHODE RAY TUBE.  
AD- 609 967
- Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic Waveguides.  
AD- 770 850
- Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic Waveguides.  
AD-A001 703
- Radiation Effects on Fiber Optics.  
AD-A013 786
- Refractive Index Changes in Optical Fibers Subject to Diametral Stress.  
AD-A043 035
- Research and Development in Glass Technology Related to Fiber Optic Waveguides.  
AD-A025 660
- Research and Development on Ultra-Light-Weight Low-Loss Optical Fiber Communication Cable.  
AD-A015 017
- Research and Development on Ultra-Lightweight Low-Loss Optical Fiber Communication Cable.  
AD- 922 892
- Results of A-7 Aloft 'Bottoms Up' Model and Weight Sensitivity Analysis.  
AD-A033 767
- REVUE TECHNIQUE THOMSON-CSF. VOLUME 1, NUMERO 3.  
AD- 700 891
- ROLE OF FIBER OPTICS IN PHOTOGRAPHY.  
AD- 612 637
- Sapphire Fiber Transmission at Temperatures up to 1000 F.  
AD-A022 373
- Signal Processing by Fiber Optical Modeling of an Acoustic Array.  
AD- 876 995
- Simulated Lightning Test on the Navy Airborne Light Optical Fiber Technology (ALOFT) A-7 Aircraft.  
AD-A046 370
- A Star Scene Simulator for Test and Evaluation of Imaging Systems Used in Point- Source Detection.  
AD-A048 201
- State of the Art in Fiber Optics Communications and Data Transfer.  
AD-A042 579
- STUDY OF DETERMINE DESIGN CRITERIA FOR A STEREO FIBER OPTIC PERISCOPE FOR AIRCRAFT APPLICATION.  
AD- 651 060
- STUDY OF FACSIMILE SCANNING AND RECORDING TECHNIQUES EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 409 312
- STUDY OF FACSIMILE SCANNING AND RECORDING TECHNIQUES EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 423 755
- STUDY OF FACSIMILE SCANNING AND

TITLE INDEX-6  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

STU-A

RECORDING TECHNIQUES EMPLOYING  
FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 434 382

STUDY OF OPTICAL FIBER TECHNIQUES  
FOR DATA PROCESSING  
AD- 299 007

Survey of Current Technology  
Related to Fiber Optics.  
AD-A052 653

Theoretical Studies of Fiber  
Optical Waveguides and Integrated  
Optical Circuits.  
AD-A035 643

A Theoretical Study of  
Fiber Optics for Avionic  
Applications.  
AD-A019 659

THERMALLY INDUCED BEAT PHENOMENON  
IN COUPLED OPTICAL WAVEGUIDES.  
AD- 705 886

Thin-Film Acoustooptic Devices with  
Applications to Integrated/Fiber  
Optic Signal Processing and  
Communications.  
AD-A052 939

Three-Dimensional Pictorial  
Transmission in Optical Fibers.  
AD-A034 615

Topics in Optical Materials and  
Device Research.  
AD-A055 432

Transfer of Information on Naval  
Vessels via Fiber Optics  
Transmission Lines.  
AD- 736 613

A TRANSIENT FIBER OPTICS PROBE FOR  
SPACE RESOLVED DIAGNOSTICS OF DENSE  
PLASMAS.  
AD- 650 234

ULTRAVIOLET FIBER OPTICS FOR FIRE

AND EXPLOSION DETECTION.  
AD- 809 848

The Use of Fiber Optics for  
Oscilloscope External Triggering.  
AD- 742 677

A Video Bandwidth Communications  
System Utilizing Optical Fiber  
Transmission.  
AD- 775 013

WAVE PROPAGATION ALONG HOLLOW  
DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDES.  
AD- 705 885

Waveguide Techniques for Integrated  
Optics.  
AD- 777 029

Wavelength Division Multiplexing in  
Light Interface Technology.  
AD- 721 085

WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION.  
VOLUME I.  
AD- 621 711

WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION.  
VOLUME I. (BASIC AND APPENDICES A,  
B, AND C).  
AD- 673 444

WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION.  
VOLUME II, APPENDICES B AND C  
(SCHEMATICS).  
AD- 623 815

WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION.  
VOLUME II. (APPENDICES D, E, F, G,  
AND H).  
AD- 673 445

Wide Band Analog Signal Propagation  
in a Fiber Optic System.  
AD- 775 017

Wideband Fiberoptic Analog  
Information Link.  
AD- 867 695

A Wideband RF Application of Fiber  
Optics.  
AD- 781 867

TITLE INDEX-7  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07



UNCLASSIFIED

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX

- \*ACHUTARAMAYYA, G. \* \* \*  
Mechanical Properties of Glass  
Fiber Waveguides and Fabrication of  
Special Waveguide Shapes.  
AD-A016 301
- \* \* \*  
Fiber Strength.  
AD-A017 720
- \*ACHUTATAMAYYA, G. \* \* \*  
Fabrication of Special Waveguide  
Shapes and Mechanical Properties of  
Glass Fiber Waveguides.  
AD-A016 300
- \*ADAIR, ROB \* \* \*  
Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.  
AD-A051 792
- \*AGEE, ROBERT N. \* \* \*  
Fiberoptic Bronchoscopy in Acute  
Inhalation Injury.  
AD-A016 541
- \*ALBARES, D. J. \* \* \*  
Integrated Optics Components -  
Fabrication and Testing.  
AD-A017 598
- \*ALBARES, DONALD \* \* \*  
Fiber Optic Towed Array.  
AD-A002 249
- \*ALI, M. A. \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 670 079
- \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 678 490
- \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED
- ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 686 338
- \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 693 259
- \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 698 489
- \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 704 322
- \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics with Extended  
Ultraviolet Transmission.  
AD- 736 514
- \*ALTHOUSE, EDWIN L. \* \* \*  
Feasibility of a Fiber-Optic  
Communications Link between a  
Submarine and a Towed Buoy.  
AD-A058 359
- \*ALTMAN, D. E. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics Applications in the  
SHIPBOARD Data Multiplex System.  
AD-A039 505
- \* \* \*  
Evaluation of Multipoint Fiber-Optic  
Bundle Couplers.  
AD-A049 268
- \*ALTMAN, DANIEL E. \* \* \*  
Eight-Terminal, Bidirectional,  
Fiber Optic Trunk Data Bus.  
AD-A019 429
- \*ANDERSON, NORMAN R. \* \* \*  
Connectors for Fiber Optics Cable  
Systems.  
AD-A019 828
- \*ANDREWS, R. A. \* \* \*  
Development of Optical Information
- Transfer Technology for Military  
Applications.  
AD- 747 946
- \*ASAM, A. R. \* \* \*  
Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable  
Assemblies for Local Distribution  
Systems.  
AD-A022 651
- \*AVICOLA, K. \* \* \*  
Wideband Fiberoptic Analog  
Information Link.  
AD- 867 695
- \*BANDES, DEAN \* \* \*  
Topics in Optical Materials and  
Device Research.  
AD-A055 432
- \*BARNETT, GUY \* \* \*  
DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE  
MINIATURE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE  
CATHODE RAY TUBES.  
AD- 428 822
- \*BARNOSKI, M. \* \* \*  
Components for Single Strand  
Multimode Fiber Systems.  
AD-A047 315
- \*BARRETT, THEODORE B. \* \* \*  
Topics in Optical Materials and  
Device Research.  
AD-A055 432
- \*BARTOLINI, R. A. \* \* \*  
Fiber-Optic Switch Study.  
AD-A023 034
- \*BENDOW, BERNARD \* \* \*  
Refractive Index Changes in Optical  
Fibers Subject to Diametral Stress.

# UNCLASSIFIED

## BEN-CAR

- AD-A043 035  
\*BENTLEY, H. T. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics Particle-Sizing  
System.  
AD- 766 647  
\*BEREZHIINSKII, L. I. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics in Electron-Optical  
Systems.  
AD- 717 838  
\*BETZ, H. T. \* \* \*  
STUDY OF DETERMINE DESIGN CRITERIA  
FOR A STEREO FIBER OPTIC PERISCOPE  
FOR AIRCRAFT APPLICATION.  
AD- 651 060  
\*BHUTA, P. G. \* \* \*  
Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber  
Optic Detection of Low Frequency  
Sound.  
AD-A040 382  
\*BHUTA, PRAVIN G. \* \* \*  
Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber  
Optic Detection of Low Frequency  
Sound.  
AD-A059 241  
\*BIARD, JAMES R. \* \* \*  
Optoelectronic Aspects of Avionic  
Systems.  
AD- 910 760  
\* \* \*  
Optoelectronic Data Bus.  
AD- 914 009  
\*BUJELLAND, H. L. \* \* \*  
DATA DISPLAY STUDY.  
AD- 441 373  
\*BLAIR, R. H. \* \* \*
- NON-CONDUCTIVE MONITORING OF  
MISSILE COMPONENTS AND SYSTEMS,  
AD- 428 986  
\*BLOCKSOM, ROLAND DALY, JR \* \* \*  
Experimentation and Design for a  
Computer to Computer Fiber Optic  
Data Link.  
AD-A020 078  
\*BLOEM, HAROLD H. \* \* \*  
Light Interface Technology  
Improvement Investigation.  
AD- 733 076  
\*BOTH, W. \* \* \*  
The Current State and Future of  
Optical Information Transmission.  
AD-A039 073  
\*BRATSCHUN, W. R. \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 686 338  
\*BREMINGTON, HUBERT H. \* \* \*  
AN IMPROVED TECHNIQUE FOR OBTAINING  
CORTICAL PHOTOELECTRIC  
PLETHYSMOGRAMS,  
AD- 650 421  
\*BRUCE, J. W. \* \* \*  
AN/TTC-38 Fiber-Optic Verification  
Study.  
AD-A058 236  
\*BRULE, JOHN J. \* \* \*  
Topics in Optical Materials and  
Device Research.  
AD-A055 432  
\*BRYANT, JOHN F. \* \* \*  
Radiation Effects on Fiber Optics.
- AD-A013 796  
\*BUCHANAN, G. L. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics Communications Link  
Study.  
AD-A018 898  
\*BURKE, JAMES J. \* \* \*  
Optical Fiber Links for  
Telecommunications. Part One,  
AD- 754 566  
\*CABAK, I. \* \* \*  
MEASURING THE PERMEABILITY OF  
FIBERS MADE FROM ARTIFICIAL MATTER  
(MERENI PROPUSNOSTI VLAKEN Z  
UMELYCH HMOT).  
AD- 824 045  
\* \* \*  
A METHOD FOR THE FAST MEASUREMENT  
OF THE PERMEABILITY OF GLASS  
FIBERS.  
AD- 830 356  
\*CALDWELL, C. E. \* \* \*  
Multichannel Signal Conditioning  
Unit.  
AD- 919 959  
\*CAPELLARO, D. F. \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS IMAGE DEVICE.  
AD- 606 636  
\*CARDONE, E. F. \* \* \*  
Acoustically Induced Phase and  
Intensity Modulation in Optical  
Fibers.  
AD-A058 694  
\*CARR, DAVID L. \* \* \*  
Modularized Fiber-Optic-Coupled  
Laser Arrays.  
AD- 903 811 \* \* \*

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-2  
UNCLASSIFIED  
ZOM07

## UNCLASSIFIED

## CAS-CUL

- Fiber-Optic-Coupled LOC Injection-Laser Array for 8500 Angstroms Room-Temperature Emission.  
AD-A042 490
- \*CASPER, P. W. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics Communications Link Study.  
AD-A018 898
- \*CASSIDY, J. E. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics Cost Analysis Program (FOCAP).  
AD-A049 859
- \*CATON, W. M. \* \* \*  
Waveguide Techniques for Integrated Optics.  
AD-777 029
- Fiber Optics Data Bus System (Presents Current State of the Art in the Suitability of Fiber Optics for Multiterminal Data Communications).  
AD-A002 222
- \*CAMEIN, MADISON \* \* \*  
PROGRAM TO DEVELOP A 12 INCH DIAMETER FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE CATHODE RAY TUBE.  
AD-609 967
- 12 INCH DIAMETER CATHODE RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.  
AD-614 448
- 12" DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.  
AD-620 729
- 12" DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.  
AD-620 730
- 12 INCH DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE WITH FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.
- AD-636 807
- 12 IN. DIAMETER CATHODE-RAY TUBE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE.  
AD-824 489
- \*CHADWICK, R. B. \* \* \*  
Optical Fiber Links for Telecommunications. Part Two.  
AD-767 544
- \*CHANG, WILLIAM S. C. \* \* \*  
Coupling of Single-Mode Optical Fibers to GaAs Waveguides.  
AD-A046 284
- \*CHAVCHANIDZE, V. V. \* \* \*  
CERTAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF A FIBER OPTICS LASER.  
AD-684 670
- \*CHEN, B. \* \* \*  
Components for Single Strand Multimode Fiber Systems.  
AD-A047 315
- \*CHEN, BOR-UEI \* \* \*  
Diffusion Process for Formation of Single-Mode Waveguide.  
AD-A049 558
- \*CHING LI, PEI \* \* \*  
ULTRAVIOLET FIBER OPTICS FOR FIRE AND EXPLOSION DETECTION.  
AD-809 848
- \*CHURCHILL, R. A. \* \* \*  
Wideband Fiberoptic Analog Information Link.  
AD-867 695
- \*CLAPPER, ROY C. \* \* \*  
Light Interface Technology
- Improvement Investigation.  
AD-733 076
- \*COLE, HENRY B. \* \* \*  
Exploratory Development of Improved Optical Fiber Bundles.  
AD-881 276
- \*COLE, J. H. \* \* \*  
Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic Detection of Low Frequency Sound.  
AD-A040 382
- \*COLE, JAMES H. \* \* \*  
Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic Detection of Low Frequency Sound.  
AD-A059 241
- \*COTTEN, W. W. \* \* \*  
AN/TTC-38 Fiber-Optic Verification Study.  
AD-A058 236
- \*CROISANT, W. J. \* \* \*  
The Effects of Fast and Thermal Neutron Flux and Gamma Radiation on the Transmission Characteristics of Optical Fibers.  
AD-A042 429
- State of the Art in Fiber Optics Communications and Data Transfer.  
AD-A042 579
- \*CROSBY, J. K. \* \* \*  
OPTICAL PROBE TECHNIQUES.  
AD-611 944
- \*CULVER, WILLIAM H. \* \* \*  
Development of an Optical Fiber Video Data Link.  
AD-A025 220



DAL-FRA

UNCLASSIFIED

- \*DALGOUTTE, DAVID G. \* \* \*  
Fabrication of Linear Waveguides  
and Horn Shaped Coupling  
Structures.  
AD-A016 633
- \*DELAGEBEAUDEUF, D. \* \* \*  
REVUE TECHNIQUE THOMSON-CSF.  
VOLUME 1, NUMERO 3,  
AD- 700 891
- \*DENEKA, CHARLES W. \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRA-VIOLET  
TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 673 446
- \*DESAUTELS, JOHN E. \* \* \*  
Optical Fiber Image Evaluation  
Studies.  
AD- 869 699
- \*DIAMAND, F. \* \* \*  
REVUE TECHNIQUE THOMSON-CSF.  
VOLUME 1, NUMERO 3,  
AD- 700 891
- \*DIJAK, JEROME T. \* \* \*  
Simulated Lightning Test on the  
Navy Airborne Light Optical Fiber  
Technology (ALOFT) A-7 Aircraft.  
AD-A046 370
- \*DILLARD, GEORGE M. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics and Integrated Optics  
Techniques for Signal Processing.  
AD-A035 867
- \*DOERBECK, FRIEDRICH H. \* \* \*  
Modularized Fiber-Optic-Coupled  
Laser Arrays.  
AD- 903 811
- Fiber-Optic-Coupled LOC Injection-
- Laser Array for 8500 Angstroms Room-  
Temperature Emission.  
AD-A042 490
- \*DOZSA, JOHN R. \* \* \*  
MODEL II IMAGE DISSECTOR CAMERA  
SYSTEM.  
AD- 684 795
- \*DURNEY, CARL H. \* \* \*  
Liquid Crystal Fiber-optic  
Temperature Probe.  
AD-A014 655
- \*EASTLEY, R. A. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optic Sonobuoy Cable  
Development FY76. Electro-Optical  
Components for Data Transfer  
Between Deep Submerged Acoustic  
Sensors and Surface Buoys.  
AD-A046 171
- \*EASTLEY, RICHARD \* \* \*  
Fiber Optic Towed Array.  
AD-A002 249
- \*ELLIS, J. R. \* \* \*  
A-7 ALOFT Economic Analysis  
Development Concept.  
AD-A013 221
- Interim Progress Summary and  
Description of A-7 Aloft System.  
AD-A021 257
- \*ESTAPA, D. J. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics Design Aid Package.  
AD-A040 772
- \*ETTENSBERG, MICHAEL \* \* \*  
High-Speed Light-Emitting Diodes.  
AD-A018 757
- \*EVANS, B. D.
- Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic  
Waveguides.  
AD-A001 703
- \*EYGES, LEONARD \* \* \*  
Fiber Optic Guides of Noncircular  
Cross Section.  
AD-A057 776
- \*FLATH, FRANZ \* \* \*  
PHOTOELECTRIC PLETHYSMOGRAPHY USING  
FIBER OPTICS FOR APPLICATION IN  
THERMAL PHYSIOLOGY.  
AD- 637 173
- \*FONSTAD, CLIFTON G. \* \* \*  
Liquid Phase Epitaxy of GaAsSb on  
InP Substrates.  
AD-A052 291
- \*FOSMIRE, GEORGE R. \* \* \*  
Fabrication of Low-Loss Optical  
Waveguides by Post Deposition  
Microstructure Modification.  
AD-A022 069
- \*FOURNIER, G. R. \* \* \*  
LARGE-ANGLE DEFLECTION TECHNIQUE  
FOR LASER DISPLAY.  
AD- 624 099
- \*FRAYN, H. CLAIRE \* \* \*  
The CCS-280 Optical-Fiber Link  
Task.  
AD-A035 435
- \*FRAZIER, J. F. \* \* \*  
Research and Development on Ultra-  
Lightweight Low-Loss Optical Fiber  
Communication Cable.  
AD- 922 892
- Research and Development on Ultra-

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-4  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

FRE-HAL

- Light-Weight Low-loss Optical Fiber  
Communication Cable.  
AD-A015 017
- \*FREIBURGER, R. J. \* \* \*  
Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable  
Assemblies for Local Distribution  
Systems.  
AD-A040 717
- \*FREIBURGER, ROBERT J. \* \* \*  
300 Meter Sonobuoy Cable 500 Meter  
Tow Cable.  
AD-A035 107
- \*FRIEBELE, E. J. \* \* \*  
Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic  
Waveguides.  
AD-A001 703
- \*FRIEDRICH, H. R. \* \* \*  
Components for Single Strand  
Multimode Fiber Systems.  
AD-A047 315
- \*FULGHUM, STEPHEN F., JR \* \* \*  
Optical Fiber Links for  
Telecommunications. Part One,  
AD- 754 566
- \*GAFFNEY, WILLIAM MICHAEL \* \* \*  
A Theoretical Study of  
Fiberoptronics for Avionic  
Applications.  
AD-A019 859
- \*GALLAWAY, R. L. \* \* \*  
Design Curves for Optical Waveguide  
Digital Communication Systems.  
AD-A003 994
- \*GALLAWAY, ROBERT L. \* \* \*  
Optical Fiber Links for
- Telecommunications. Part Two.  
AD- 767 544
- \*GENNARO, ALBERT \* \* \*  
Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.  
AD-A051 791
- \*Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.  
AD-A053 657
- \*GIALLORENZI, T. G. \* \* \*  
Development of Optical Information  
Transfer Technology for Military  
Applications.  
AD- 747 946
- \*GIANINO, PETER D. \* \* \*  
Refractive Index Changes in Optical  
Fibers Subject to Diametral Stress.  
AD-A043 035
- \*GINTHER, R. J. \* \* \*  
Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic  
Waveguides.  
AD-A001 703
- \*GOETTELMAN, R. C. \* \* \*  
OPTICAL PROBE TECHNIQUES.  
AD- 611 944
- \*GOVER, A. \* \* \*  
Direct Transmission of Pictorial  
Information in Multimode Optical  
Fibers.  
AD-A027 937
- \*GREEN, EUGENE L. \* \* \*  
Signal Processing by Fiber Optical  
Modeling of an Acoustic Array,  
AD- 876 995
- \*GREENWELL, R. A. \* \* \*
- A-7 ALOFT Economic Analysis  
Development Concept.  
AD-A013 221
- A-7 ALOFT Life-Cycle Cost and  
Measures of Effectiveness Models.  
AD-A026 206
- Results of A-7 ALOFT 'Bottoms Up'  
Model and Weight Sensitivity  
Analysis.  
AD-A033 767
- A-7 Airborne Light Optical Fiber  
Technology (ALOFT) Demonstration  
Project.  
AD-A038 455
- Manufacturing Technology for Fiber  
Optic Bundle Cabling.  
AD-A058 954
- \*GRISCOM, D. L. \* \* \*  
Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic  
Waveguides.  
AD-A001 703
- \*GUY, HILLIARD, \* \* \*  
DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE  
MINIATURE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE  
CATHODE RAY TUBES.  
AD- 420 252
- \*GVATUA, SH. SH. \* \* \*  
CERTAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF A FIBER  
OPTICS LASER.  
AD- 684 670
- \*HAGGERTY, JOHN S. \* \* \*  
Growth and Characterization of  
Optical Waveguides for 10.6  
micrometer Light.  
AD-A005 635
- \*HALL, D. B. \* \* \*

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-5  
UNCLASSIFIED  
ZOM07

- Integrated Optical Circuits.  
AD- 757 342
- \*HAWANT, JAMES EDWARD \* \* \*  
Sapphire Fiber Transmission at  
Temperatures up to 1000 F.  
AD-A022 373
- \*HAMMER, J. M. \* \* \*  
Fiber-Optic Switch Study.  
AD-A023 034
- \*HANNA, DAVID W. \* \* \*  
Wavelength Division Multiplexing in  
Light Interface Technology.  
AD- 721 085
- \*HANSON, A. G. \* \* \*  
Optical Fiber Links for  
Telecommunications. Part Two.  
AD- 767 544
- \*HARA, ELMER H. \* \* \*  
The CCS-280 Optical-Fiber Link  
Task.  
AD-A035 435
- \*HARDER, R. D. \* \* \*  
A-7 Aloft Demonstration. Master  
Test Plan.  
AD-A013 193
- \* \* \*  
A-7 Airborne Light Optical Fiber  
Technology (ALOFT) Demonstration  
Project.  
AD-A038 455
- \*HARPER, ORVILLE R. \* \* \*  
An Experimental Analysis of New  
Ultraviolet Emitting Fiber Optic  
Faceplate Cathode Ray Tubes.  
AD- 755 509
- \*HARRIS, J. H. \* \* \*  
Optical Fibres, Integrated Optics  
PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-6  
UNCLASSIFIED Z0M07
- \* \* \*  
Fabrication of Linear Waveguides  
and Horn Shaped Coupling  
Structures.  
AD-A016 633
- \*HARRIS, ROBERT L. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics and Related  
Technology.  
AD- 917 450
- \*HART, D. A. \* \* \*  
Colloquium on Optical Fiber Cable,  
Institution of Electrical Engineers  
(U.K.).  
AD-A043 637
- \*HEINZMAN, HOMER W. \* \* \*  
Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber  
Optics as Applied to the SOSTEL  
(Solid State Electric Logic) Data  
Handling System.  
AD- 783 918
- \*HELMBRECHT, WALLACE F. \* \* \*  
The Impact of Wideband Multiplex  
Concepts on Microprocessor-Based  
Avionic System Architectures.  
AD-A057 878
- \*HERTZMANN, ALRICK B. \* \* \*  
PHOTOELECTRIC PLETHYSMOGRAPHY USING  
FIBER OPTICS FOR APPLICATION IN  
THERMAL PHYSIOLOGY.  
AD- 637 173
- \*HILLIARD, ROBERT C. \* \* \*  
DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE  
MINIATURE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE  
CATHODE RAY TUBES.  
AD- 428 822
- \*HODARA, M. \* \* \*  
Excitation of an Optical Fiber by a  
Gaussian Beam.
- and Their Military Applications.  
AD-A050 748
- \*HOLMA, G. \* \* \*  
ALOFT Fiber Optic Component Tests.  
AD-A024 302
- \*HOLMA, G. H. \* \* \*  
A-7 Airborne Light Optical Fiber  
Technology (ALOFT) Demonstration  
Project.  
AD-A038 455
- \*HOLMA, G. M. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optic Cable Hardware Test.  
AD- 774 714
- \* \* \*  
Manufacturing Technology for Fiber  
Optic Bundle Cabling.  
AD-A058 954
- \*HOPKINS, ETHAN C. \* \* \*  
Exploratory Development of Improved  
Optical Fiber Bundles.  
AD- 881 276
- \*HOWARD, E. A. \* \* \*  
Fiber-Optic Data Bus.  
AD- 782 661
- \*HUNT, BARRY R. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics and Integrated Optics  
Techniques for Signal Processing.  
AD-A035 867
- \*HUNT, JOHN L. \* \* \*  
Fiberoptic Bronchoscopy in Acute  
Inhalation Injury.  
AD-A016 541
- \*ITOH, TATSUO \* \* \*  
Excitation of an Optical Fiber by a  
Gaussian Beam.



UNCLASSIFIED

JAC-KND

AD-A004 019

\*JACOBSEN, ALFRED

New Developments in Fiber Optics.  
AD- 866 951

\*JANUSEK, LADISLAV

Fiber Optics for Optical Electron  
Tubes.  
AD- 861 175

\*JENSEN, E. DOUGLAS

The Impact of Wideband Multiplex  
Concepts on Microprocessor-Based  
Avionic System Architectures.  
AD-A057 878

\*JENSEN, S.

Components for Single Strand  
Multimode Fiber Systems.  
AD-A047 315

\*JOHNSON, CURTIS C.

Liquid Crystal Fiber-optic  
Temperature Probe.  
AD-A014 655

\*JOHNSON, L. M.

ALOFT Flight Test Report.  
AD-B025 099

\*JOHNSON, R. L.

Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber  
Optic Detection of Low Frequency  
Sound.  
AD-A040 382

\*JOHNSON, ROBERT L.

Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber  
Optic Detection of Low Frequency  
Sound.  
AD-A059 241

\*JOHNSON, RONALD L.

Life Cycle Costing of an Emerging  
Technology: The Fiber Optics Case.  
AD-A031 839

\*JOHNSON, RONALD LLOYD

The A-7 ALOFT Cost Model: A Study  
of High Technology Cost Estimating.  
AD-A021 913

\*JONES, CARL R.

Life Cycle Costing of an Emerging  
Technology: The Fiber Optics Case.  
AD-A031 839

\*JONES, J. R.

Fiber Optics Design Aid Package.  
AD-A040 772

\*KAPANY, N. S.

INFRARED FIBER OPTICS  
INVESTIGATIONS.  
AD- 601 572

LONG WAVELENGTH INFRARED FIBER

OPTICS.  
AD- 609 842

ROLE OF FIBER OPTICS IN

PHOTOGRAPHY.  
AD- 612 637

LONG WAVELENGTH INFRARED FIBER

OPTICS.  
AD- 612 902

FIBER OPTICS AND THE LASER,

AD- 627 456

DIFFRACTION AND COHERENCE PHENOMENA  
IN OPTICAL WAVEGUIDES.

AD- 705 250

WAVE PROPAGATION ALONG HOLLOW  
DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDES,

AD- 705 885

\* \* \*

THERMALLY INDUCED BEAT PHENOMENON  
IN COUPLED OPTICAL WAVEGUIDES,  
AD- 705 886

\*KAPANY, NARINDER S.

INFRARED FIBER OPTICS  
INVESTIGATION.  
AD- 425 416

\* \* \*

INFRARED FIBER OPTICS  
INVESTIGATION.  
AD- 425 492

\*KAYAMA, M.

Optical Fiber Links for  
Telecommunications. Part Two.  
AD- 767 544

\*KAZKAZ, ABDUL-GHAFFAR

Coupling between Rectangular  
Optical Waveguides.  
AD-A034 910

\*KECK, D. B.

Optimization of Optical Waveguides--  
Electro-Optic Studies.  
AD- 774 733

\*KHANEVICH, V. A.

CERTAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF A FIBER  
OPTICS LASER.  
AD- 684 670

\*KNOBLOCH, EARLE W.

Life Cycle Costing of an Emerging  
Technology: The Fiber Optics Case.  
AD-A031 839

\*KNOBLOCH, EARLE WILLIAM

The A-7 ALOFT Cost Model: A Study  
of High Technology Cost Estimating.  
AD-A021 913

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-7  
UNCLASSIFIED Z0M07

KOE-LIS

UNCLASSIFIED

\*KOESTER, CHARLES J. \* \* \*  
STUDY OF OPTICAL FIBER TECHNIQUES  
FOR DATA PROCESSING  
AD-299 007

\*KOHAN, CARLOS A. \* \* \*  
Optical Properties of Single Mode  
Rectangular Fibers.  
AD-A052 290

\*KOSMOS, G. \* \* \*  
The Effects of Contaminants on  
Fiber Optic Connector Radiation  
Patterns.  
AD-783 691

\*KRESSEL, H. \* \* \*  
Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate  
Communication.  
AD-A028 043

\*KRESSEL, HENRY \* \* \*  
Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate  
Communication.  
AD-A033 415

\*KRESSEL, HENRY \* \* \*  
High-Speed Light-Emitting Diodes.  
AD-A018 757

\*KRONENBERG, STANLEY \* \* \*  
Injection Laser for High Data Rate  
Communications.  
AD-A039 992

\*KRONENBERG, STANLEY \* \* \*  
Effect of Neutron- and Gamma-  
Radiation on Glass Optical  
Waveguides.  
AD-775 502

\*KUKHARSKII, R. N. \* \* \*  
Fiber-Optics Dosimeter for Civil  
Defense.  
AD-A047 853

CERTAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF A FIBER  
OPTICS LASER.  
AD-684 670

\*KUNG, K. Y. \* \* \*  
LIGHT TRANSMITTING CABLES.  
AD-637 064

\*LABERGE, N. L. \* \* \*  
Equilibrium Compressibilities and  
Density Fluctuations in K2O-SiO2  
Glasses.  
AD-767 146

\*LADANY, I. \* \* \*  
Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate  
Communication.  
AD-A028 043

\*LADANY, IVAN \* \* \*  
Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate  
Communication.  
AD-A033 415

\*LADANY, IVAN \* \* \*  
Injection Laser for High Data Rate  
Communications.  
AD-A039 992

\*LAM, P. C. \* \* \*  
State of the Art in Fiber Optics  
Communications and Data Transfer.  
AD-A042 579

\*LEBDUSKA, R. L. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optic Cable Hardware Test.  
AD-774 714

\*LEBDUSKA, ROBERT L. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optic Cable Test.  
AD-767 017

\*LEE, C. P. \* \* \*  
Direct Transmission of Pictorial

Information in Multimode Optical  
Fibers.  
AD-A027 937

\*LEICEAGA, PEDRO MACKINLAY \* \* \*  
Survey of Current Technology  
Related to Fiber Optics.  
AD-A052 653

\*LEONARD, JOHN WALLIS \* \* \*  
Fiber Optic and Laser Digital  
Pressure Transducers.  
AD-767 653

\*LEWIN, MORTON H. \* \* \*  
ADAPTIVE LOGIC ELEMENTS USING NON-  
GALVANIC MODIFYING INPUTS.  
AD-690 517

\*LEWIS, A. L. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics Data Bus System  
(Presents Current State of the Art  
in the Suitability of Fiber Optics  
for Multiterminal Data  
Communications).  
AD-A002 222

\*LI, P. C. \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD-670 079

\*LI, P. C. \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD-678 490

\*LINDSAY, THOMAS A. \* \* \*  
Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber  
Optic Digital Status Monitoring  
Devices.  
AD-A059 016

\*LISITSA, M. P. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics in Electron-Optical

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-8  
UNCLASSIFIED  
ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

LIT-MCC

- Systems.  
AD- 717 838
- \*LITOVITZ, T. A. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optic Waveguides by Molecular  
Stuffing.  
AD-A022 273
- \* \* \*  
Development of a Low Loss Optical  
Fiber with a Parabolic Profile.  
AD-A049 168
- \*MANLY, PETER L. \* \* \*  
A Star Scene Simulator for Test and  
Evaluation of Imaging Systems Used  
in Point- Source Detection.  
AD-A048 201
- \*MARCUS, D. H. \* \* \*  
Fiber-Optic Data Bus.  
AD- 782 661
- \*MARDIGUAIN, A. E. \* \* \*  
Preliminary Investigation of  
Mechanical Responses of Fiber  
Optics to Nuclear Radiation.  
AD-A041 264
- \*MAROM, E. \* \* \*  
Components for Single Strand  
Multimode Fiber Systems.  
AD-A047 315
- \*MARSHALL, GEORGE D. \* \* \*  
The Impact of Wideband Multiplex  
Concepts on Microprocessor-Based  
Avionic System Architectures.  
AD-A057 878
- \*MARTOCH, A. \* \* \*  
MEASURING THE PERMEABILITY OF  
FIBERS MADE FROM ARTIFICIAL MATTER  
(MERENI PROPUSTNOSTI VLAKEN Z  
UMELYCH HMOT).  
AD- 824 045
- \*MATSUMOTO, ROGER L. K. \* \* \*  
Laser-Waveguide Transition Coupling  
Structure Fabrication.  
AD-A015 318
- \* \* \*  
Fabrication of Special Waveguide  
Shapes and Mechanical Properties of  
Glass Fiber Waveguides.  
AD-A016 300
- \* \* \*  
Mechanical Properties of Glass  
Fiber Waveguides and Fabrication of  
Special Waveguide Shapes.  
AD-A016 301
- \*MATULKA, DONALD D. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics and Related  
Technology.  
AD- 917 450
- \*MAURER, R. D. \* \* \*  
Optimization of Optical Waveguides--  
Electro-Optic Studies.  
AD- 774 733
- \* \* \*  
Optimization of Optical Waveguides  
Strength Studies.  
AD- 777 118
- \*MAURER, ROBERT D. \* \* \*  
Effect of Neutron- and Gamma-  
Radiation on Glass Optical  
Waveguides.  
AD- 775 502
- \*MCCARTNEY, RONALD L. \* \* \*  
Connectors for Optical Fiber TDM  
Cables.  
AD-A047 055
- \*MCCORMACK, R. G. \* \* \*  
The Effects of Fast and Thermal  
Neutron Flux and Gamma Radiation on  
the Transmission Characteristics of  
Optical Fibers.  
AD-A042 429
- \* \* \*  
Systems.  
AD- 717 838
- \*LITOVITZ, T. A. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optic Waveguides by Molecular  
Stuffing.  
AD-A022 273
- \* \* \*  
Development of a Low Loss Optical  
Fiber with a Parabolic Profile.  
AD-A049 168
- \*LOCKHART, GARY MICHAEL \* \* \*  
A Video Bandwidth Communications  
System Utilizing Optical Fiber  
Transmission.  
AD- 775 013
- \*LORDS, JAMES L. \* \* \*  
Liquid Crystal Fiber-optic  
Temperature Probe.  
AD-A014 655
- \*LUDWIG, EDWARD D. \* \* \*  
Development of an Optical Fiber  
Video Data Link.  
AD-A025 220
- \*LUX, ROBERT A. \* \* \*  
Effect of Neutron- and Gamma-  
Radiation on Glass Optical  
Waveguides.  
AD- 775 502
- \*LYNCH, ROBERT J. \* \* \*  
Wavelength Division Multiplexing in  
Light Interface Technology.  
AD- 721 085
- \*MACEDO, P. B. \* \* \*  
Equilibrium Compressibilities and  
Density Fluctuations in K2O-SiO2  
Glasses.  
AD- 767 146

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-9  
UNCLASSIFIED Z0M07



State of the Art in Fiber Optics Communications and Data Transfer.  
AD-A042 579

Potential Uses of Fiber Optics in Army Fixed Facilities.  
AD-A057 956

\*MCCORMACK, RAY G.

Fiber Optic Communications Link Performance in EMP and Intense Light Transient Environments.  
AD-A032 126

\*MCDEVITT, F. R.

Optical Cable Communications Study.  
AD-A016 846

\*MCGRATH, JOHN M.

Life Cycle Costing of an Emerging Technology: The Fiber Optics Case.  
AD-A031 839

\*MCGRATH, JOHN MICHAEL

An Approach to the Estimation of Life Cycle Costs of a Fiber-Optic Application in Military Aircraft.  
AD-A019 379

\*MCKECHNIE, JOHN C.

Peri-Apollar 360 Degree Lens Distortion Free Linear Mapping.  
AD-A036 150

\*MEADOR, T.

ALOFT Fiber Optic Component Tests.  
AD-A024 302

\*MEADOR, T. A.

Evaluation of Multipoint Fiber-Optic Bundle Couplers.  
AD-A049 268

\*MICHNA, KENNETH R.

Life Cycle Costing of an Emerging Technology: The Fiber Optics Case.  
AD-A031 839

\*MICHNA, KENNETH RALPH

An Approach to the Estimation of Life Cycle Costs of a Fiber-Optic Application in Military Aircraft.  
AD-A019 379

\*MILLER, A.

Fiber-Optic Switch Study.  
AD-A023 034

\*MILLER, ALAN D.

Fabrication of Low-Loss Optical Waveguides by Post Deposition Microstructure Modification.  
AD-A022 069

\*MILLER, GLEN E.

Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber Optic Digital Status Monitoring Devices.  
AD-A059 016

\*MILLER, I. G.

MULTIPLE TAPPED PHOTOELASTIC DELAY LINE.  
AD- 609 579

\*MILLER, R. A.

Optimization of Optical Waveguides Strength Studies.  
AD- 777 118

Research and Development on Ultra-Lightweight Low-Loss Optical Fiber Communication Cable.  
AD- 922 892

Research and Development on Ultra-Light-Weight Low-Loss Optical Fiber Communication Cable.

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-10  
UNCLASSIFIED ZOM07

AD-A015 017

\*MILTON, A. F.

Development of Optical Information Transfer Technology for Military Applications.  
AD- 747 946

\*MITCHELL, GORDON L.

Laser-Waveguide Transition Coupling Structure Fabrication.  
AD-A015 318

Optical Coupler Development.

AD-A015 319

Fabrication of Special Waveguide Shapes and Mechanical Properties of Glass Fiber Waveguides.  
AD-A016 300

Mechanical Properties of Glass Fiber Waveguides and Fabrication of Special Waveguide Shapes.  
AD-A016 301

Optical Fiber Coupling and Strength Tests.  
AD-A023 491

Optical Properties of Single Mode Rectangular Fibers.  
AD-A052 290

\*MITTRA, RAJ

Excitation of an Optical Fiber by a Gaussian Beam.  
AD-A004 019

\*MOHR, R. K.

Fiber Optic Waveguides by Molecular Stuffing.  
AD-A022 273

Development of a Low Loss Optical Fiber with a Parabolic Profile.  
AD-A049 168

## UNCLASSIFIED

MON-PAT

- \*MONSEES, THOMAS L. \* \* \*  
Coupling of Single-Mode Optical  
Fibers to GaAs Waveguides.  
AD-A046 284
- \*MONTROSE, C. J. \* \* \*  
Equilibrium Compressibilities and  
Density Fluctuations in K2O-SiO2  
Glasses.  
AD-767 146
- \*Fiber Optic Waveguides by Molecular  
Stuffing.  
AD-A022 273
- \*MOORE, ROBERT S. \* \* \*  
DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE  
MINIATURE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE  
CATHODE RAY TUBES.  
AD-426 622
- \*MOSTAFAVI, MASOUD \* \* \*  
Excitation of an Optical Fiber by a  
Gaussian Beam.  
AD-A004 019
- \*MOULIN, M. \* \* \*  
REVUE TECHNIQUE THOMSON-CSF.  
VOLUME 1, NUMERO 3,  
AD-700 691
- \*MCYNIHAN, C. T. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optic Waveguides by Molecular  
Stuffing.  
AD-A022 273
- \*MUELLER, ANDREW A. \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRAVIOLET  
TRANSMISSION.  
AD-800 818
- \*FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRAVIOLET  
TRANSMISSION.  
AD-807 413
- \*MUMLADZE, V. V. \* \* \*  
CERTAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF A FIBER  
OPTICS LASER.  
AD-684 670
- \*MUSSELMAN, E. M. \* \* \*  
Development of an Image Isocon with  
Fiber Optics Faceplate.  
AD-843 963
- \*NEIL, C. C. \* \* \*  
Fiber-Optic Switch Study.  
AD-A023 034
- \*NELSON, ARTHUR R. \* \* \*  
Multiplexing and Filtering of  
Optical Signals.  
AD-A040 068
- \*Multiplexing and Filtering of  
Optical Signals.  
AD-A047 224
- \*NORIKANE, K. \* \* \*  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD-691 753
- \*OGAN, MICHAEL C. \* \* \*  
Design and Evaluation of Couplers  
for a Multimode Single Fiber  
Optical Data Bus.  
AD-A047 773
- \*OHLHABER, RONALD L. \* \* \*  
Optical Couplers for Fiber to  
Integrated Optics Systems.  
AD-A030 184
- \*OLSON, O. H. \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD-670 079
- \*ORSBORNE, MARGARET A. \* \* \*  
DETERMINATION OF THE ATTENUATION OF  
OPTICAL GLASS FIBRES.  
AD-713 262
- \*Determination of the Scattering  
Loss in Optical Glass Fibres,  
AD-720 937
- \*OSTERBERG, HAROLD \* \* \*  
OBSERVED DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDE MODES  
IN THE VISIBLE SPECTRUM.  
AD-673 366
- \*PAN, J. J. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics Communications Link  
Study.  
AD-A018 898
- \*PARENT, RICHARD D. \* \* \*  
Application of Fiber Optic  
Technology to Army Aircraft  
Systems.  
AD-8000 108
- \*PARKER, H. W. \* \* \*  
LARGE-ANGLE DEFLECTION TECHNIQUE  
FOR LASER DISPLAY.  
AD-624 099
- \*PATISAU, C. R. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics Design Aid Package.  
AD-A040 772
- \*AN/TTC-38 Fiber-Optic Verification  
Study.

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-11  
UNCLASSIFIED  
Z0M07

**UNCLASSIFIED**

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 644 963

AD- 644 963

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 646 856

AD- 646 856

CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 649 185

EMPLOYING FATHER OF TWO.  
AD- 649 185

\*POPPELBAUM, WOLFGANG J.  
\* \* \*  
Optobundle - A Unique Fiber Optic  
Multiplier,  
AD-A044 599

Optobundle - A Unique Fiber Optic  
Multiplier,  
AD-A044 599

**33**

**The Use of Fiber Optics for  
Oscilloscope External Triggering.**  
AD-742 677

**AD-742 677**

5 \*  
6 \*  
7 \*  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28  
29  
30  
31  
32  
33  
34  
35  
36  
37  
38  
39  
40  
41  
42  
43  
44  
45  
46  
47  
48  
49  
50  
51  
52  
53  
54  
55  
56  
57  
58  
59  
60  
61  
62  
63  
64  
65  
66  
67  
68  
69  
70  
71  
72  
73  
74  
75  
76  
77  
78  
79  
80  
81  
82  
83  
84  
85  
86  
87  
88  
89  
90  
91  
92  
93  
94  
95  
96  
97  
98  
99  
100  
101  
102  
103  
104  
105  
106  
107  
108  
109  
110  
111  
112  
113  
114  
115  
116  
117  
118  
119  
120  
121  
122  
123  
124  
125  
126  
127  
128  
129  
130  
131  
132  
133  
134  
135  
136  
137  
138  
139  
140  
141  
142  
143  
144  
145  
146  
147  
148  
149  
150  
151  
152  
153  
154  
155  
156  
157  
158  
159  
160  
161  
162  
163  
164  
165  
166  
167  
168  
169  
170  
171  
172  
173  
174  
175  
176  
177  
178  
179  
180  
181  
182  
183  
184  
185  
186  
187  
188  
189  
190  
191  
192  
193  
194  
195  
196  
197  
198  
199  
200  
201  
202  
203  
204  
205  
206  
207  
208  
209  
210  
211  
212  
213  
214  
215  
216  
217  
218  
219  
220  
221  
222  
223  
224  
225  
226  
227  
228  
229  
230  
231  
232  
233  
234  
235  
236  
237  
238  
239  
240  
241  
242  
243  
244  
245  
246  
247  
248  
249  
250  
251  
252  
253  
254  
255  
256  
257  
258  
259  
260  
261  
262  
263  
264  
265  
266  
267  
268  
269  
270  
271  
272  
273  
274  
275  
276  
277  
278  
279  
280  
281  
282  
283  
284  
285  
286  
287  
288  
289  
290  
291  
292  
293  
294  
295  
296  
297  
298  
299  
300  
301  
302  
303  
304  
305  
306  
307  
308  
309  
310  
311  
312  
313  
314  
315  
316  
317  
318  
319  
320  
321  
322  
323  
324  
325  
326  
327  
328  
329  
330  
331  
332  
333  
334  
335  
336  
337  
338  
339  
340  
341  
342  
343  
344  
345  
346  
347  
348  
349  
350  
351  
352  
353  
354  
355  
356  
357  
358  
359  
360  
361  
362  
363  
364  
365  
366  
367  
368  
369  
370  
371  
372  
373  
374  
375  
376  
377  
378  
379  
380  
381  
382  
383  
384  
385  
386  
387  
388  
389  
390  
391  
392  
393  
394  
395  
396  
397  
398  
399  
400  
401  
402  
403  
404  
405  
406  
407  
408  
409  
410  
411  
412  
413  
414  
415  
416  
417  
418  
419  
420  
421  
422  
423  
424  
425  
426  
427  
428  
429  
430  
431  
432  
433  
434  
435  
436  
437  
438  
439  
440  
441  
442  
443  
444  
445  
446  
447  
448  
449  
450  
451  
452  
453  
454  
455  
456  
457  
458  
459  
460  
461  
462  
463  
464  
465  
466  
467  
468  
469  
470  
471  
472  
473  
474  
475  
476  
477  
478  
479  
480  
481  
482  
483  
484  
485  
486  
487  
488  
489  
490  
491  
492  
493  
494  
495  
496  
497  
498  
499  
500  
501  
502  
503  
504  
505  
506  
507  
508  
509  
510  
511  
512  
513  
514  
515  
516  
517  
518  
519  
520  
521  
522  
523  
524  
525  
526  
527  
528  
529  
530  
531  
532  
533  
534  
535  
536  
537  
538  
539  
540  
541  
542  
543  
544  
545  
546  
547  
548  
549  
550  
551  
552  
553  
554  
555  
556  
557  
558  
559  
560  
561  
562  
563  
564  
565  
566  
567  
568  
569  
570  
571  
572  
573  
574  
575  
576  
577  
578  
579  
580  
581  
582  
583  
584  
585  
586  
587  
588  
589  
590  
591  
592  
593  
594  
595  
596  
597  
598  
599  
600  
601  
602  
603  
604  
605  
606  
607  
608  
609  
610  
611  
612  
613  
614  
615  
616  
617  
618  
619  
620  
621  
622  
623  
624  
625  
626  
627  
628  
629  
630  
631  
632  
633  
634  
635  
636  
637  
638  
639  
640  
641  
642  
643  
644  
645  
646  
647  
648  
649  
650  
651  
652  
653  
654  
655  
656  
657  
658  
659  
660  
661  
662  
663  
664  
665  
666  
667  
668  
669  
670  
671  
672  
673  
674  
675  
676  
677  
678  
679  
680  
681  
682  
683  
684  
685  
686  
687  
688  
689  
690  
691  
692  
693  
694  
695  
696  
697  
698  
699  
700  
701  
702  
703  
704  
705  
706  
707  
708  
709  
710  
711  
712  
713  
714  
715  
716  
717  
718  
719  
720  
721  
722  
723  
724  
725  
726  
727  
728  
729  
730  
731  
732  
733  
734  
735  
736  
737  
738  
739  
740  
741  
742  
743  
744  
745  
746  
747  
748  
749  
750  
751  
752  
753  
754  
755  
756  
757  
758  
759  
760  
761  
762  
763  
764  
765  
766  
767  
768  
769  
770  
771  
772  
773  
774  
775  
776  
777  
778  
779  
780  
781  
782  
783  
784  
785  
786  
787  
788  
789  
790  
791  
792  
793  
794  
795  
796  
797  
798  
799  
800  
801  
802  
803  
804  
805  
806  
807  
808  
809  
810  
811  
812  
813  
814  
815  
816  
817  
818  
819  
820  
821  
822  
823  
824  
825  
826  
827  
828  
829  
830  
831  
832  
833  
834  
835  
836  
837  
838  
839  
840  
841  
842

**Fiberoptic Bronchoscopy in Acute  
Inhalation Injury,  
AD-A016 541**

POCIELONSKI, JOSEPH, \* \* \*

**AD-755 509**  
**Faceplate Cathode Ray Tubes.**  
**Ultraviolet Emitting Fiber Optic**  
**On Experimental Analysis Of New**

Faceplate Cathode Ray Tubes.  
AD- 755 509

PUTNAM, W. H.

**Fiber-Optic Undersea Tow Cable  
Optical and Environmental Tests.**  
AD-A040 024

Optical and Environmental tests:  
AD-A040 024

RABINOVICH, V. A.  
\* \* \*  
FIBER-OPTIC DIGITAL POSITION

## FIBER-OPTIC DIGITAL POSITION

DETECTOR,  
AD- 654 651

\* \* \*

FEASIBILITY OF APPLYING FIRER

## FEASIBILITY OF APPLYING FIBER



UNCLASSIFIED

RAI-SCH

- TELEVISION METHODS.  
AD- 698 080
- \*RAITIERE, LOUIS P. \* \* \*  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION,  
VOLUME I.  
AD- 621 711
- \* \* \*  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION.  
VOLUME II, APPENDICES B AND C  
(SCHEMATICS).  
AD- 623 815
- \*RATE, EDWARD T. \* \* \*  
Design, Development, and  
Fabrication of an Eight Inch Remote  
View Display Cathode Ray Tube.  
AD- 729 399
- \*REED, T. L. \* \* \*  
Low Cost Fiber Optic Cable  
Assemblies for Local Distribution  
Systems.  
AD-A022 651
- \*REFERN, JOHN \* \* \*  
Fiber Optic Towed Array.  
AD-A002 249
- \*RICHTER, LOUIS J. \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH HIGH ULTRAVIOLET  
TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 708 579
- \*ROBBINS, WILLIAM L. \* \* \*  
Growth and Characterization of  
Optical Waveguides for 10.6  
micrometer Light.  
AD-A005 635
- \*ROBERT S. BARNETT. \* \* \*  
DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE  
MINIATURE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE  
CATHODE RAY TUBES.
- AD- 420 252
- \*ROSEN, ESTELLE \* \* \*  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION.  
VOLUME I. (BASIC AND APPENDICES A,  
B, AND C).  
AD- 673 444
- \* \* \*  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION.  
VOLUME II. (APPENDICES D, E, F, G,  
AND H).  
AD- 673 445
- \*ROSS, JAMES D. \* \* \*  
ALOFT Flight Test Report.  
AD-B025 099
- \*ROSS, JESSIE CLARENCE, JR \* \* \*  
A Wideband RF Application of Fiber  
Optics.  
AD- 781 867
- \*RYAN, CHARLES E. \* \* \*  
Topics in Optical Materials and  
Device Research.  
AD-A055 432
- \*SAFYULINA, S. S. \* \* \*  
FEASIBILITY OF APPLYING FIBER  
OPTICS IN LINEAR MEASUREMENTS BY  
TELEVISION METHODS.  
AD- 698 080
- \*SAHR, LOUIS E. \* \* \*  
Optical Fiber Image Evaluation  
Studies.  
AD- 869 699
- \*SAM, MOORE AND \* \* \*  
DESIGN, DEVELOP AND FABRICATE  
MINIATURE, FIBER OPTIC FACEPLATE  
CATHODE RAY TUBES.  
AD- 420 252
- \*SANTONE, URBAN H. \* \* \*  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION.  
VOLUME I. (BASIC AND APPENDICES A,  
B, AND C).  
AD- 673 444
- \* \* \*  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION.  
VOLUME II. (APPENDICES D, E, F, G,  
AND H).  
AD- 673 445
- \*SANTONE, URBAN H., JR \* \* \*  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION,  
VOLUME I.  
AD- 621 711
- \* \* \*  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION.  
VOLUME II, APPENDICES B AND C  
(SCHEMATICS).  
AD- 623 815
- \*SATTAROV, D. K. \* \* \*  
CHARACTERISTICS OF RADIATION  
PROPAGATION THROUGH A FIBER-OPTIC  
ELEMENT.  
AD- 694 581
- \*SATYSHUR, M. P. \* \* \*  
Acoustically Induced Phase and  
Intensity Modulation in Optical  
Fibers.  
AD-A058 694
- \*SAWATARI, T. \* \* \*  
WAVE PROPAGATION ALONG HOLLOW  
DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDES,  
AD- 705 885
- \* \* \*  
THERMALLY INDUCED BEAT PHENOMENON  
IN COUPLED OPTICAL WAVEGUIDES,  
AD- 705 886
- \*SCHIEL, ERNST J. \* \* \*  
Effect of Neutron- and Gamma-  
Radiation on Glass Optical

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-13  
UNCLASSIFIED  
ZOM07

- Waveguides.  
AD- 775 502
- \*SCHWAB, R. \* \* \*  
CONTINUOUS FACSIMILE SCANNER  
EMPLOYING FIBER OPTICS.  
AD- 691 753
- \*SCHWARTZ, M. A. \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 670 079
- \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 678 490
- \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 686 338
- \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 693 259
- \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 698 489
- \* \* \*  
FIBER OPTICS WITH EXTENDED  
ULTRAVIOLET TRANSMISSION.  
AD- 704 322
- \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics with Extended  
Ultraviolet Transmission.  
AD- 736 514
- \*SCOTT, WILLIAM D. \* \* \*  
Fabrication of Special Waveguide  
Shapes and Mechanical Properties of  
Glass Fiber Waveguides.  
AD-A016 300
- \* \* \*  
Mechanical Properties of Glass  
Fiber Waveguides and Fabrication of  
Special Waveguide Shapes.  
AD-A016 301
- Fiber Strength.  
AD-A017 720
- Optical Fiber Coupling and Strength  
Tests.  
AD-A023 491
- \*SHIPLEY, R. G. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics Cost Analysis Program  
(FOCAP).  
AD-A049 859
- \*SIEBENTRITT, CARL \* \* \*  
Fiber-Optics Dosimeter for Civil  
Defense.  
AD-A047 853
- \*SIEBER, D. C. \* \* \*  
The Effects of Fast and Thermal  
Neutron Flux and Gamma Radiation on  
the Transmission Characteristics of  
Optical Fibers.  
AD-A042 429
- \*SIEBER, DAVID C. \* \* \*  
Fiber Optic Communications Link  
Performance in EMP and Intense  
Light Transient Environments.  
AD-A032 126
- \*SIEGMUND, WALTER P. \* \* \*  
Exploratory Development of Improved  
Optical Fiber Bundles.  
AD- 881 276
- \*SIGEL, G. H., JR. \* \* \*  
Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic  
Waveguides.  
AD- 770 850
- \* \* \*  
Radiation Effects in Fiber Optic  
Waveguides.  
AD-A001 703
- \*SIGEL, GEORGE H., JR. \* \* \*
- Fiber Optics for Naval  
Applications: An Assessment of  
Present and Near-Term Capabilities.  
AD-A032 465
- \*SIMMS, R. J. \* \* \*  
INFRARED FIBER OPTICS  
INVESTIGATION.  
AD- 425 416
- \* \* \*  
INFRARED FIBER OPTICS  
INVESTIGATIONS.  
AD- 601 572
- \* \* \*  
LONG WAVELENGTH INFRARED FIBER  
OPTICS.  
AD- 609 842
- \* \* \*  
LONG WAVELENGTH INFRARED FIBER  
OPTICS.  
AD- 612 902
- \*SLAYTON, I. B. \* \* \*  
Optical Cable Communications Study.  
AD-A016 846
- \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics Communications Link  
Study.  
AD-A018 898
- \* \* \*  
Fiber Optics Design Aid Package.  
AD-A040 772
- \*SMILEY, VERN N. \* \* \*  
Optical Fibers, Integrated Optics  
and Their Military Applications,  
London, England, 16-20 May 1977.  
AD-A045 704
- \*SMITH, D. D. \* \* \*  
Optimization of Optical Waveguides  
Strength Studies.  
AD- 777 118
- \*SMITH, LUTHER W. \* \* \*

## UNCLASSIFIED

SMI-TRO

Signal Processing by Fiber Optical  
Modeling of an Acoustic Array.  
AD- 876 995

\*SMITH, ROBERT B. \* \* \*

Fabrication of Linear Waveguides  
and Horn Shaped Coupling  
Structures.  
AD-A016 633

The Parabolic Cylinder Functions of  
Miller's Second Kind for Complex  
Parameter.  
AD-A025 314

\*SNITZER, ELIAS \* \* \*

FIBER OPTIC LASER.  
AD- 605 431

OBSERVED DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDE MODES  
IN THE VISIBLE SPECTRUM.  
AD- 673 366

CYLINDRICAL DIELECTRIC WAVEGUIDE  
MODES.  
AD- 674 600

Signal Processing by Fiber Optical  
Modeling of an Acoustic Array.  
AD- 876 995

\*SODA, KENNETH J. \* \* \*

Preliminary Investigation of  
Mechanical Responses of Fiber  
Optics to Nuclear Radiation.  
AD-A041 264

\*SOPORI, BHUSHAN L. \* \* \*

Coupling of Single-Mode Optical  
Fibers to GaAs Waveguides.  
AD-A046 284

\*SPEER, R. S. \* \* \*

Fiber Optic Led.  
AD-A010 356

\*SPRINGFIELD, RONALD L. \* \* \*

Fabrication Techniques for Fiber  
Optic Fine Control Elements.  
AD-A021 885

\*STECHER, KARL, JR. \* \* \*

AN IMPROVED TECHNIQUE FOR OBTAINING  
CORTICAL PHOTOELECTRIC  
PLETHYSMOGRAMS.  
AD- 650 421

\*STEWART, L. L. \* \* \*

Optoelectronic Data Bus.  
AD- 914 009

\*STIGLIANI, DANIEL J., JR. \* \* \*

Wavelength Division Multiplexing in  
Light Interface Technology.  
AD- 721 085

Light Interface Technology  
Improvement Investigation.  
AD- 733 076

\*STOCKTON, THOMAS E. \* \* \*

Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.  
AD-A038 678

Injection Laser Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.  
AD-A040 481

Light Emitting Diodes for Fiber  
Optic Communications.  
AD-A040 660

\*STOJANOFF, CHRISTO G. \* \* \*

A TRANSIENT FIBER OPTICS PROBE FOR  
SPACE RESOLVED DIAGNOSTICS OF DENSE  
PLASMAS.  
AD- 650 234

\*STOLT, ROBERT DEAN \* \* \*

Wide Band Analog Signal Propagation  
in a Fiber Optic System.  
AD- 775 017

\*STUPKOVA, A. \* \* \*

MEASURING THE PERMEABILITY OF  
FIBERS MADE FROM ARTIFICIAL MATTER  
(MERENI PROPUSTNOSTI VLAKEN Z  
UMELYCH HMOT).  
AD- 824 045

\*TAYLOR, H. F. \* \* \*

Transfer of Information on Naval  
Vessels via Fiber Optics  
Transmission Lines.  
AD- 736 613

Fiber Optics Data Bus System  
(Presents Current State of the Art  
in the Suitability of Fiber Optics  
for Multiterminal Data  
Communications).  
AD-A002 222

\*TAYLOR, HENRY \* \* \*

Fiber Optic Towed Array.  
AD-A002 249

\*TAYLOR, HENRY F. \* \* \*

Fiber Optics and Integrated Optics  
Techniques for Signal Processing.  
AD-A035 867

\*TIEN, TRAN DUC \* \* \*

REVUE TECHNIQUE THOMSON-CSF.  
VOLUME 1, NUMERO 3,  
AD- 700 891

\*TODD, B. J. \* \* \*

Optimization of Optical Waveguides--  
Electro-Optic Studies.  
AD- 774 733

\*TRONDSEN, J. C. \* \* \*



TSA-WIT

UNCLASSIFIED

Optimization of Optical Waveguides  
Strength Studies.  
AD- 777 118

\*TSAI, CHEN S. \* \* \*

Thin-Film Acoustooptic Devices with  
Applications to Integrated/Fiber  
Optic Signal Processing and  
Communications.  
AD-A052 949

\*TUCKER, CHARLES T. \* \* \*

Feasibility Study of a Fiber Optics  
Plotter. Volume I. Technical  
Aspects.  
AD-A046 843

\*TUCKER, J. C. \* \* \*

Preliminary Investigation of  
Mechanical Responses of Fiber  
Optics to Nuclear Radiation.  
AD-A041 264

\*TURNAGE, W. TOM \* \* \*

Feasibility Demonstration of Fiber  
Optics as Applied to the SOSTEL  
(Solid State Electric Logic) Data  
Handling System.  
AD- 783 918

\*ULRICH, R. R. \* \* \*

Fiber Optic Seals: A Portable  
System for Field Use in  
International Safeguards and Arms  
Control Applications.  
AD- 732 851

\* \* \*

Fiber Optic Seals: Improved Seal  
Assemblies and Inspection Equipment  
for Field Use in International  
Safeguards and Arms Control  
Applications.  
AD- 785 540

\* \* \*

Fiber Optic Seals: Glass and  
Plastic Fiber Optic Safing Systems

for International Safeguards and  
Arms Control Applications.  
AD-A019 898

\* \* \*

Fiber Optic Safeguards Sealing  
System.  
AD-A052 312

\*USLENGHI, PIERGIORGIO L. E. \* \* \*

Coupling between Rectangular  
Optical Waveguides.  
AD-A034 910

\*VALAKH, M. YA. \* \* \*

Fiber Optics in Electron-Optical  
Systems.  
AD- 717 838

\*VASILESCU, V. V. \* \* \*

Equilibrium Compressibilities and  
Density Fluctuations in K2O-SiO2  
Glasses.  
AD- 767 146

\*VORONOVA, L. I. \* \* \*

FEASIBILITY OF APPLYING FIBER  
OPTICS IN LINEAR MEASUREMENTS BY  
TELEVISION METHODS.  
AD- 698 080

\*WALL, JAMES A. \* \* \*

Radiation Effects on Fiber Optics.  
AD-A013 786

\*WARREN, R. E. \* \* \*

Fiber Optics and Related  
Technology.  
AD- 917 450

\*WASHBURN, CLAYTON A. \* \* \*

WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION.  
VOLUME I. (BASIC AND APPENDICES A,  
B, AND C).  
AD- 673 444

\* \* \*  
WIDE ANGLE TELEVISION PROJECTION.  
VOLUME II. (APPENDICES D, E, F, G,  
AND H).  
AD- 673 445

\*WATANABE, AKIRA \* \* \*

The CCS-280 Optical-Fiber Link  
Task.  
AD-A035 435

\*WENDT, G. \* \* \*

REVUE TECHNIQUE THOMSON-CSF.  
VOLUME 1, NUMERO 3,  
AD- 700 891

\*WHITE, JAMES A. \* \* \*

The Impact of Wideband Multiplex  
Concepts on Microprocessor-Based  
Avionic System Architectures.  
AD-A057 878

\*WIENSCH, RONALD E. \* \* \*

A Star Scene Simulator for Test and  
Evaluation of Imaging Systems Used  
in Point- Source Detection.  
AD-A048 201

\*WILCOX, R. E. \* \* \*

DIFFRACTION BY FIBER MOSAICS,  
AD- 655 751

\*WILLE, D. A. \* \* \*

Fiber Optics and Related  
Technology.  
AD- 917 450

\*WILLIAMS, ARNOLD C. \* \* \*

Optical Fiber Image Evaluation  
Studies.  
AD- 869 699

\*WITKE, J. P. \* \* \*

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-16  
UNCLASSIFIED Z0M07

UNCLASSIFIED

WIT-ZHU

- Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate  
Communication.  
AD-A028 043      \* \* \*
- Injection Laser for High-Data-Rate  
Communication.  
AD-A033 415      \* \* \*
- \*WITKE, JAMES P.      \* \* \*
- High-Speed Light-Emitting Diodes.  
AD-A018 757      \* \* \*
- Injection Laser for High Data Rate  
Communications.  
AD-A039 992      \* \* \*
- \*WU, CHIN T.      \* \* \*
- ADAPTIVE LOGIC ELEMENTS USING NON-  
GALVANIC MODIFYING INPUTS.  
AD- 690 517      \* \* \*
- \*WYATT, J. C.      \* \* \*
- AN/TTC-38 Fiber-Optic Verification  
Study.  
AD-A058 236      \* \* \*
- \*XYDES, CHRIST J.      \* \* \*
- Optobundle - A Unique Fiber Optic  
Multiplier.  
AD-A044 599      \* \* \*
- \*YARIV, A.      \* \* \*
- Direct Transmission of Pictorial  
Information in Multimode Optical  
Fibers.  
AD-A027 937      \* \* \*
- \*YARIV, AMNON      \* \* \*
- On Transmission and Recovery of  
Three-Dimensional Image Information  
in Optical Waveguides.  
AD-A027 747      \* \* \*
- Three-Dimensional Pictorial  
Transmission in Optical Fibers.      \* \* \*
- AD-A034 616      \* \* \*
- \*YEE, SINCLAIR S.      \* \* \*
- Optical Properties of Single Mode  
Rectangular Fibers.  
AD-A052 290      \* \* \*
- \*YEH, C.      \* \* \*
- Guided Waves Along Non-Circular  
Fibers.  
AD- 734 015      \* \* \*
- Theoretical Studies of Fiber  
Optical Waveguides and Integrated  
Optical Circuits.  
AD-A035 643      \* \* \*
- \*YUKON, STANFORD P.      \* \* \*
- Topics in Optical Materials and  
Device Research.  
AD-A055 432      \* \* \*
- \*ZATOKA, L. I.      \* \* \*
- FEASIBILITY OF APPLYING FIBER  
OPTICS IN LINEAR MEASUREMENTS BY  
TELEVISION METHODS.  
AD- 698 080      \* \* \*
- \*ZELON, C. C.      \* \* \*
- Fiber Optics Cost Analysis Program  
(FOCAP).  
AD-A049 859      \* \* \*
- \*ZHURAVLEVA, N. V.      \* \* \*
- FEASIBILITY OF APPLYING FIBER  
OPTICS IN LINEAR MEASUREMENTS BY  
TELEVISION METHODS.  
AD- 698 080      \* \* \*

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-17  
UNCLASSIFIED      ZOM07